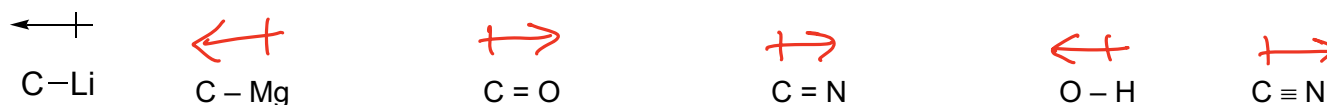


Chapter 18-19 Homework – Addition to Polar pi Bonds

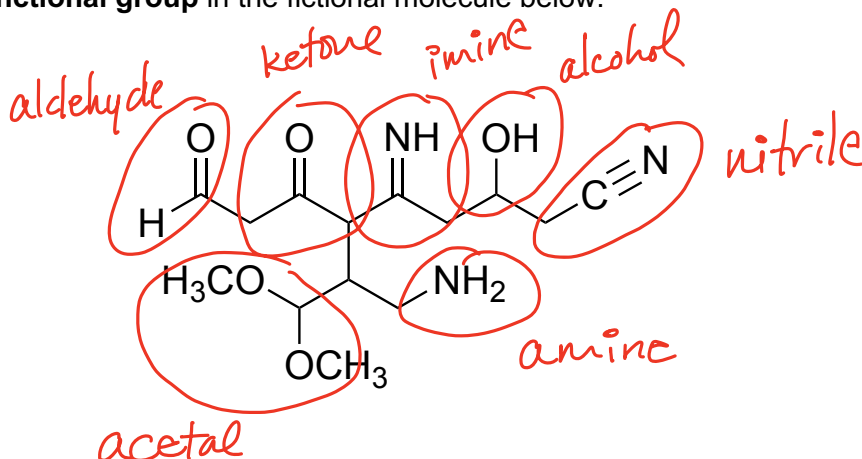
Chapter 18A. Bond Basics

1. to each bond to indicate its polarity.



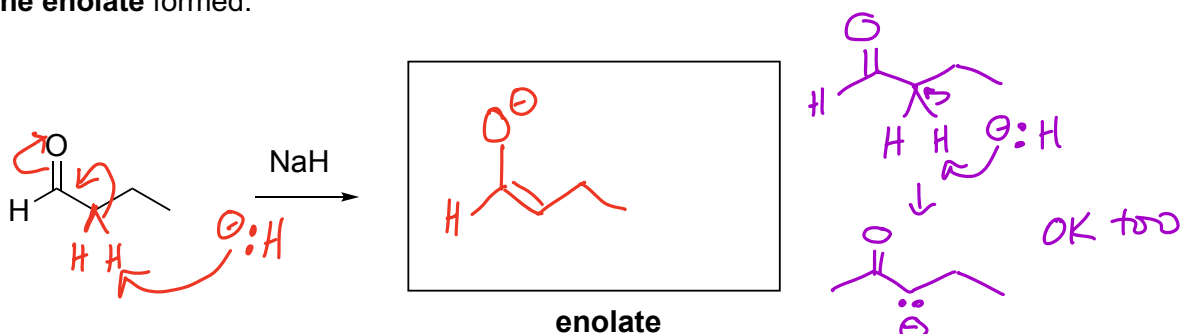
2. Circle and label each functional group in the fictional molecule below.

- Acetal
- Alcohol
- Aldehyde
- Amine
- Imine
- Ketone
- Nitrile



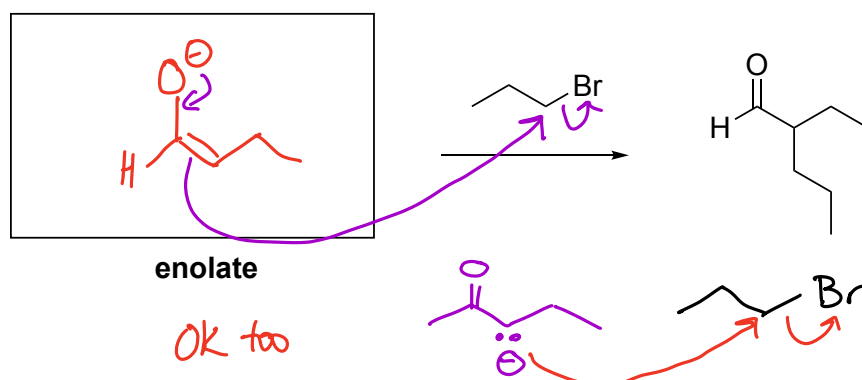
3. Show the mechanism and product for the **alpha-deprotonation of butanal**.

- Draw the H's in the alpha position,
- use **curved arrow** notation to show the proton transfer reaction with sodium **hydride**,
- and **draw the enolate** formed.



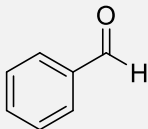

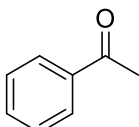
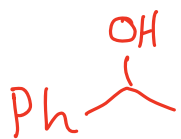
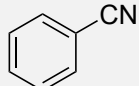

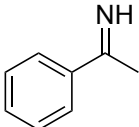
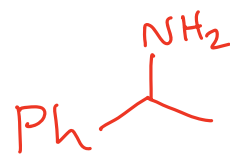
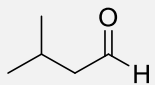


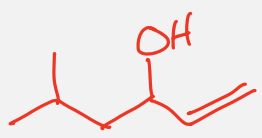
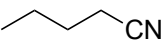


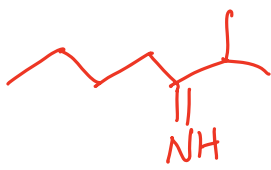
4. React the enolate above with propylbromide via S_N2 mechanism (one-step substitution).

- **Redraw the enolate** from #3 above.
- **Add curved arrows** to explain how the bonds are broken and formed.



18B. CARBONYL REACTIONS

- Draw the product of each reaction: **starting material + reagents → Product.**

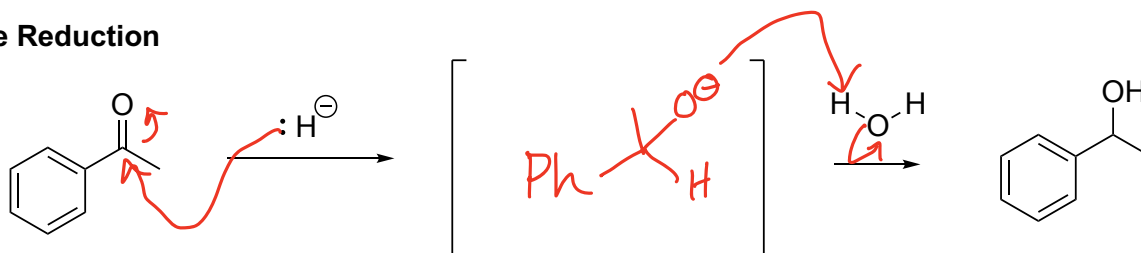
	Starting Material	Reagents & translation *be able to draw the arrow-pushing mechanism	Alternate reagents (same product)	Draw the Product
5	 benzaldehyde (almond extract)	NaBH₄, MeOH <i>sodium borohydride in methanol</i>	1. NaBH ₄ 2. H ₂ O Or 1. LiAlH ₄ 2. H ₂ O	
6	 Acetophenone	1. LiAlH₄ 2. H₂O <i>lithium aluminum hydride followed by water</i>	NaBH ₄ , MeOH Or 1. NaBH ₄ 2. H ₂ O	
7	 benzonitrile	1. LiAlH₄ 2. H₂O <i>lithium aluminum hydride followed by water</i>	n/a	
8	 imine	NaBH₄ <i>sodium borohydride in methanol</i>	1. LiAlH ₄ 2. H ₂ O	
9	 3-methylbutanal	1.  MgBr 2. H ₂ O vinyl magnesium bromide followed by water	1.  Li 2. H ₂ O	
10	 nitrile	1.  Li 2. H ₂ O Isopropyl lithium followed by water	1.  MgBr 2. H ₂ O	

Pro-tip: See the REACTION SUMMARY at the end of Chapter 18 class notes.

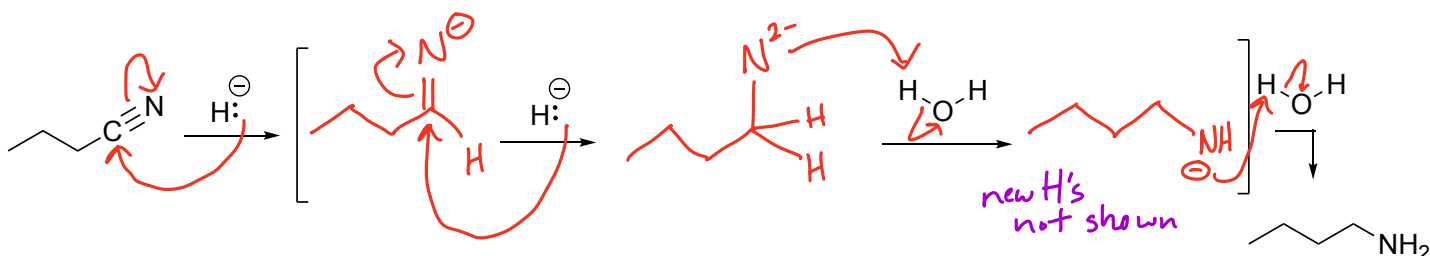
Ch 18C. POLAR π BOND ADDITION MECHANISMS

- Draw the arrow-pushing mechanism for the reactions, including all charged intermediates and product.

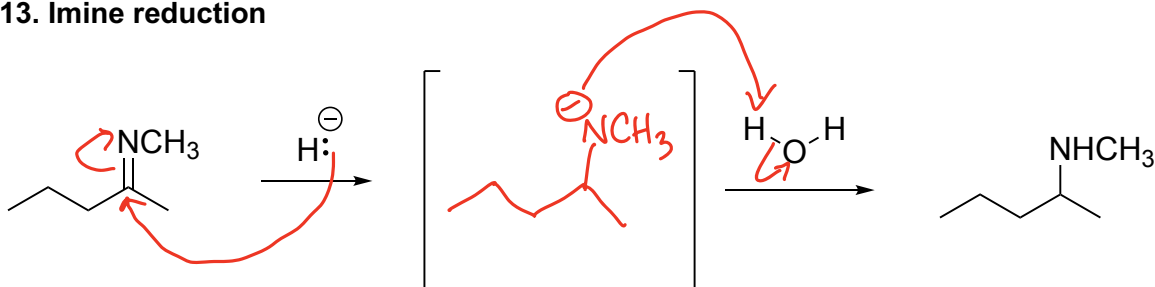
11. Ketone Reduction



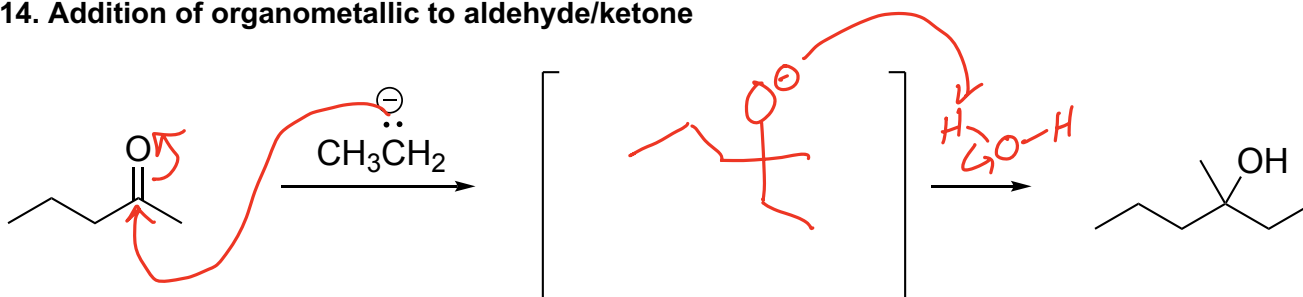
12. nitrile reduction



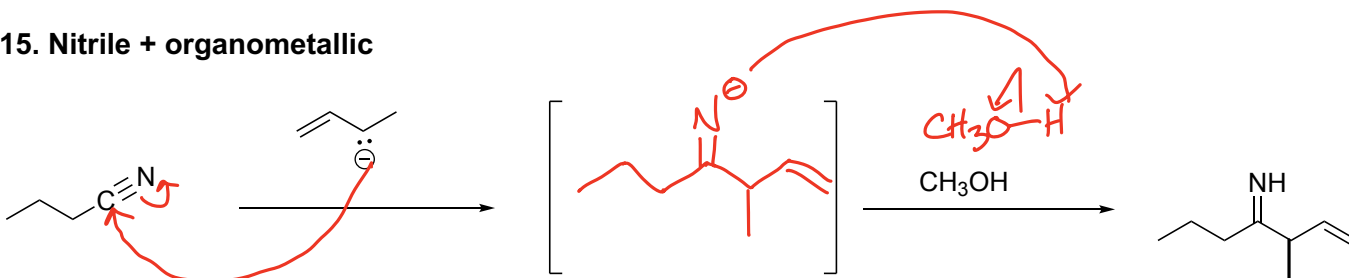
13. Imine reduction




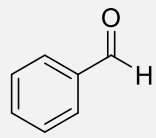


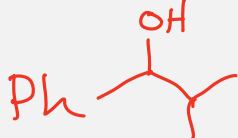
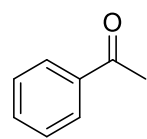
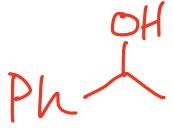
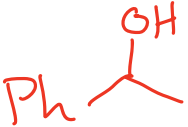
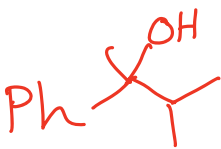
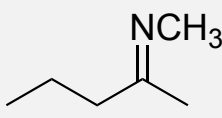
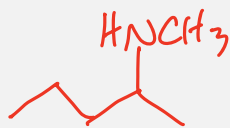

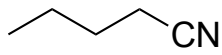

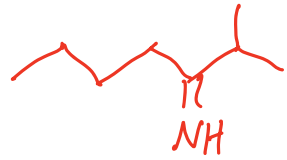
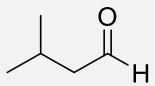
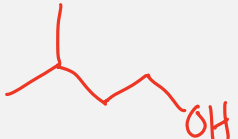
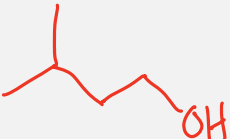
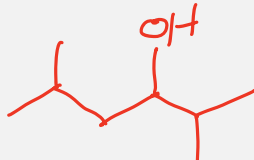
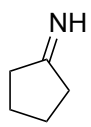
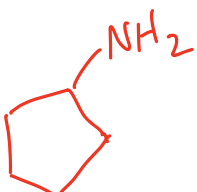
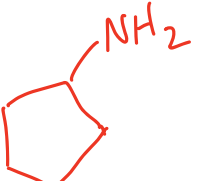
14. Addition of organometallic to aldehyde/ketone



15. Nitrile + organometallic



18D. Mix & Match with Reaction Bootcamp!

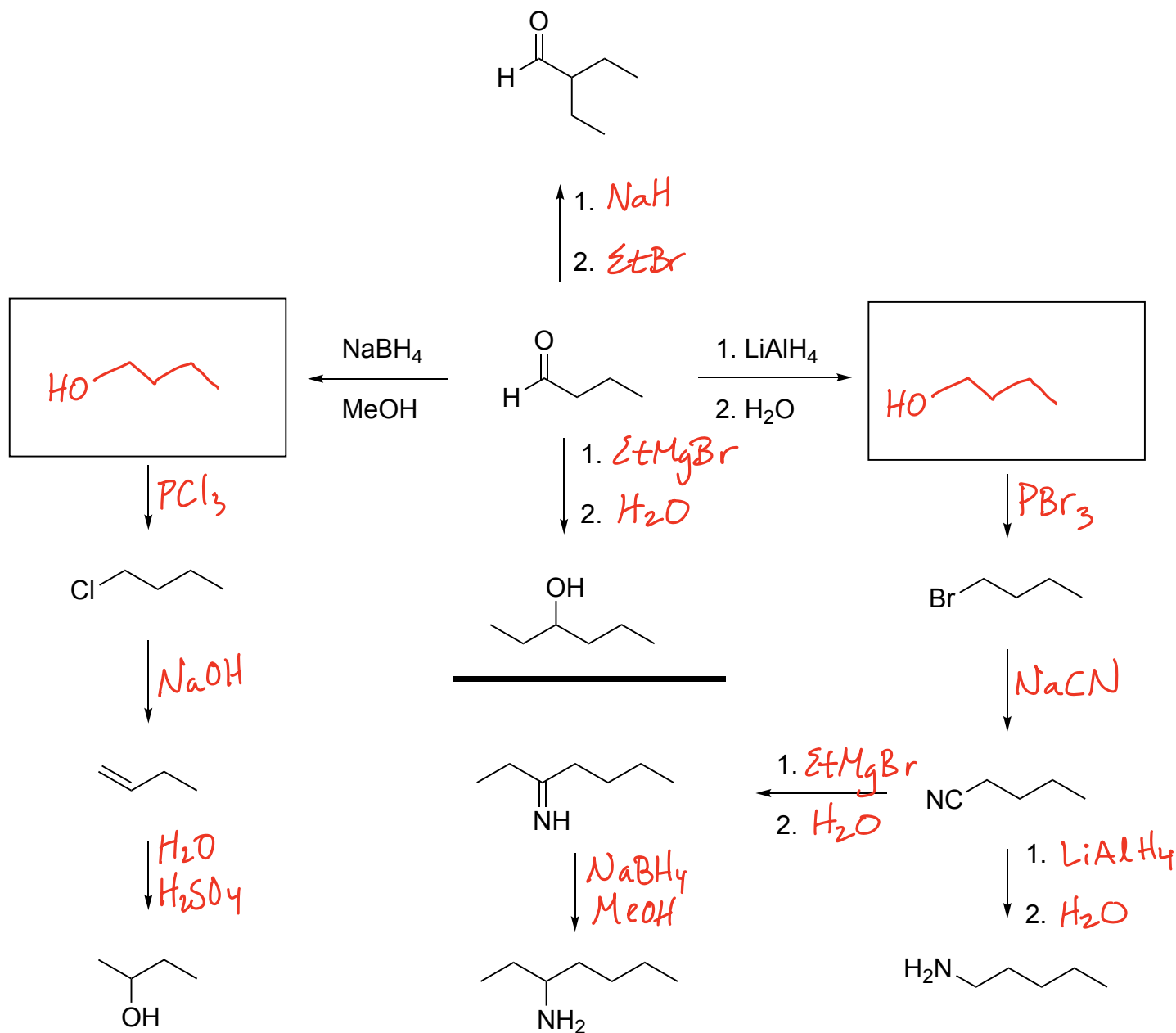
	React each carbonyl compound with each reagent and draw the product in the box	NaBH ₄ , MeOH	1. LiAlH ₄ 2. H ₂ O	1.  MgBr 2. H ₂ O
16	 benzaldehyde (almond extract)			
17	 Acetophenone			
18	 imine			NR.
19	 pentanenitrile	NR		
20	 3-methylbutanal			
21	 imine			N.R.

18E. Reaction Puzzle - "training wheels" for multi-step synthesis

The "puzzle" below covers Chapter 18 and previous reactions. Take it one step at a time.

Draw the missing products in the boxes and add missing reagents to the arrows.

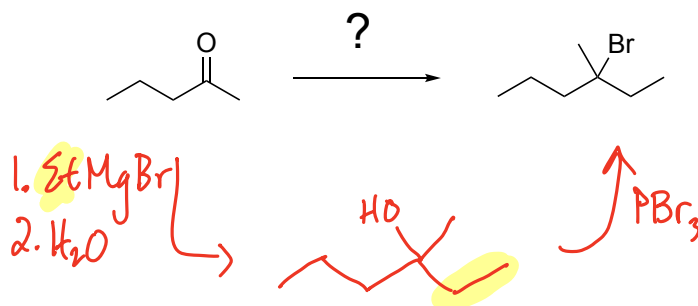
When the reagents need to be separated into steps, the numbers are provided for you.



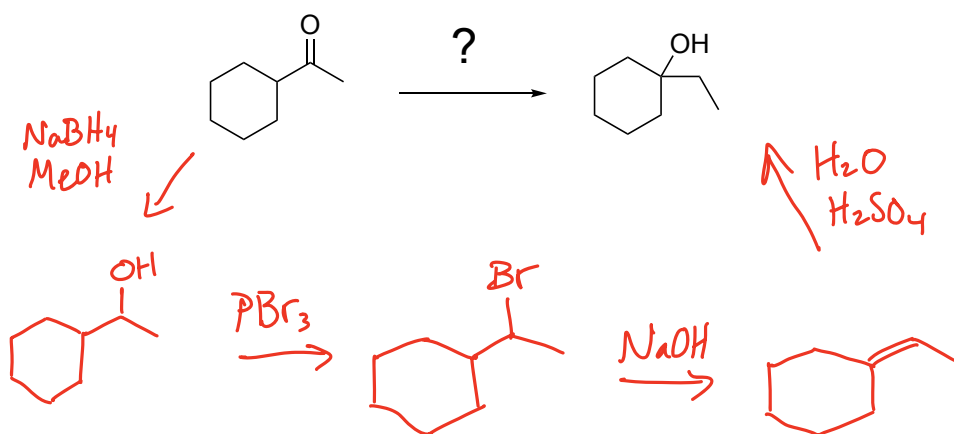
18F. Multi-Step Synthesis

- Each transformation requires **at least two synthetic steps** to reach the target product.
 - These problems were designed to use no more than four reactions.
 - There are multiple pathways and it's ok if you use a feasible pathway with more than four steps ☺
- Show each set of **reagents and reaction products** on the journey.
 - Mechanisms are not required, but may be helpful.
- If there is a mixture of products (ex. *major* and *minor*), assume the minor product can be removed.
 - You can just draw the desired *major* product.

22.



23.



24.

