## Oberheim OB-Mx Calibration Procedure

(12 voice bd Cal)

- 1) Turn off power switch. Disconnect AC power cord from rear of OBMX.
- 2) Remove screws that attach top cover. Remove top cover.
- 3) Remove Master Board from the card cage, using the card ejectors. The Master Board is the card closest to the front panel.

CAUTION: Be careful not to damage the ribbon cables. Also, be careful not to short the lithin battery terminals (on rear of PCB) to the chassis ground.

4) Remove and replace IC U7 with the CAL EPROM. Be careful not to bend the EPROM leads.

Connect dual trace oscilloscope probes (or wires) to the right side of R57 & R58 (the side closest C60 & U29). Connect scope ground lead to un-painted OBMX chassis.

Set oscilloscope Volt/Div. to 0.5V (for 1X probes). Set Vert mode to ADD (to sum both channel: together). Set Time/Div. to 2mSec.

- 5) Re-insert the Master Board into the card cage.
- 6) Install all voice boards into the card cage.
- 7) Connect the AC power cord and turn on the power switch.
- 8) The display will briefly show:

Oberheim OB-Mx version X.XX
Calibration Software

9) The display will then show:

Instrument: XXX

MANUAL MANOR

www.markglinsky.com/ManualManor.html

glinskym@sbcglobal.net

Place the cover on top of the unit.

Allow the unit to warm-up for at least 15 minutes before proceeding.

# FOR IN-HOUSE USE ONLY. THIS DOCUMENT CONTAINS CONFIDENTIAL INFO (10) Press these (4) buttons simultaneously: MIDI Voices Matrix **Options** 11) The display should show: **CALIBRATION & TEST:** 12) This procedure will utilize several of the numbered 'Voice Status' buttons (along the bottom edge of the front panel) and the 'Trigger' button (which is located above and to the left of the headphone jack). 13) Press the 1 button, to start the Calibration. The display will show: CALIB: par:1 VCO1 v#:1 val:0 v# = voice number. val = new adjustment value. 0 indicates no change. 14) The reference tone should now be audible. 15) Press, and continue to hold, the Trigger button. While still holding the trigger button, adjust the Data Adj Knob (located just below the display). Adjust the VCO1 output, for voice 1, until the frequency matches (as close a possible) the reference tone. [NOTE: This is a coarse adjustment, and it may not be possible to 'zero beat' the two signals. It is not necessary, because the circuit will do the fine tune adjustment.] 16) Release the Trigger button. Then press and hold it again. Use Data Adj knob to adjust the VCO1 output for voice 2. Repeat this step for the all remaining voices.

18) Press, and continue to hold, the Trigger button. Use the Data Adj knob to adjust the VCO2 output

button. The display will show:

for voice 1.

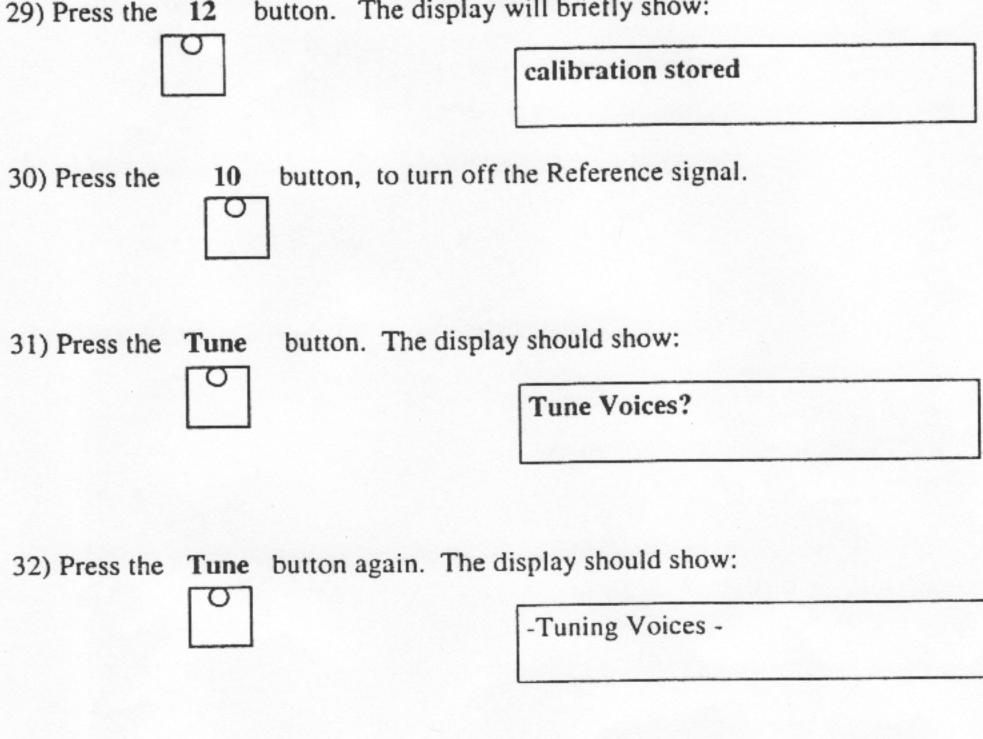
17) Press the 3

CALIB: par:3 VCO2 v#:1 val:0

ing voices.				
20) Press the 8 button. The display will show:				
8 OB Resonance				
nob to adjust OB Resonance output for a 1 should be 0.5Vp-p (summed output). Repeat for				
22) Press the 7 button. The display will show:				
7 OB offset				
nob to until reference tone and OB output are				
24) Press the 6 button. The display will show:				
6 MM resonance				
Press and hold the Trigger button. Adjust SVp-p). Repeat for all voices.				
5 VCA leakage				

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27)	Turn OBMX volume knob to full clockwise. Turn VCA Offset to full clockwise. Turn the amplifier to maximum volume level. Press and hold the Trigger button. If you hear a fluttering noise, use the adjust Data Adj knob to minimize the sound. Repeat for all voices.
28)	Return the amplifier gain, and OBMX volume control to normal settings. Turn the VCA offset knob to the full counter clockwise position.
29)	Press the 12 button. The display will briefly show:



33) Press the 2 button. The display will show:

CALIB: par:2 VCO1 linear

34) Press and hold the Trigger button. Adjust Data Adj knob to until reference tone and VCO linear output signal 'Zero Beat' (observe with a scope). Repeat for all voices.

NOTE: If VCO linear output can not be adjusted for 'Zero Beat', then the voice card is to be rejected to the re-work station. Replace the appropriate VCO LIN resister (R151, R119, R168, R139).

35) Repeat steps 30 to 32 to tune the unit. Be sure to turn off the reference tone.

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36) Repeat steps 33, 34, 35 four more times five times.	You will need to adjust the VCO1 line	nearity for a total of		
37) Press the 4 button. The display will show:				
	CALIB: par:4 VCO2 linear			
38) Press and hold the Trigger button. Adju- output signal 'Zero Beat' (observe with		e and VCO linear		
NOTE: If VCO linear output can not be rejected to the re-work station R168, R139).	be adjusted for 'Zero Beat', then the voice. Replace the appropriate VCO LIN res	ce card is to be ister (R151, R119,		
39) Repeat steps 30 to 32 to tune the unit.	Be sure to turn off the reference tone.			
40) Repeat steps 37, 38, 39 four more times. You will need to adjust the VCO2 linearity for a total of five times.				
41) Press the 12 button. The display will briefly show:				
	calibration stored			
42) Press the <b>Program</b> button. The display will show:				
	Instrument:XXX			
43) Use the Data Adj knob to select instrur	ment '#128 Initial Conditions'.			
44) Check the button 1 & 2 in the 'Voltage triangle waveform is selected for VCC	Controlled Oscillators' section. Make 11. All waveforms for the VCO2 should	sure that only the be off.		
NOTE: Make sure that only one osc	illator is enabled.			
45) Press the <b>Tune</b> button. The display		1		
	Tune Voices?			

46) Press the Tune button again. The display should show:

0

-Tuning Voices -

47) The display should show:

**Instrument: 128 Initial Conditions** 

Wait a few seconds after the display returns to normal. Occasionally some of the voices are still tuning even though the display has returned to normal. You can hear this by turning the VCA Offset full clockwise (and increase the volume until you hear the output signal) prior to tuning.

- 48) Connect a MIDI keyboard to the MIDI IN jack. Connect a tuner to the OBMX audio output. Play middle 'C' (or C4), and check that that all voices are within + or 4 CENT of 'C4'.
- 49) Play two octaves below middle 'C' (or C2). Check that all voices are within + or 6 CENT of 'C2'.
- 50) Play three octaves above middle 'C' (or C7). Check that all voices are within + or 7 CENT of 'C7'.
- 51) Turn off power switch. Disconnect AC power cord from rear of OBMX.
- 52) Remove Master Board from the card cage, using the card ejectors. The Master Board is the card closest to the front panel.

CAUTION: Be careful not to damage the ribbon cables. Also, be careful not to short the lithium battery terminals (on rear of PCB) to the chassis ground.

- 53) Remove and replace IC U7 with the production EPROM. Be careful not to bend the EPROM leads.

  Disconnect dual trace oscilloscope probes (or wires) to the right side of R57 & R58 (the side closest to C60 & U29).
- 54) Re-insert the Master Board into the card cage.

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- 55) Install top cover and screws.
- 56) Re-connect the power cord and turn on. Tune the unit. Check that it performs normally.