

Rice Global E&C Forum

August 9, 2013

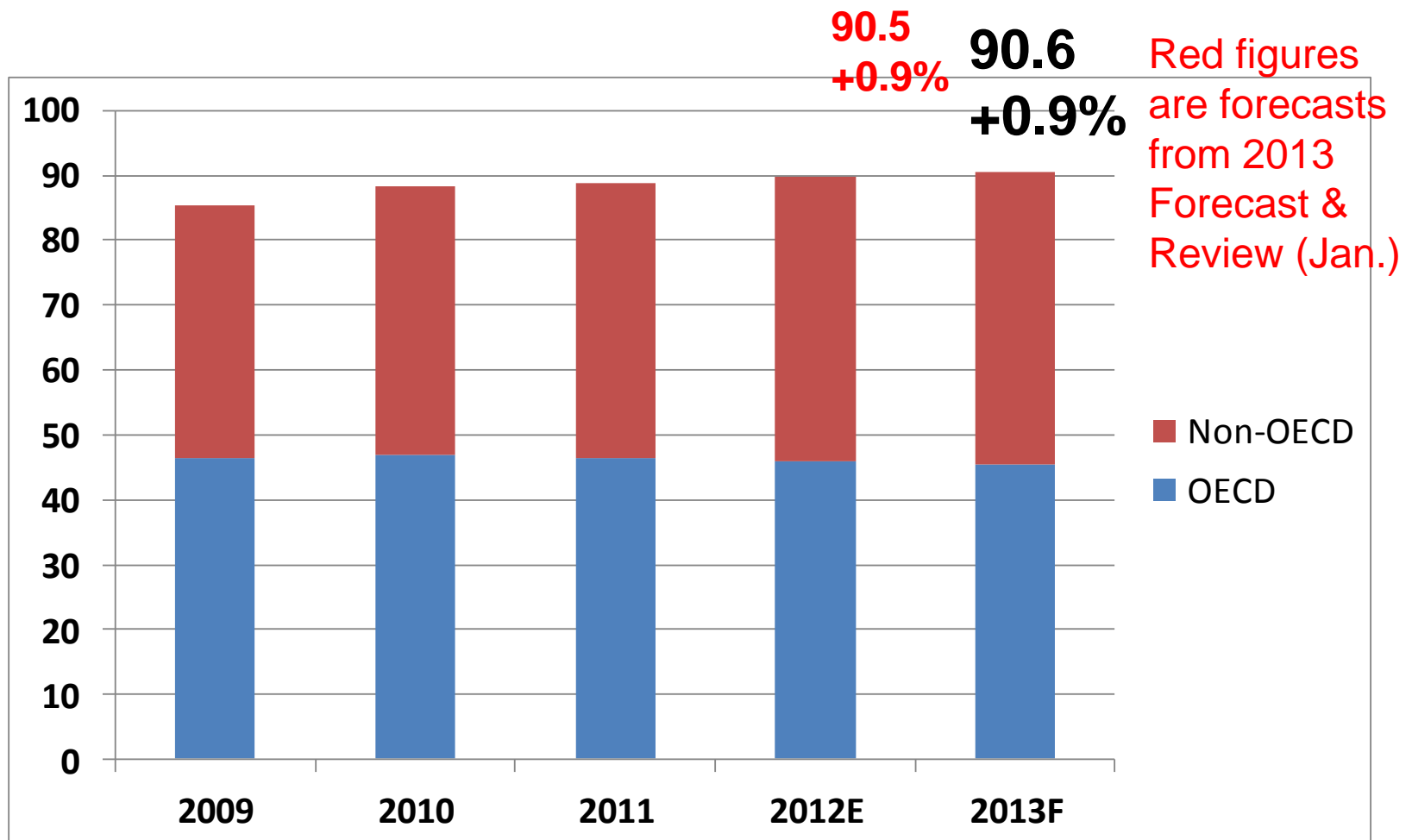
# **OGJ Midyear Forecast**

## **Bob Tippee, Editor**

# OGJ's special reports used here

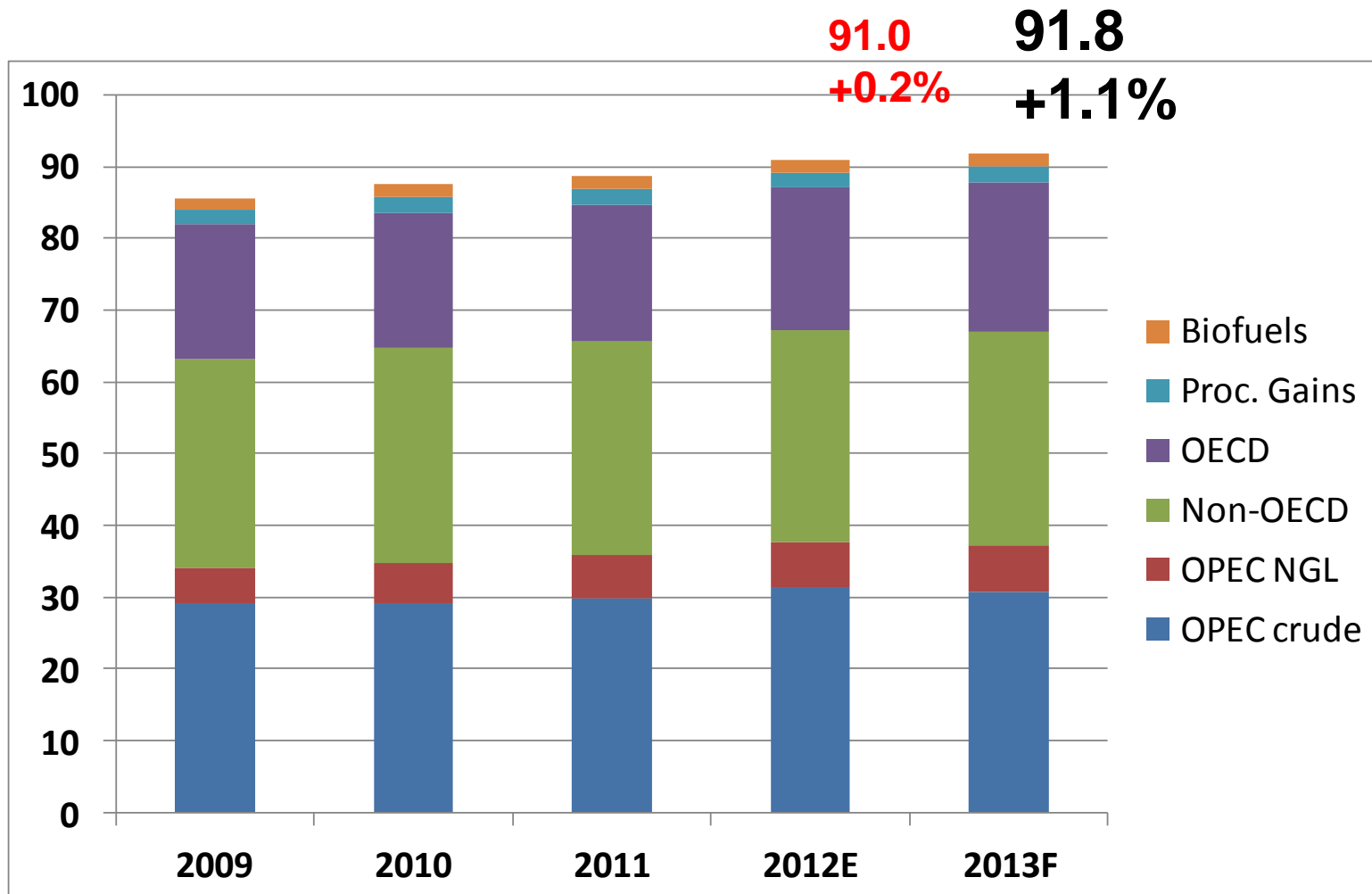
- Midyear Forecast: July 1, 2013
  - Conglin Xu, Senior Editor-Economics
  - Laura Bell, Statistics Editor
  - Alan Petzet, Chief Editor-Exploration
- Forecast & Review: Jan. 7, 2013
- Worldwide Gas Processing: June 3, 2013
  - Warren R. True, Chief Technology Editor
- Worldwide Pipeline Construction: Feb. 4, 2013
  - Christopher Smith, Senior Technology Editor

# Global oil demand (MMbd)



Source: IEA

# Global oil supply (MMbd)



Source: IEA; OGJ estimates for OPEC crude, 2013

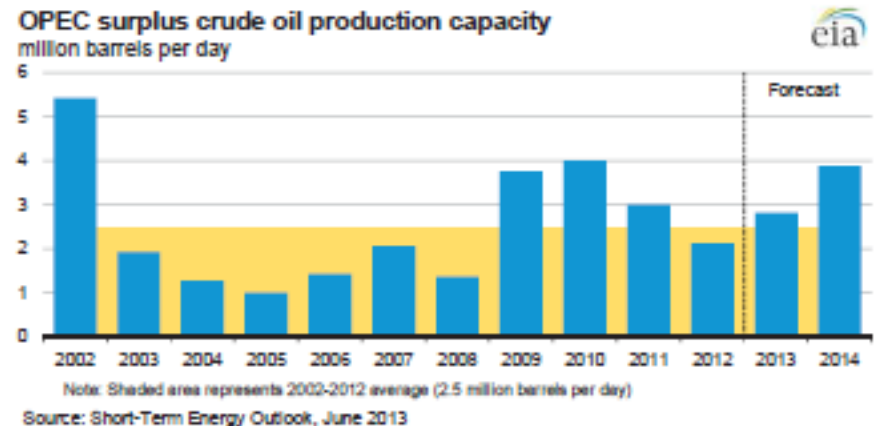
# The call on OPEC crude (MMbd)

	2013	2012	2013 F&R:
Demand	90.6	89.8	90.5
Less non-OPEC supply	54.5	53.4	54.2
Less OPEC NGL	6.6	6.3	6.5
Equals zero stock-change call on OPEC	29.5	30.1	29.8
Plus/minus stock change (OGJ)	+1.2	+1.3	+0.5
Equals call on OPEC crude (OGJ)	30.7	31.4	30.3

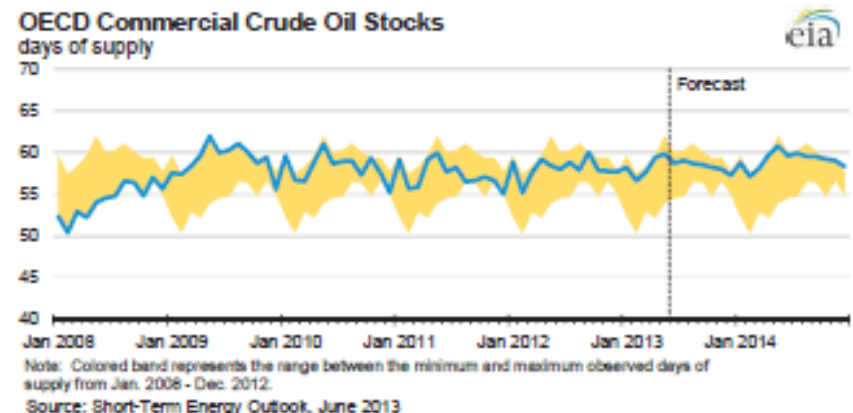
OPEC crude: 1Q13: 30.4 MMbd; 4Q12: 30.7 MMbd.

# The market's 'cushions' (EIA)

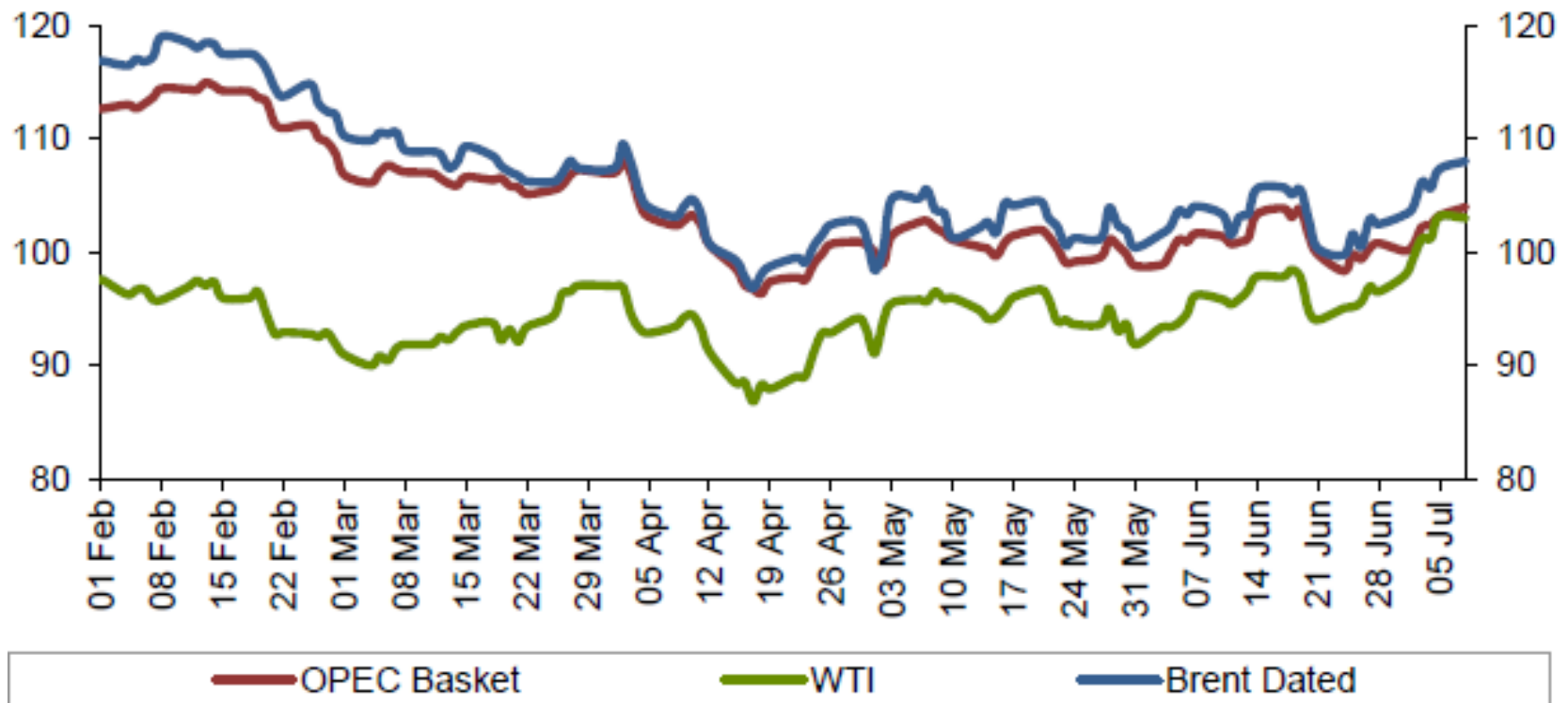
**OPEC spare production capacity (MMbd)**



**OECD commercial crude oil stocks (days' supply)**

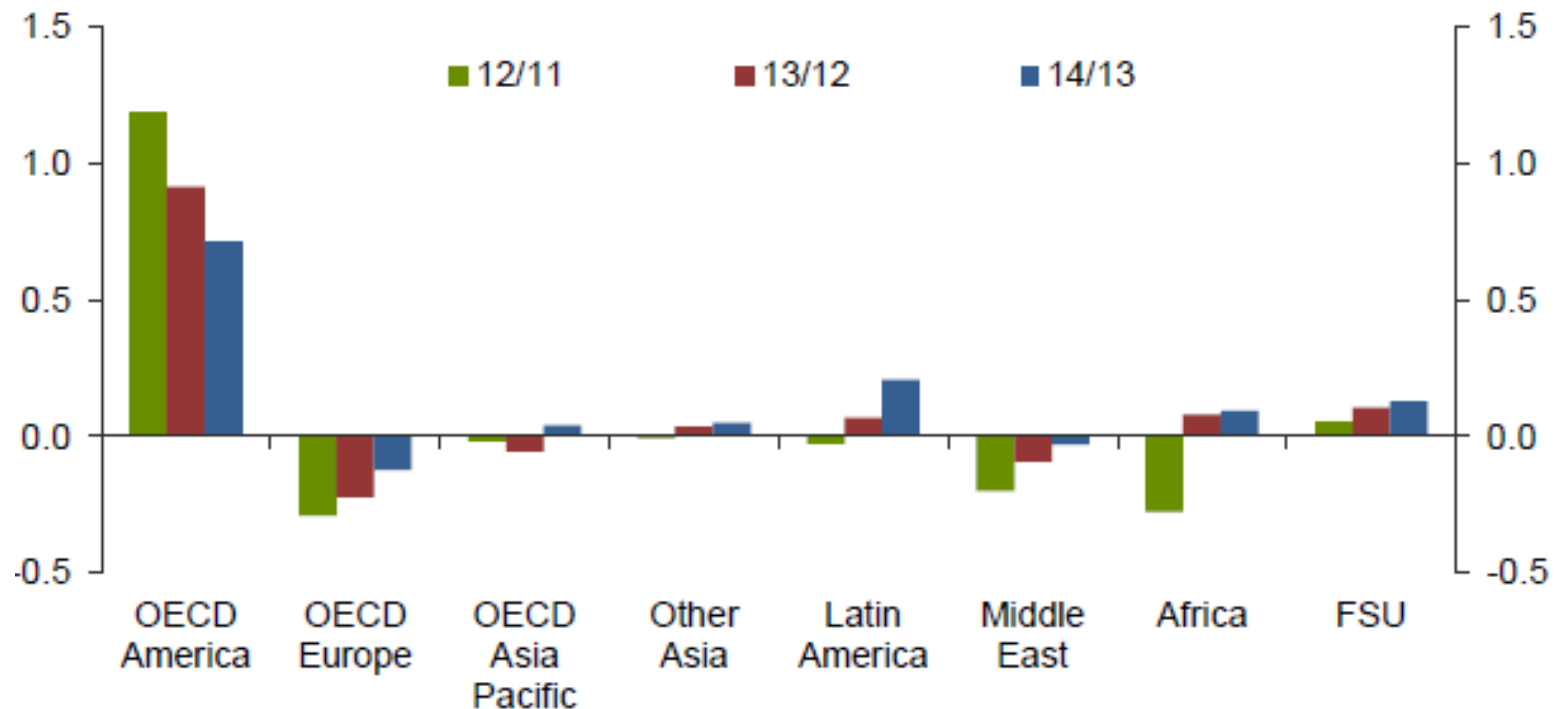


# Crude oil prices in 2013 (\$/bbl)



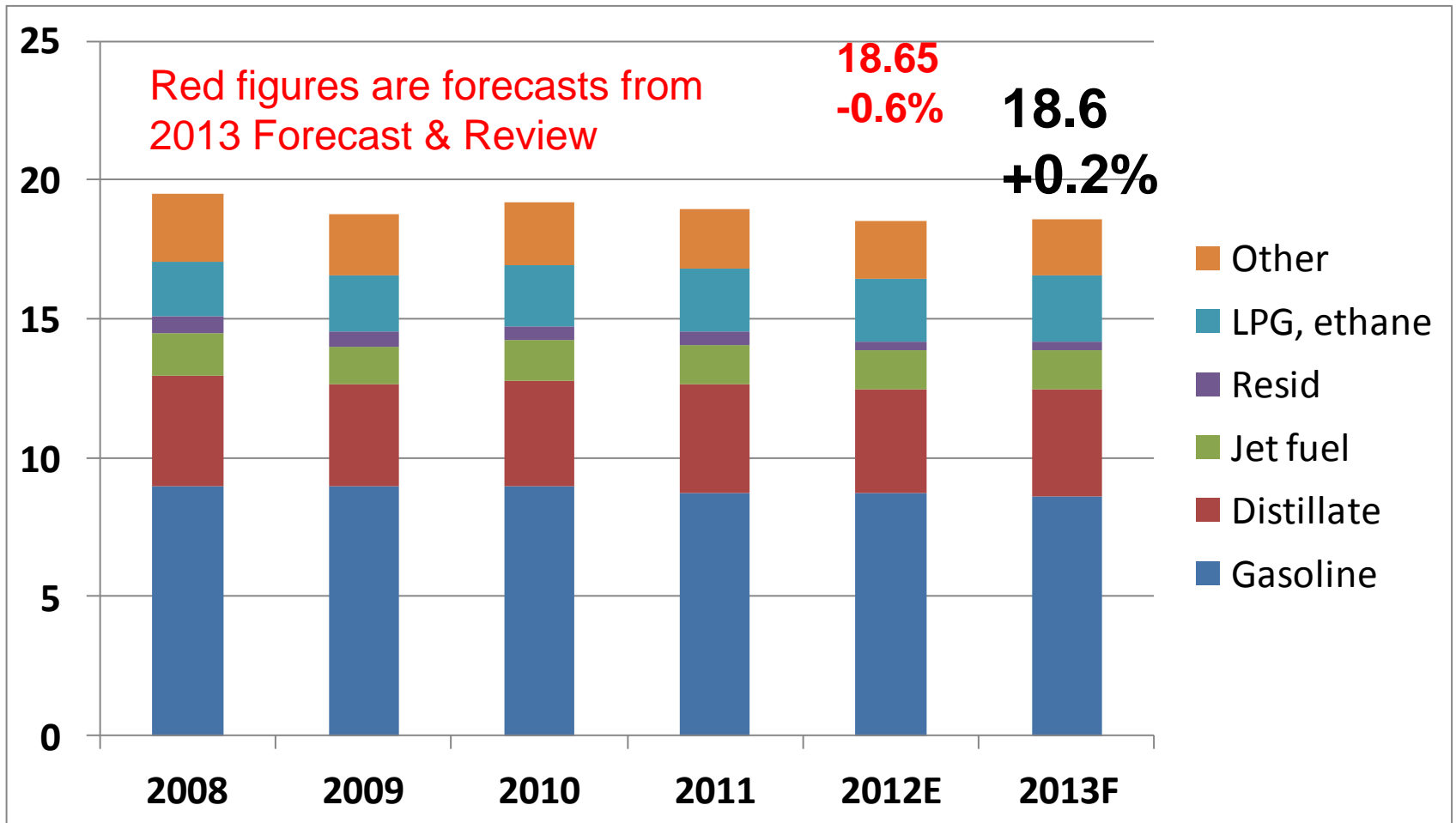
Source: OPEC Monthly Oil Market Report, July 2013

# Non-OPEC supply growth (MMbd)



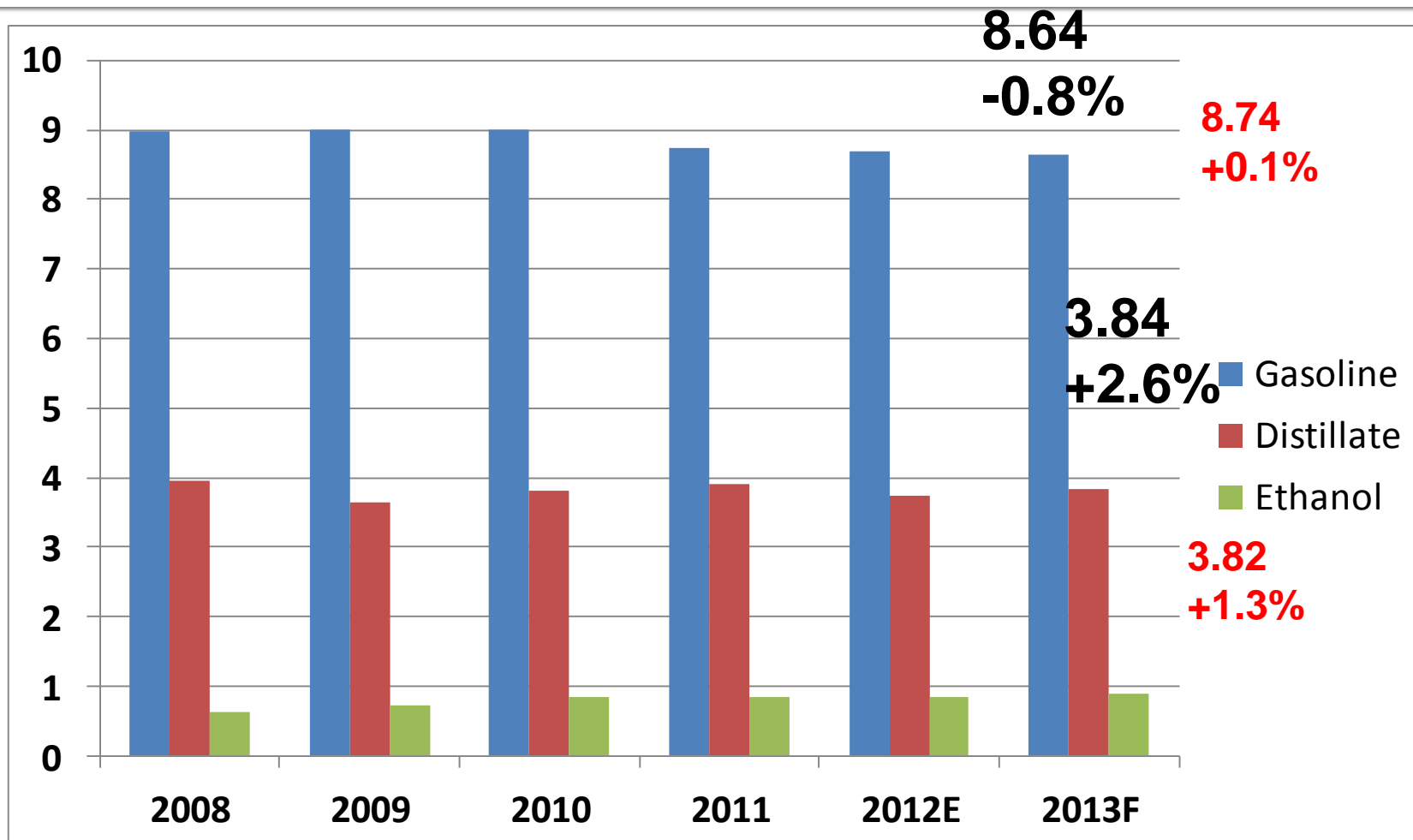
Source: OPEC Monthly Oil Market Report, July 2013

# US oil product demand (MMbd)



Source: EIA for 2008-13; OGJ estimates for 2013.

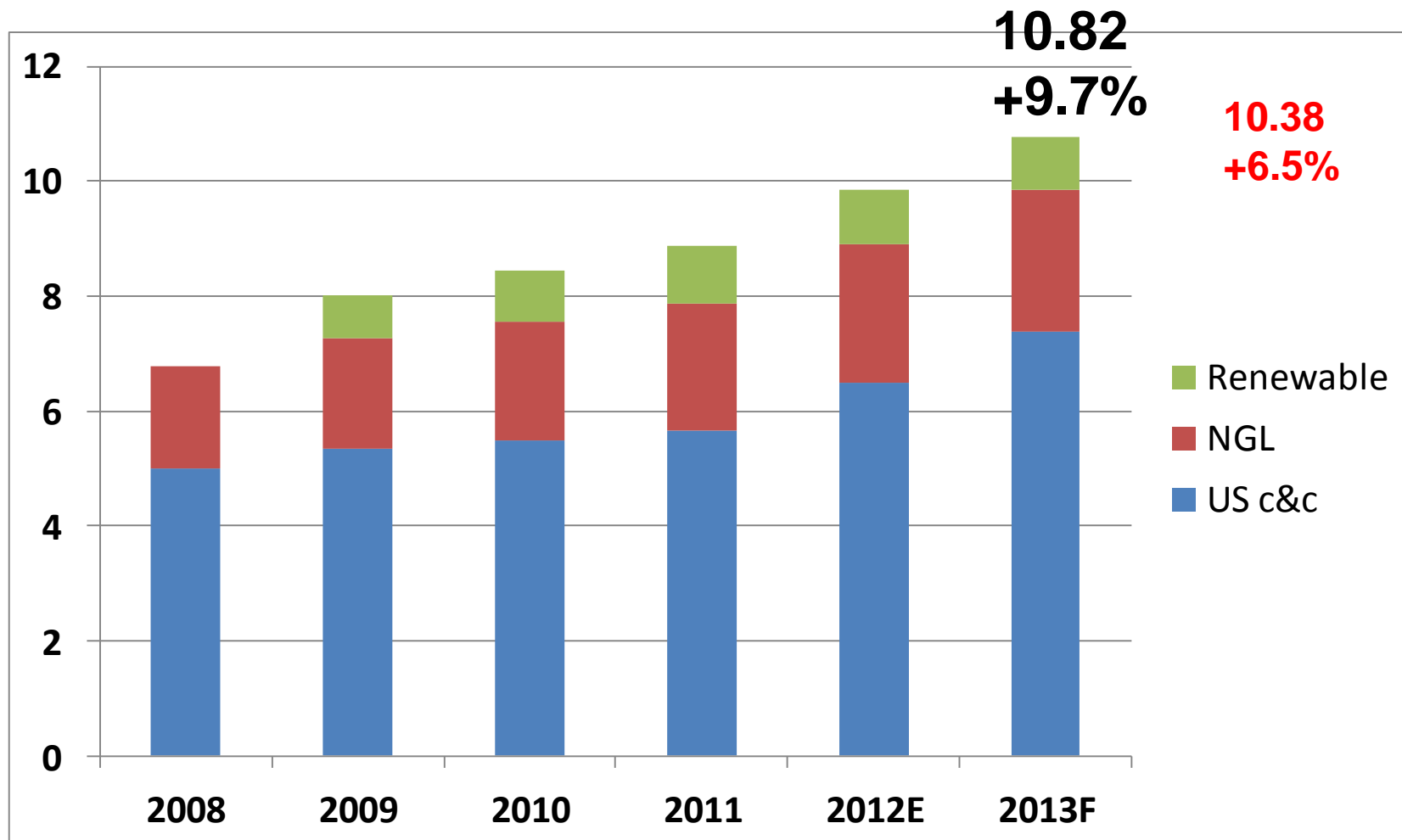
# US transport fuels (MMbd)



Source: EIA for 2008-12; OGJ for 2013

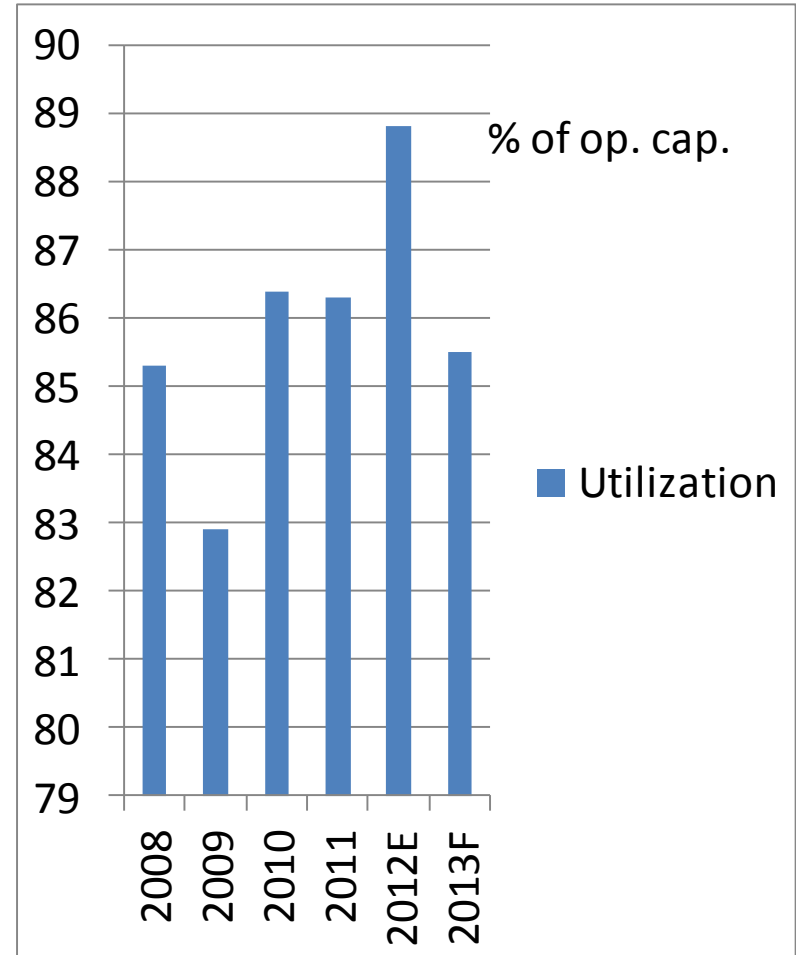
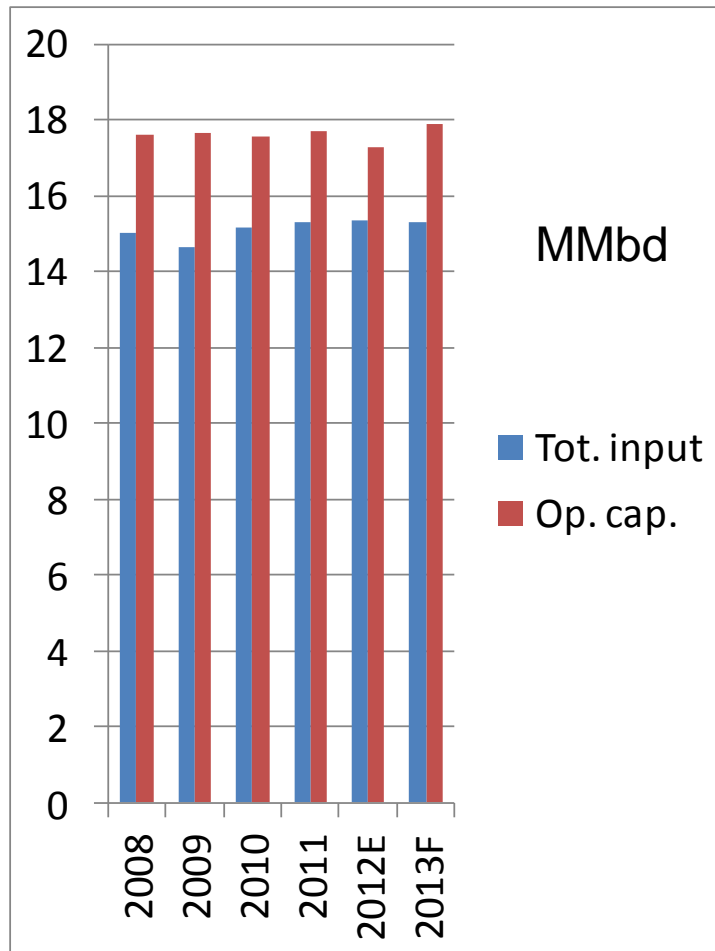
Note: Gasoline includes ethanol. About 90% of distillate is 15 ppm S or below.

# US liquids supply (MMbd)



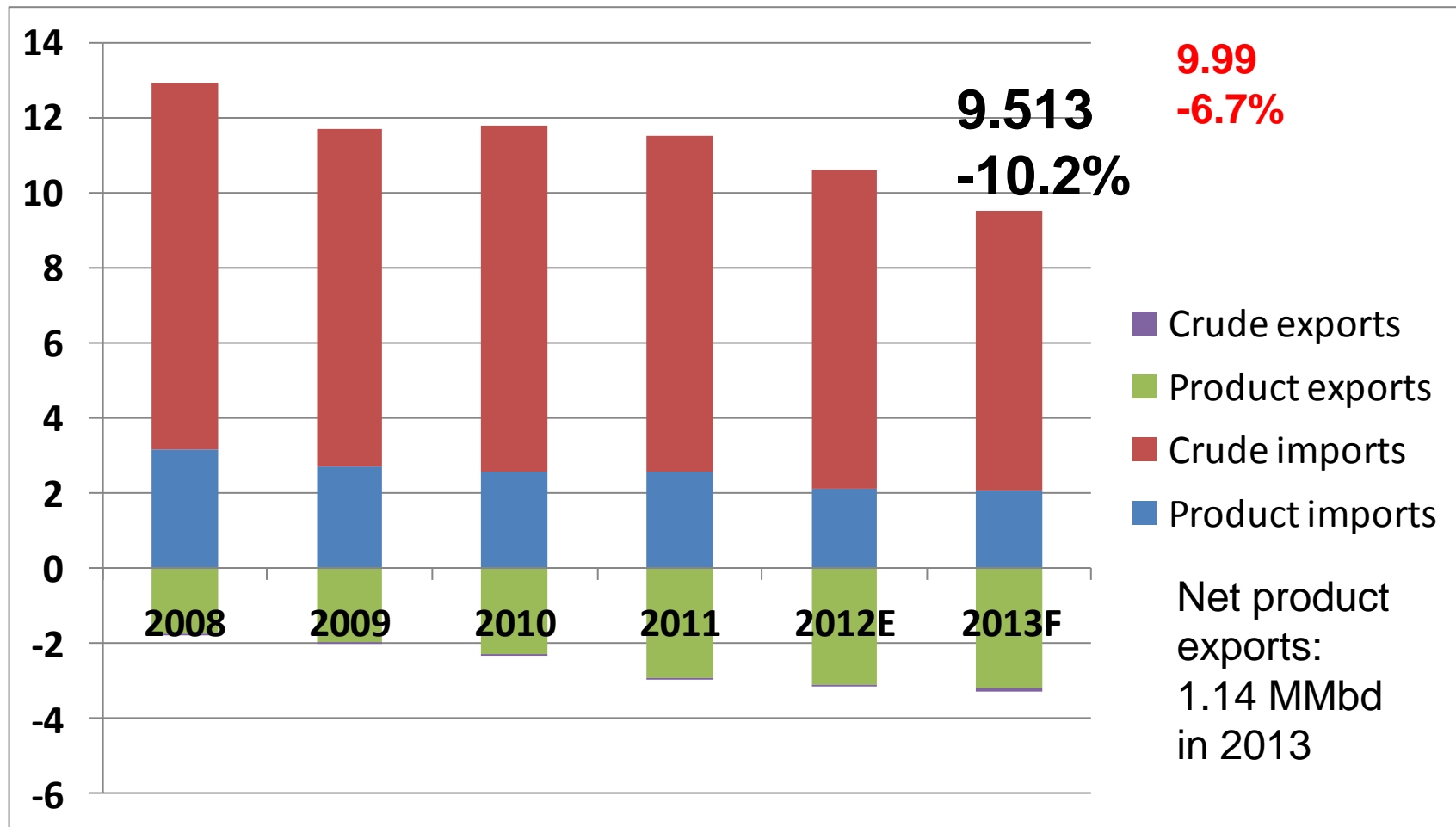
Source: EIA for 2008-12.

# US refining operations



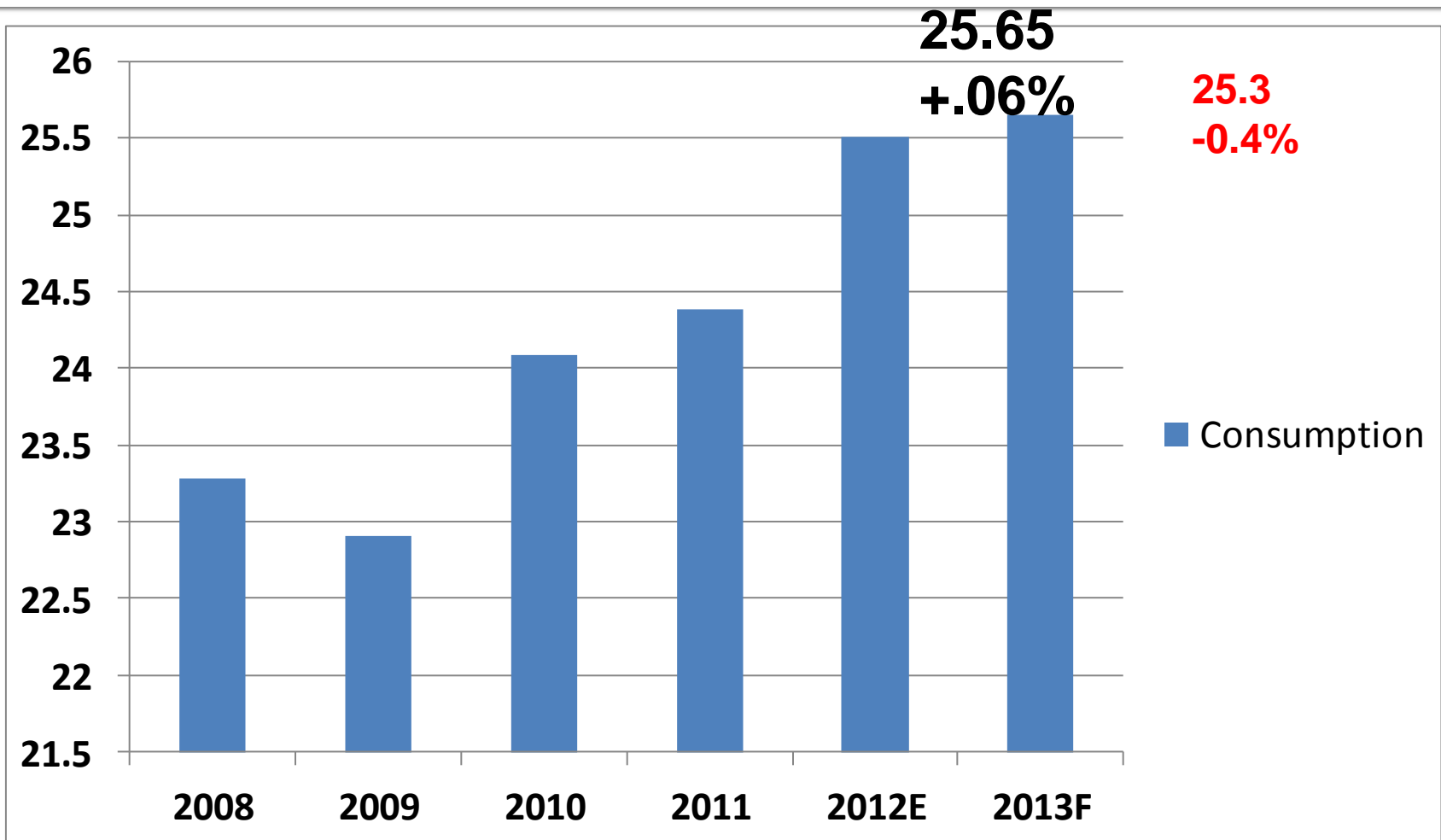
Source: EIA for 2008-2012; OGJ for 2013.

# US oil imports, (exports) (MMbd)



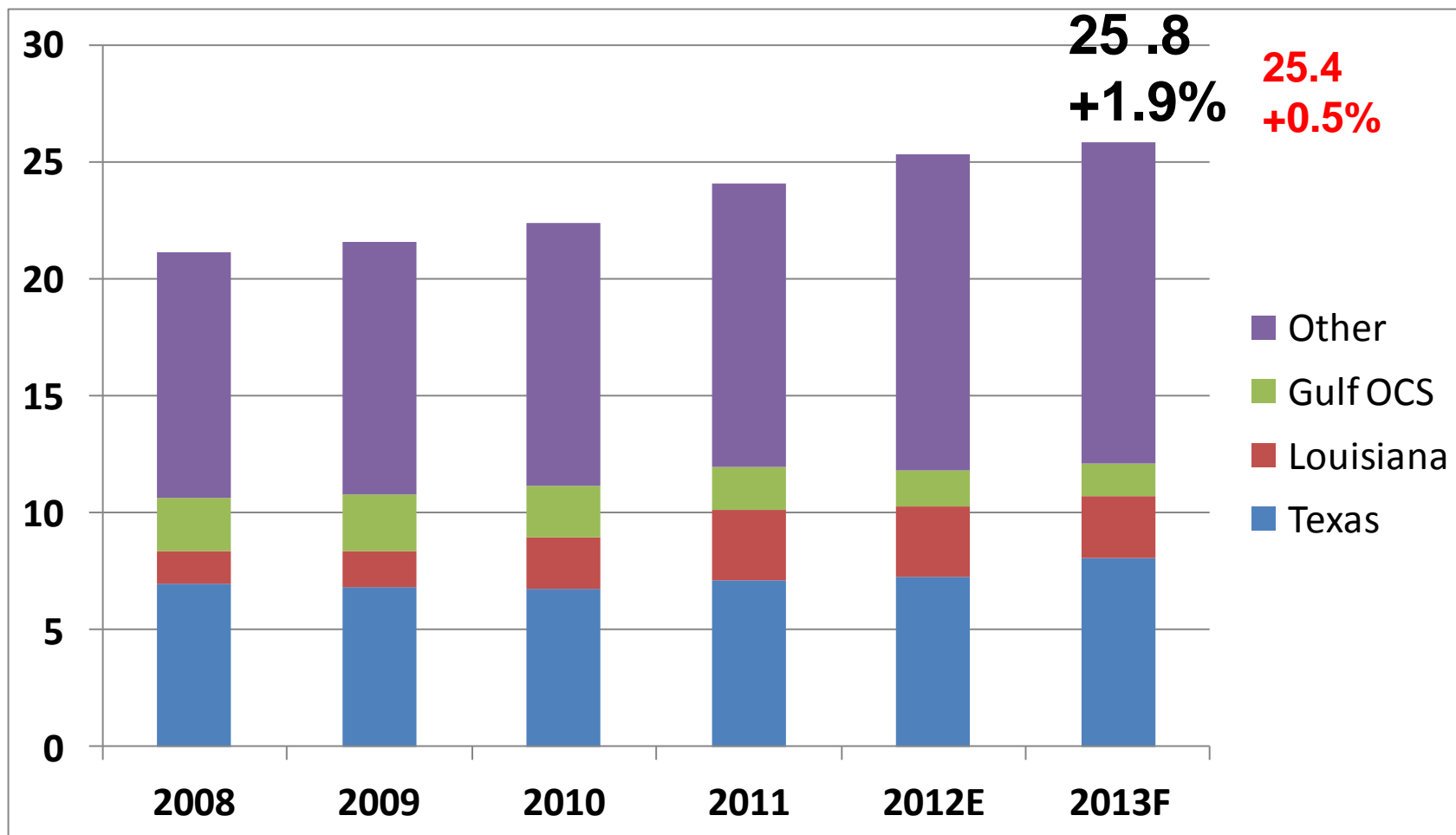
Source: EIA for 2008-12; OGJ for 2013.

# US total gas consumption (tcf)



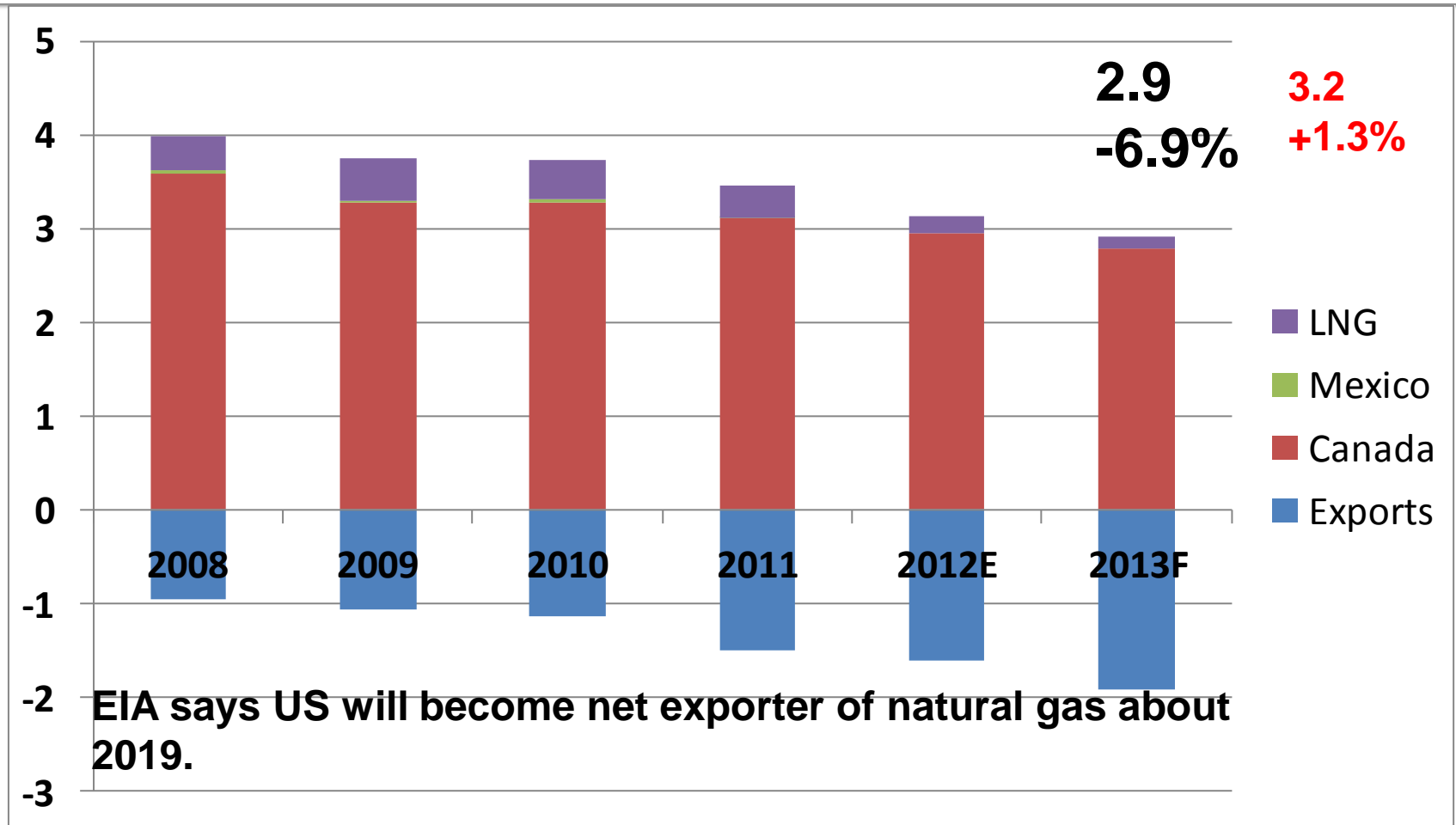
Source: EIA for 2008-12; OGJ for 2013.

# US marketed gas production (tcf)



Source: EIA for 2008-12; OGJ for 2013.

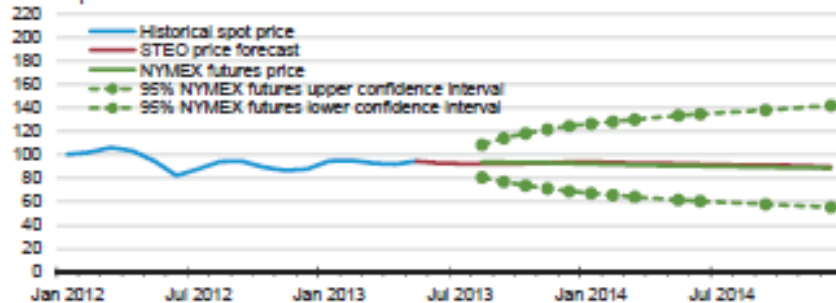
# US gas imports, (exports) (tcf)



Source: EIA for 2008-12; OGJ for 2013.

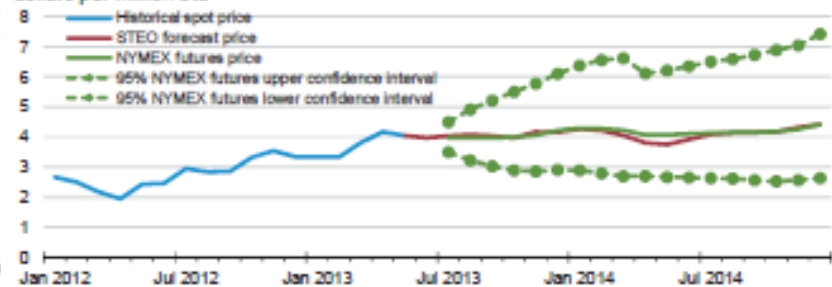
# WTI crude vs. Henry Hub gas

West Texas Intermediate (WTI) Crude Oil Price  
dollars per barrel



Note: Confidence interval derived from options market information for the 5 trading days ending June 6, 2013. Intervals not calculated for months with sparse trading in near-the-money options contracts.  
Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, June 2013

Henry Hub Natural Gas Price  
dollars per million btu



Note: Confidence interval derived from options market information for the 5 trading days ending June 6, 2013. Intervals not calculated for months with sparse trading in near-the-money options contracts.  
Source: Short-Term Energy Outlook, June 2013

EIA June projection for  
2013 average: \$93/bbl

EIA June projection for  
2013 average: \$3.92/MMbtu

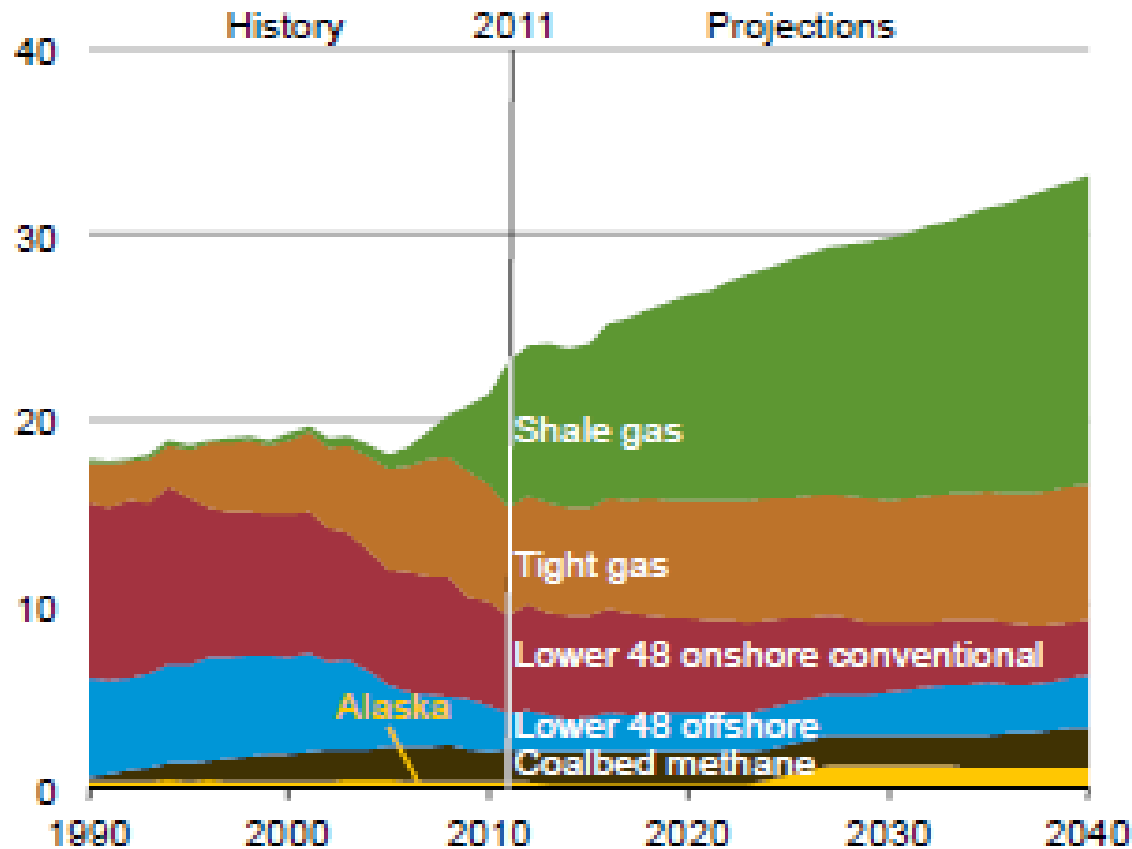
Oil (\$/bbl) to gas (\$/MMbtu) ratio: 24:1

# Summary of US wells drilled

	2012E	2013F
Exploratory wells	2,118	1,809 <b>2,018</b>
Field wells	41,551	36,349 <b>40,138</b>
<b>Total wells</b>	<b>43,669</b>	<b>38,158 42,156</b>

- Gas-drilling retreat continues.
- Big 1H declines: N. La., Arkansas, parts of E. Tex., Penn., Mont., Calif.
- 1H increases: Ohio, Alaska, Offshore La.

# Long-term: Shale dominates gas



Source: EIA Annual Energy Outlook

# Shale-related US gas plants\*

REGION	NUMBER OF PLANTS	CAPACITY (MMcfd)
North, East Texas	3	355
West Texas, Perm. basin	9	955
South Texas	15	3,770
Okla.-Texas Panhandle	13	1,355
Ohio-Penn.-W.Virginia	26	4,613
North Dakota	10	885
<b>Total</b>	<b>76</b>	<b>11,933</b>

\*Built, under construction, and planned as of Apr. 1, 2013. Based on company data and published information.

Source: Stephen Gilbert, MapSearch, published in OGJ's Worldwide Gas Processing, June 3, 2013.

# Shale-related US fractionators\*

REGIONS	NUMBER OF PLANTS	CAPACITY (Mb/d)
Texas	20	1,208.5
Louisiana	3	55+ (one TBA)
Kansas	1	60
Ohio-Penn.-W.Virginia	13	525.5
<b>Total</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>1,849+</b>

\*Built, under construction, and planned as of Apr. 1, 2013. Based on company data and published information.

Source: Stephen Gilbert, MapSearch, published in OGJ's Worldwide Gas Processing, June 3, 2013.

# New Y-grade transport capacity (Mbd)

- 60-135 - Bakken shale to Midcontinent
- 543-660 - Midcontinent to Gulf Coast
- 289-415 - Rockies to W.Tex., Conway, Kan.
- 580-640 - W.Tex. to Gulf Coast
- 200-400 - Marcellus, Utica to Gulf Coast

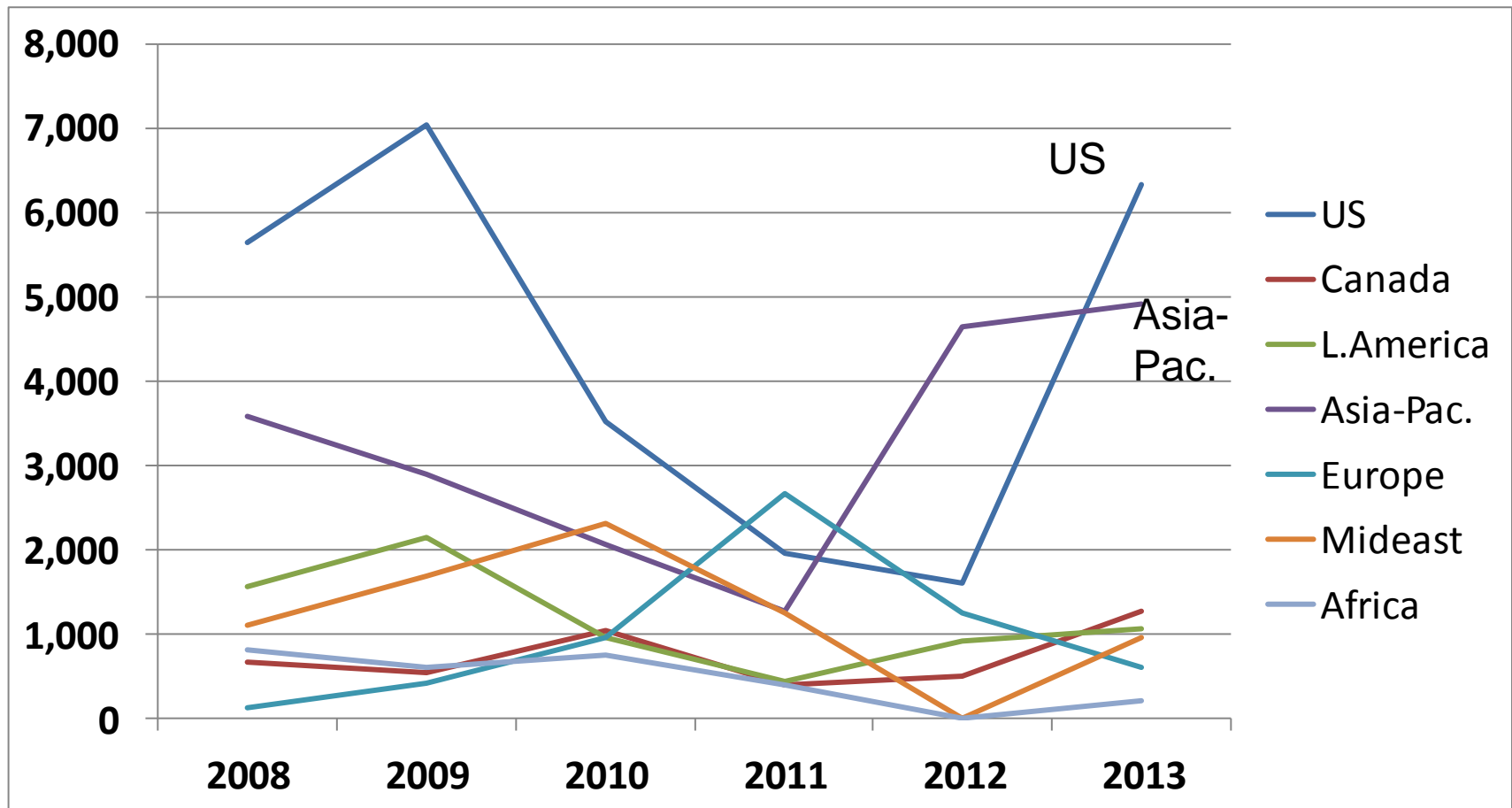
Source: Fasullo, P., from 2013 GPA convention, in OGJ, June 3, 2013.

# US ethylene expansion

- 15 projects (grassroots, expansions, debottlenecking, restarts)
- Total identified capacity addition: 7.817 million tonnes/year
- Implied increase in total US ethylene capacity: 28%

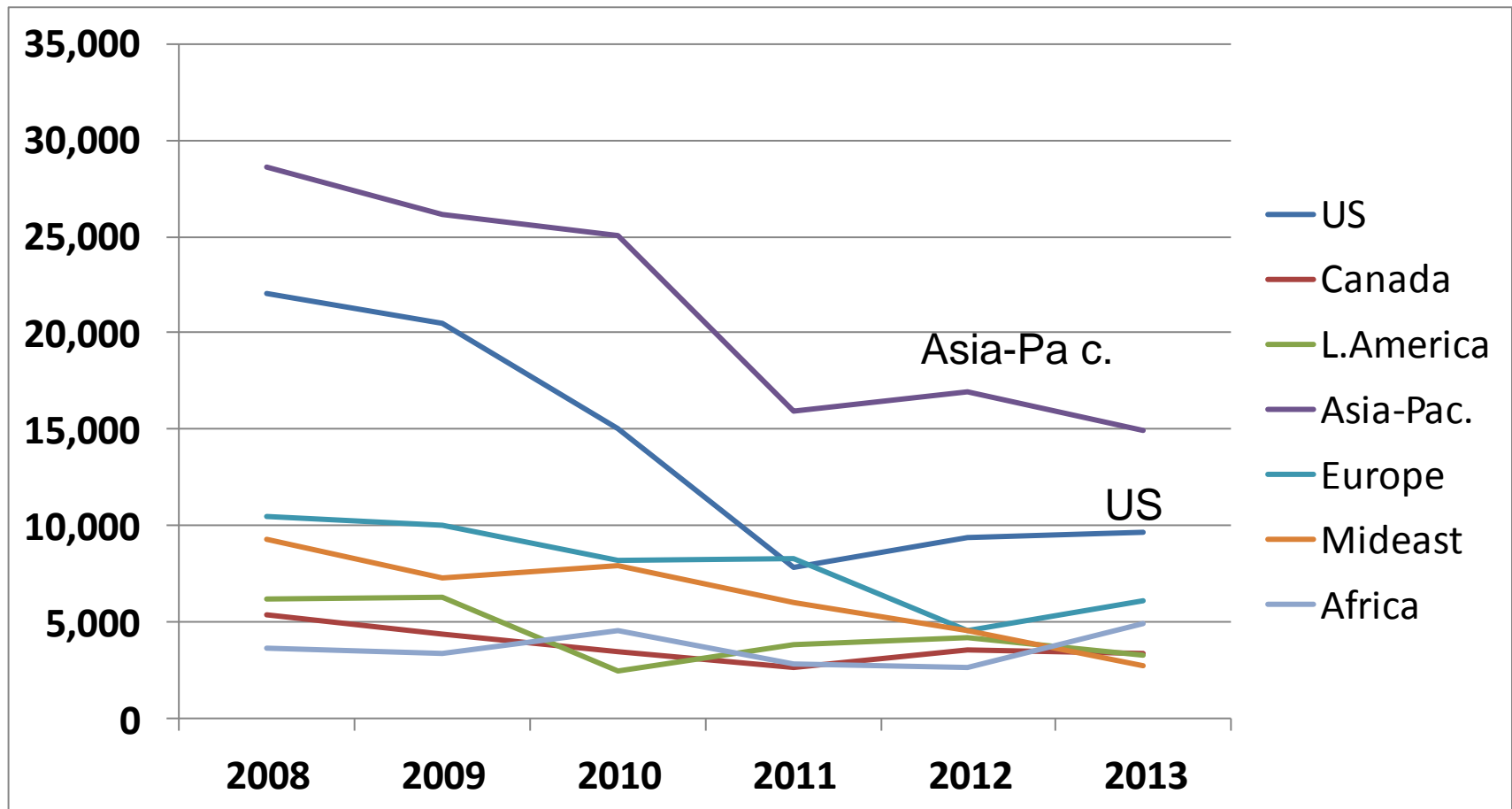
Source: OGI Worldwide Construction Survey, Nov. 12, 2012; OGI Ethylene Report, July 2, 2012; subsequent OGI news articles.

# Regional pipeline construction: 2013 only\*



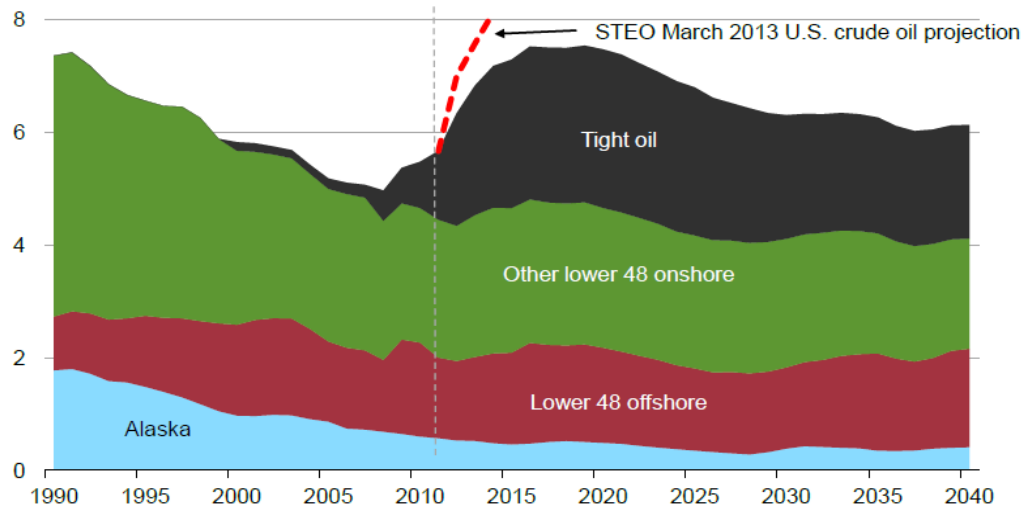
\*Projects planned to be completed in 2013. Values are forecasts for given years.

# Regional pipeline construction: 2012 and beyond\*



\*Projects under way at start of or set to begin in 2013 and be completed after 2013.  
Values are forecasts in given year.

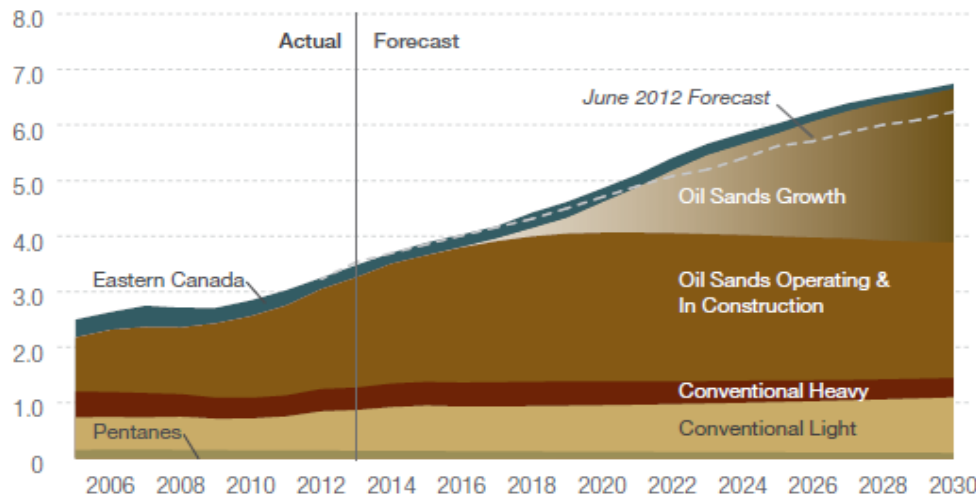
# North American oil surges (MMbd)



Source: EIA, Annual Energy Outlook 2013 Early Release and Short-Term Energy Outlook, March 2013

## United States

Source: Energy Information Administration



## Canada

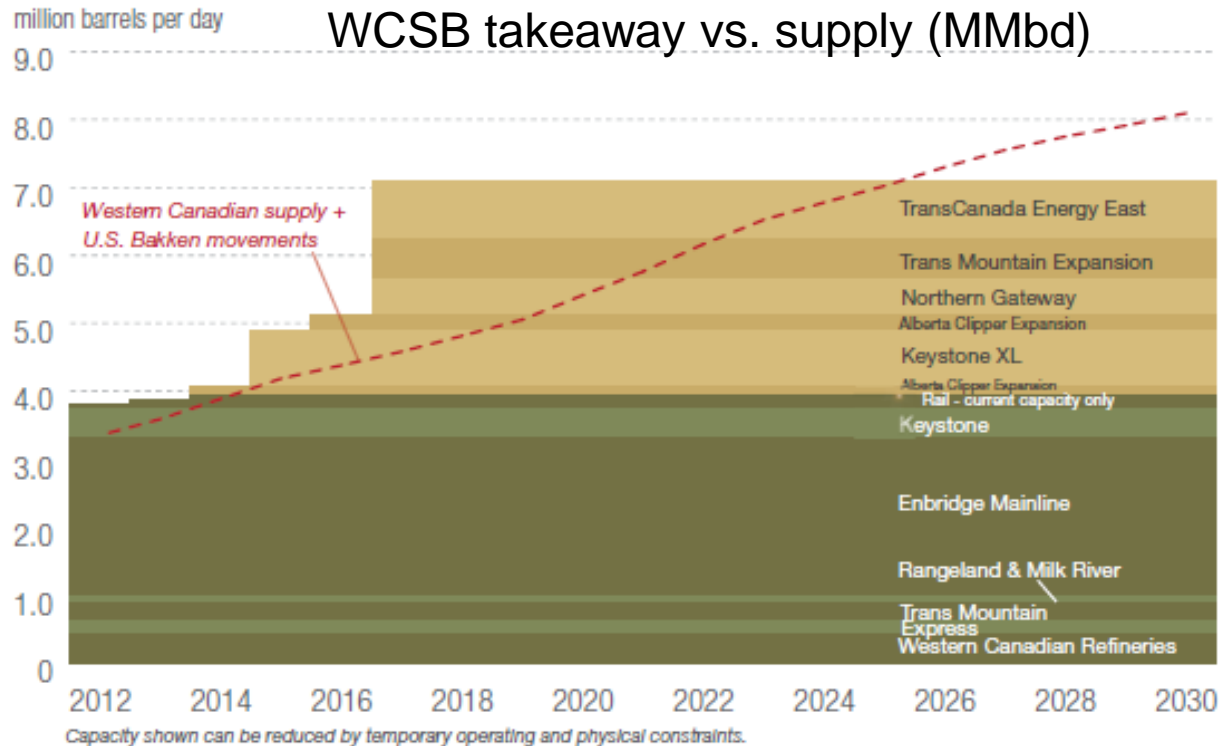
Source: Canadian Association of Petroleum Producers

# Oil flows shifting in N. America



Source: Canadian Association of Petroleum Producers

# Canadian bottleneck looms



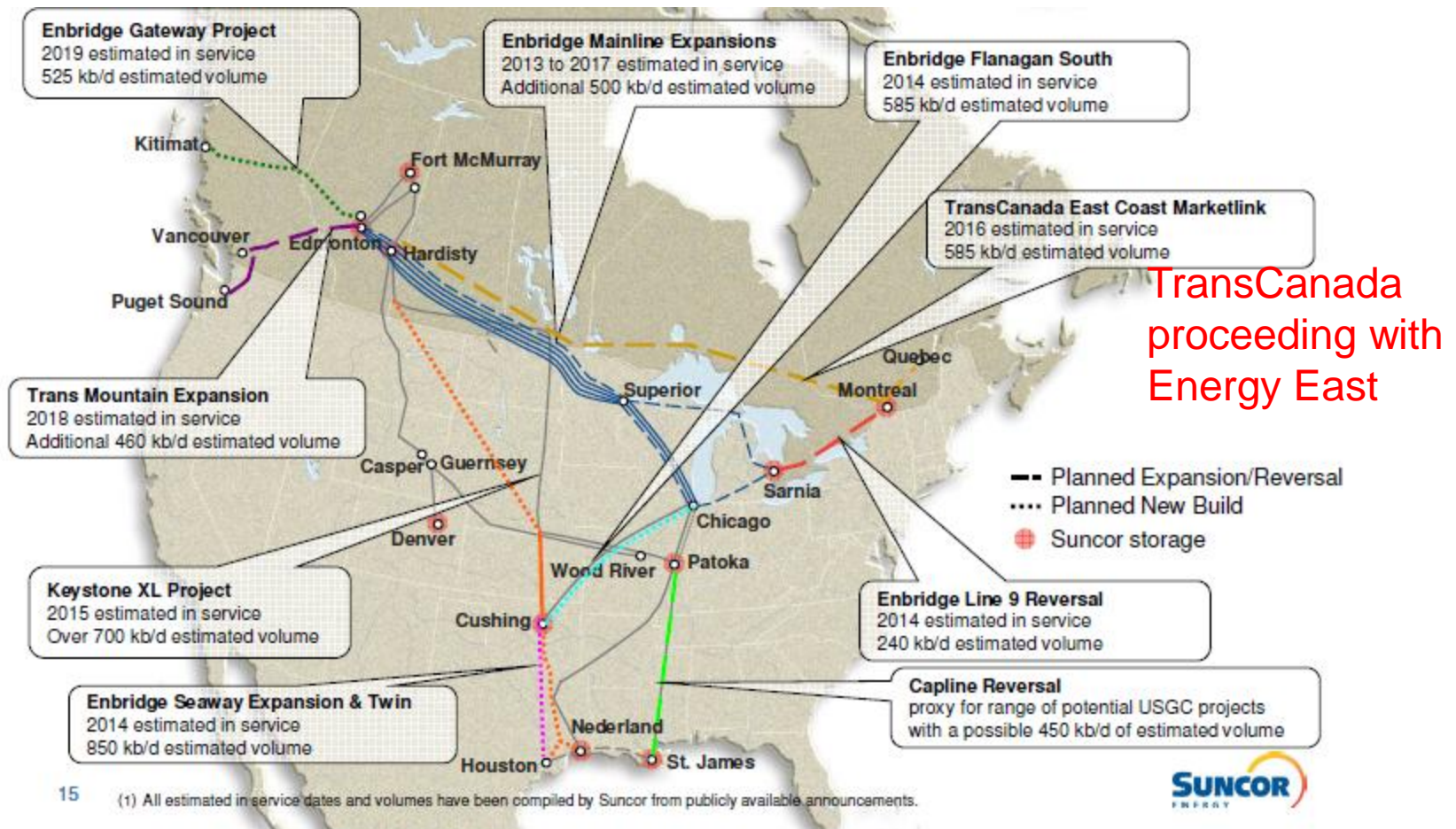
CAPP forecast:  
More transport  
capacity  
needed by  
2014.

Canadian rail transport



Source: Canadian Association of Petroleum Producers

# Planned pipeline projects



Source: Suncor Energy Investor Information, November 2012.

# Obama's 'carbon pollution' speech

- CO<sub>2</sub> standards for new, existing power plants
- CO<sub>2</sub> threshold for Keystone XL
- More renewable energy mandates, subsidies
- End “tax breaks for big oil companies”
- Tighten energy efficiency standards
- End public financing of new coal plants overseas