

Details of spinach BAC library as a resource

Chunda Feng and James Correll
Department of Plant Pathology
University of Arkansas

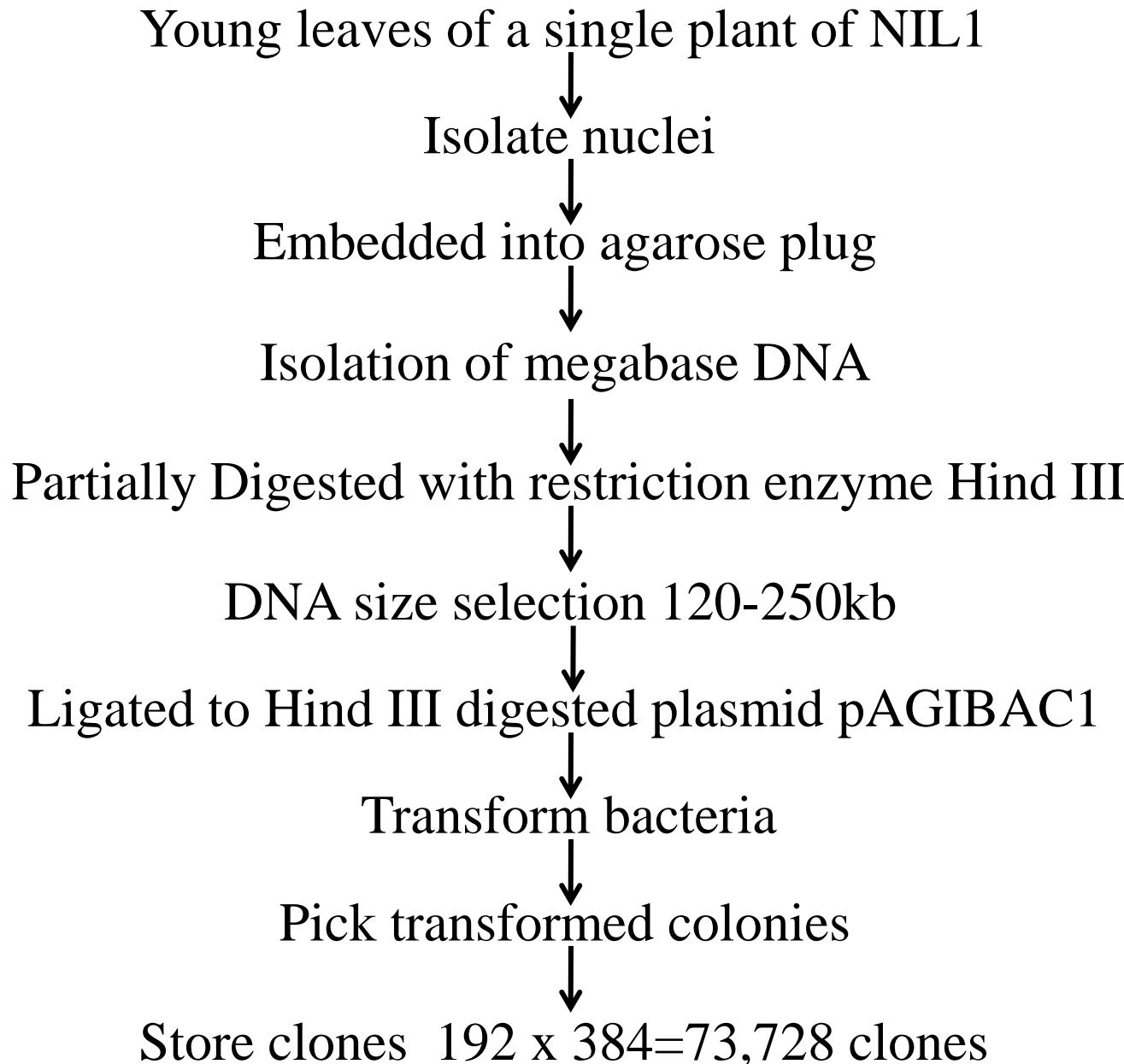
Spinach

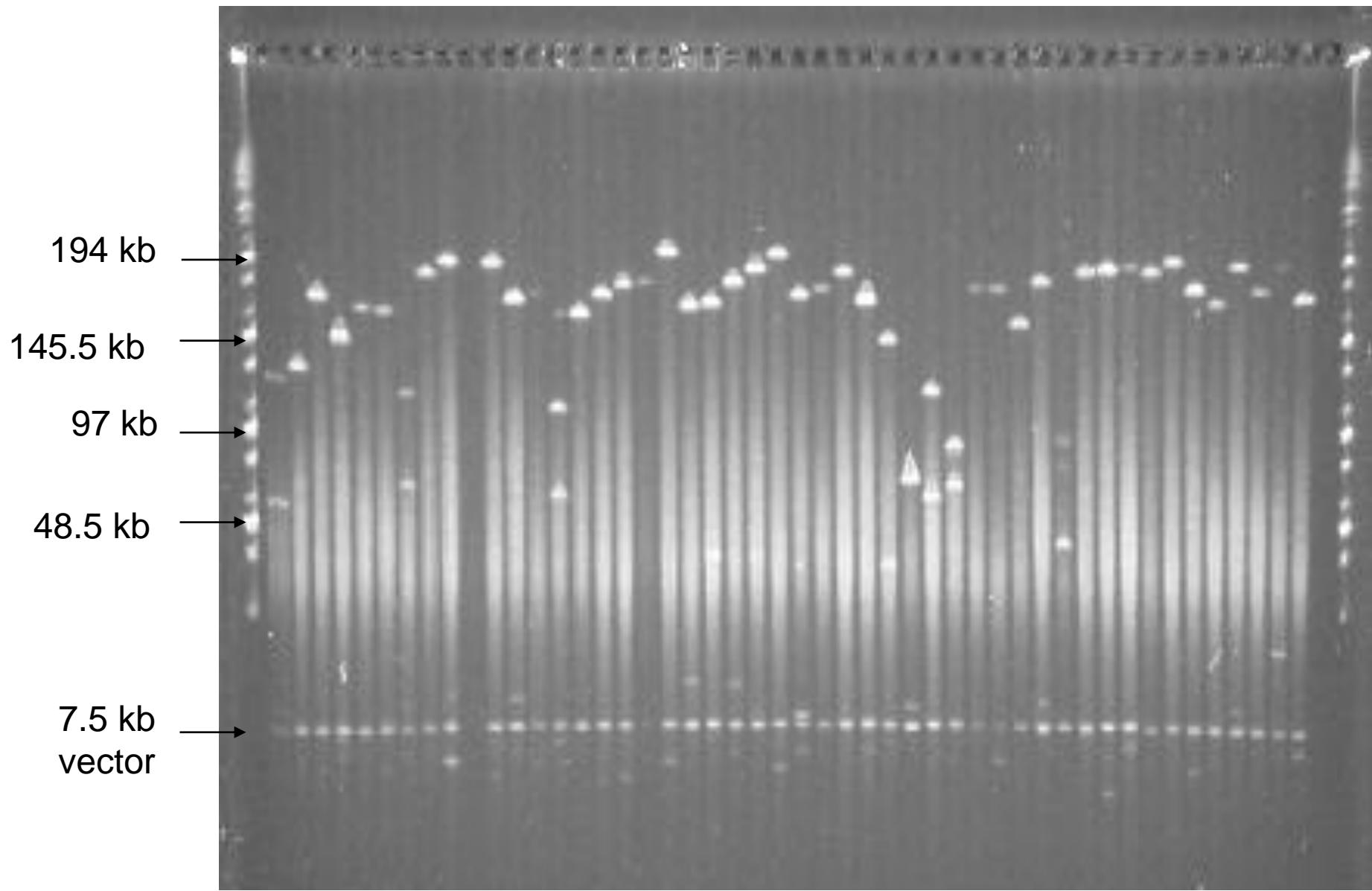
- Very nutritious
- Important crop
- Inheritances of a few simple traits
- Don't know the inheritances of many traits
- No genetic linkage map
- No sequence information available

BAC library

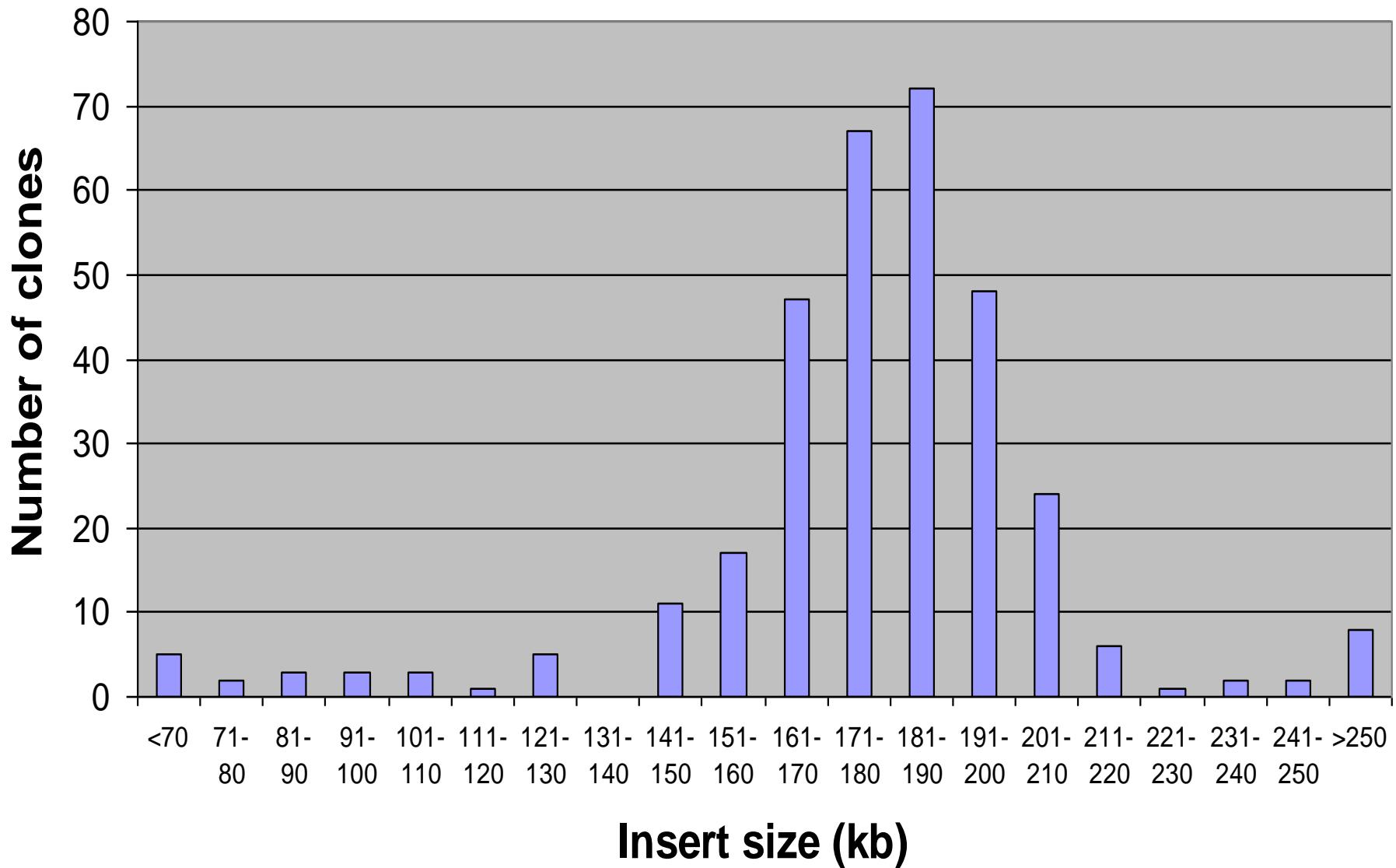
- Bacterial Artificial Chromosome library
- is a collection of bacterial clones that together represents the entire genome of a given organism

Spinach BAC library construction





Spinacia oleracea (Spinach)
Average insert size 183 kb

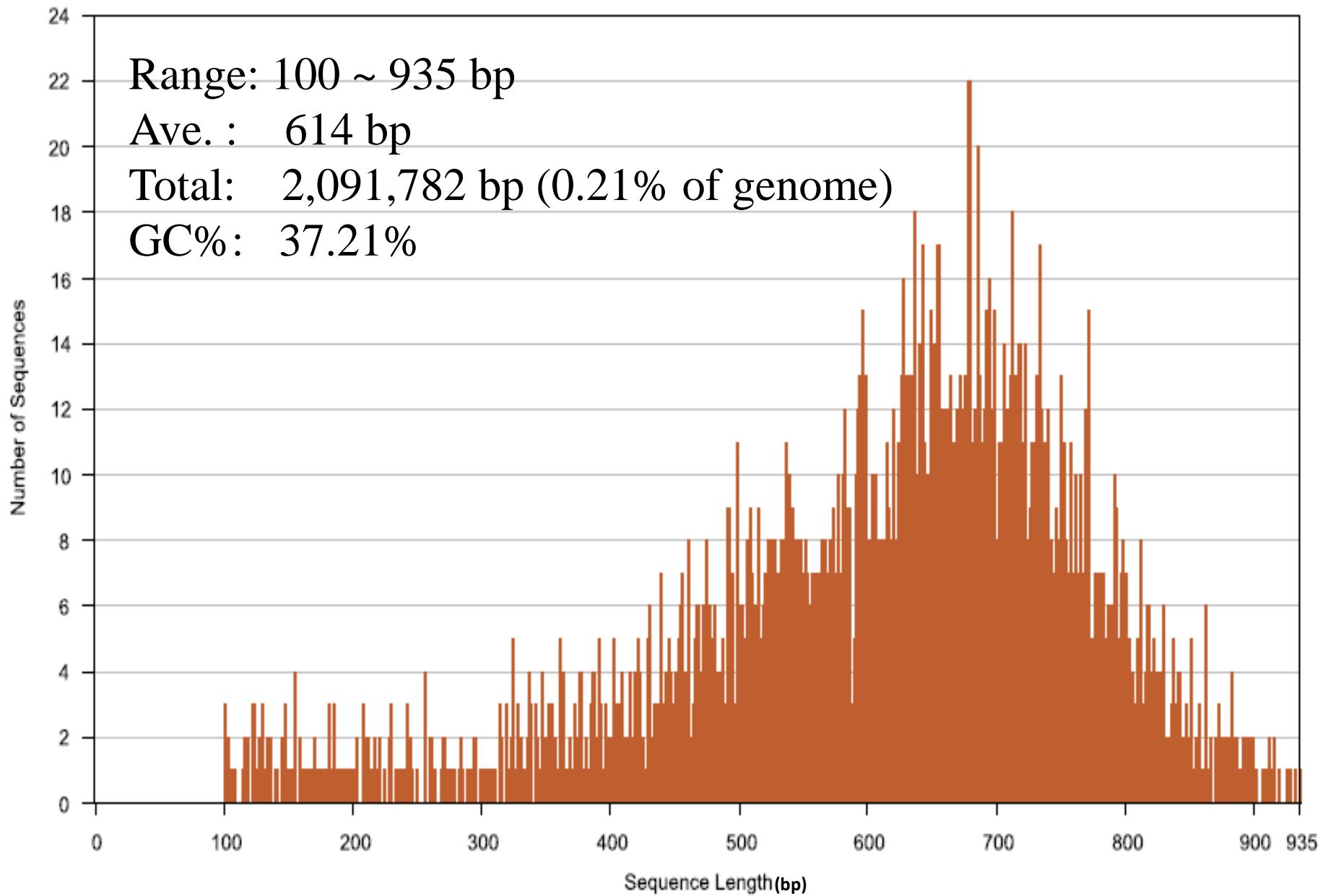


- Spinach genome size: 989 Mb
- BAC library: 73,728 clones
- Ave. insert size: 183 kb
- Coverage: ~13 x

$$\frac{73728 \times 183}{989 \times 1000} = 13.64$$

BAC end sequencing

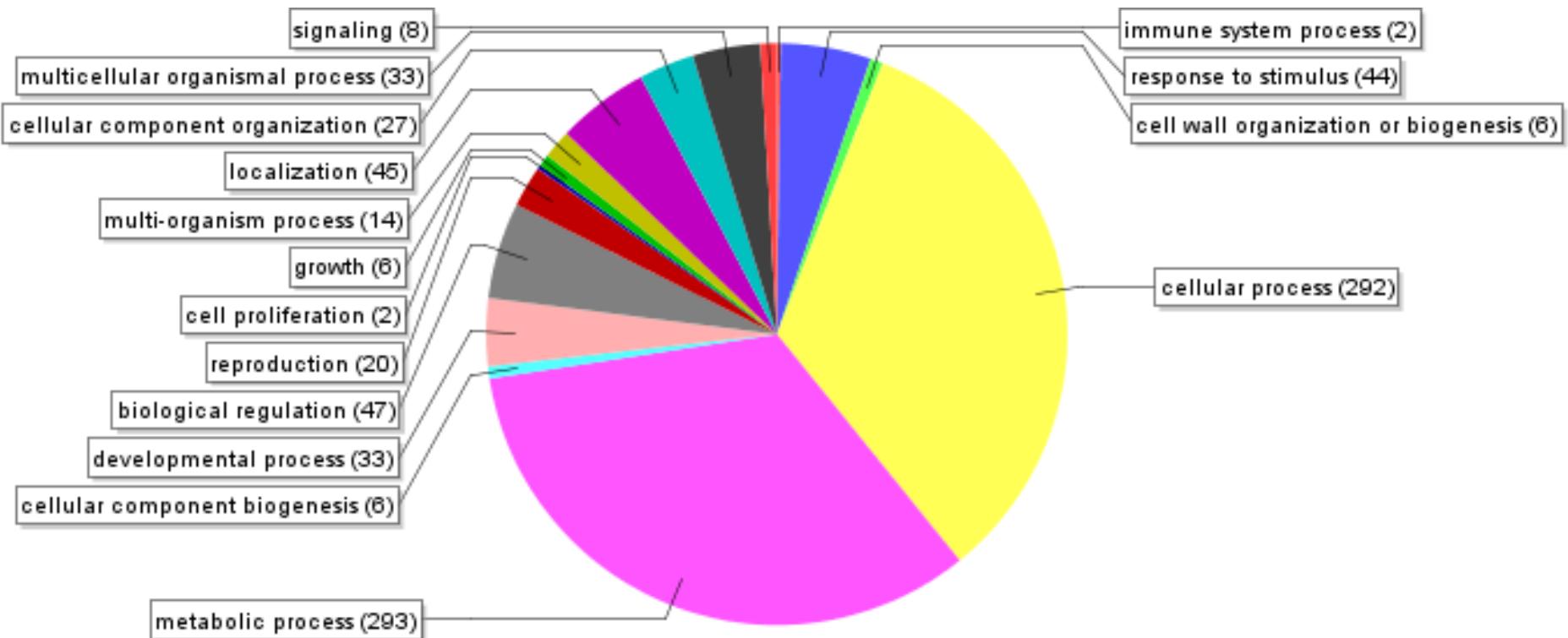
- Five 384-well plates $5 \times 384 = 1920$ clones
- Sequenced with T7 and Sp6 primers
 $2 \times 1920 = 3840$ BAC ends
- Sequences
 - 101 clones - no sequences from both directions,
 - 134 clones – only forward sequences,
 - 99 clones – only reverse sequences
 - 3405 high quality BAC End Sequences (BESs)



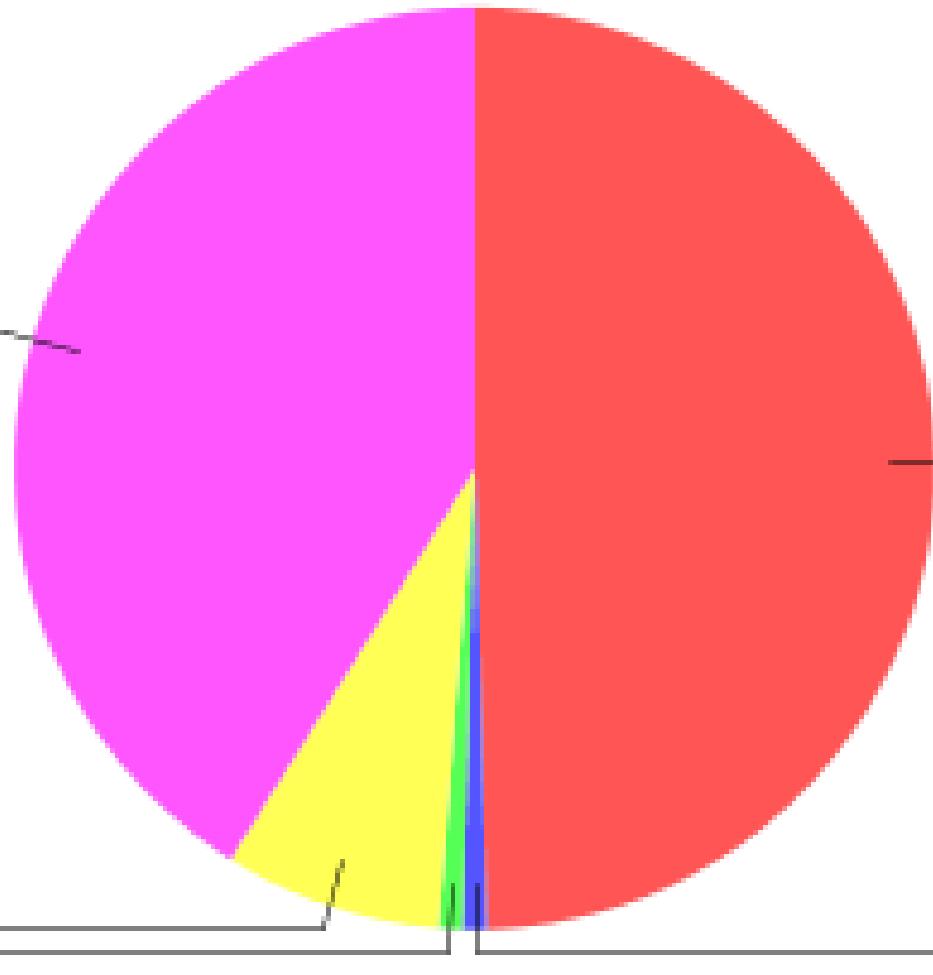
Repetitive DNA

Type	Number of elements	Length	% of sequence
Retroelements	363	122159	5.84
SINEs:	0	0	0.00
LINEs:	30	5637	0.27
RTE/Bov-B	3	1550	0.07
L1/CIN4	27	4087	0.20
LTR elements:	333	116522	5.57
Ty1/Copia	202	72181	3.45
Gypsy/DIRS1	131	44341	2.12
DNA transposons	32	9364	0.45
hobo-Activator	11	1584	0.08
Tc1-IS630-Pogo	1	359	0.02
En-Spm	16	6292	0.30
MuDR-IS905	3	604	0.03
Tourist/Harbinger	1	525	0.03
Unclassified:	2	353	0.02
Total interspersed repeats:		131876	6.30

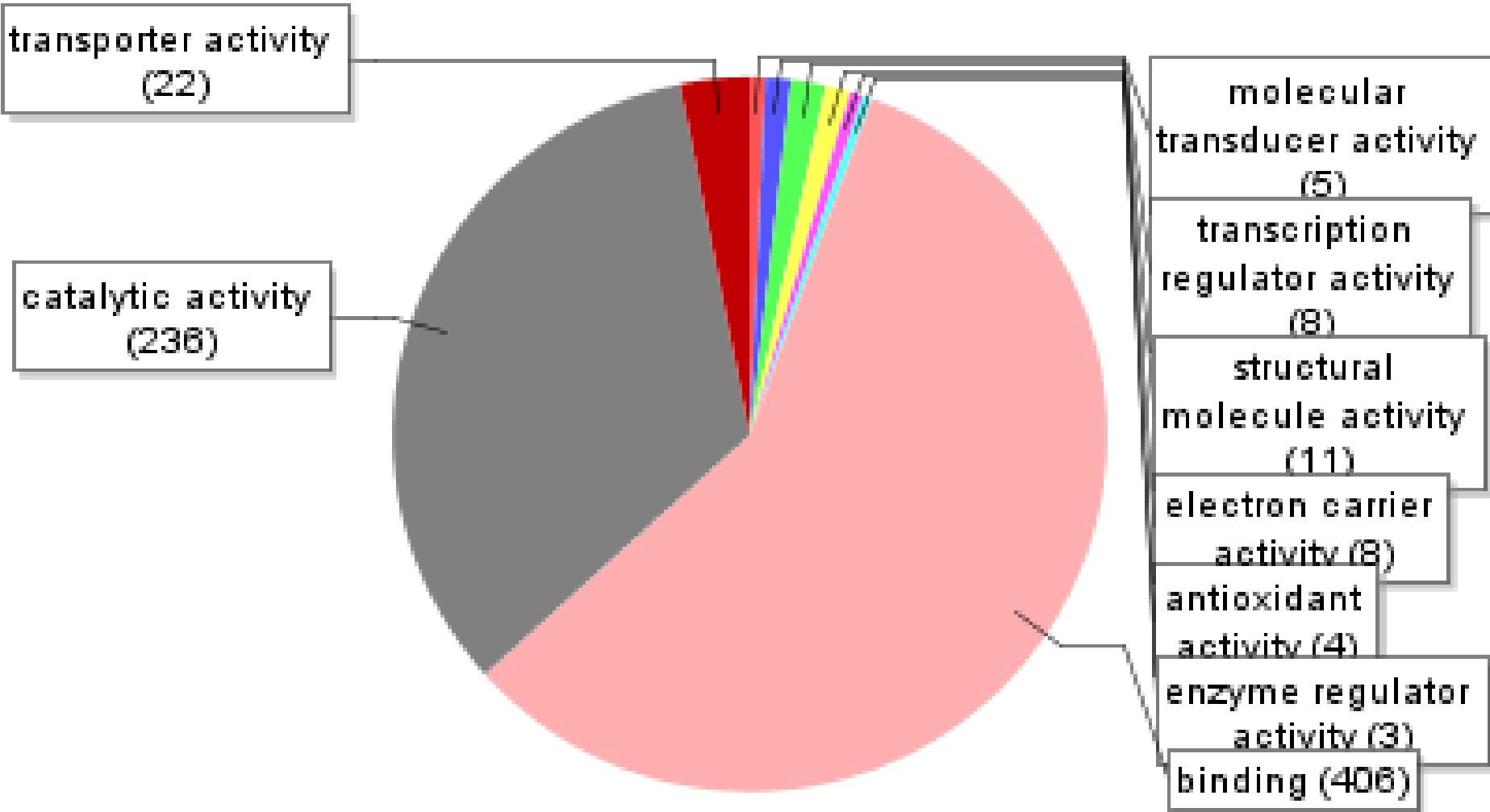
Gene ontology and annotation



Biological processes



Cellular component



Molecular function

Homology-based spinach gene identification

General physiological related genes

DNA or RNA polymerases, helicases, endonucleases

ATPases, GTPases

dehydrogenases, synthases, kinases

transcription factors (zinc-finger protein, bZIP, AP2, MYB)

translational activator and initiation factors

phytases, pectinases, germination proteins

Reproduction related genes

sex determining protein MOG-3

sexual development activator VeA

ovule development protein

pollen-specific kinase partner protein

fertility restorer homologues

Environmental response related genes

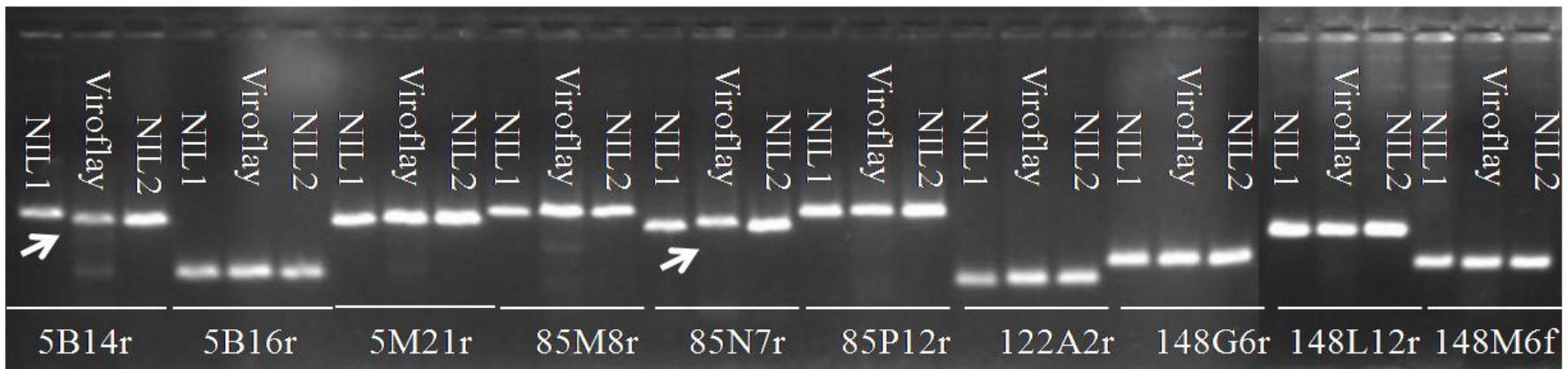
- 78 cytosolic heat shock proteins
- 11 cold acclimation proteins
- drought-induced proteins
- salt-induced proteins
- ethylene response factor

Disease resistance genes

- 25 resistance gene analogs

BES ID.	Putative function or domain	Genbank ID	E- value
001K18.r.scf	LRR protein	ABH09321	3.79E-10
001K20.r.scf	Pathogenesis-induced protein	ACG76109	4.49E-03
001D11.r.scf	Avr9/Cf-9 rapidly elicited protein	AAG43545	3.31E-09
005A15.f.scf	Plant disease resistance protein	AAG13430	9.52E-24
005G15.f.scf	LRR receptor-like kinase	AAV33327	3.29E-03
005M21.r.scf	LRR family protein	ABF95661	4.09E-45
005J03.r.scf	LRR protein	ABH09321	3.06E-09
005B14.r.scf	NBS-LRR resistance protein	ABJ99599	7.30E-26
005B16.r.scf	LRR protein	ABH09321	2.61E-07
005N08.r.scf	avr9 elicitor response protein	BAD17751	1.14E-16
085I17.f.scf	Plant viral-response protein	NP_001147351	1.17E-03
085M08.r.scf	LRR protein	XP_002883938	4.47E-19
085N07.r.scf	NBS-LRR protein	ADB66335	1.44E-15
085P19.r.scf	Nucleotide binding	NP_850474	6.48E-16
085P12.r.scf	LRR protein	XP_002519373	3.93E-28
122O12.f.scf	Disease resistance protein	ACM89590	8.58E-06
122A02.r.scf	CC-NBS-LRR resistance protein	XP_002328558	1.51E-02
122J03.f.scf	Disease resistance protein	ACP30609	5.92E-20
148K01.r.scf	Barley stem rust resistance protein	AAX92856	2.55E-02
148M06.f.scf	Putative disease resistance protein	AAM12333	1.21E-10
148G16.r.scf	LRR protein	ACC91251	5.35E-19
148L12.f.scf	Plant disease resistance protein	ACP30609	4.86E-12
148P24.r.scf	NBS-LRR resistance protein	XP_002328559	8.63E-04

Testing 10 spinach RGA primers on NIL1, NIL2 and Viroflay



5B14rF1/R3 (Viroflay x Lion)BC3

NL1
Lion

Viroflay

R1-R14

S1-S6

Line 1

NL1
Lion

Viroflay

R1-R9

S1-S11

Line 2

NL1
Lion

Viroflay

R1-R6

S1-S14

Line 3

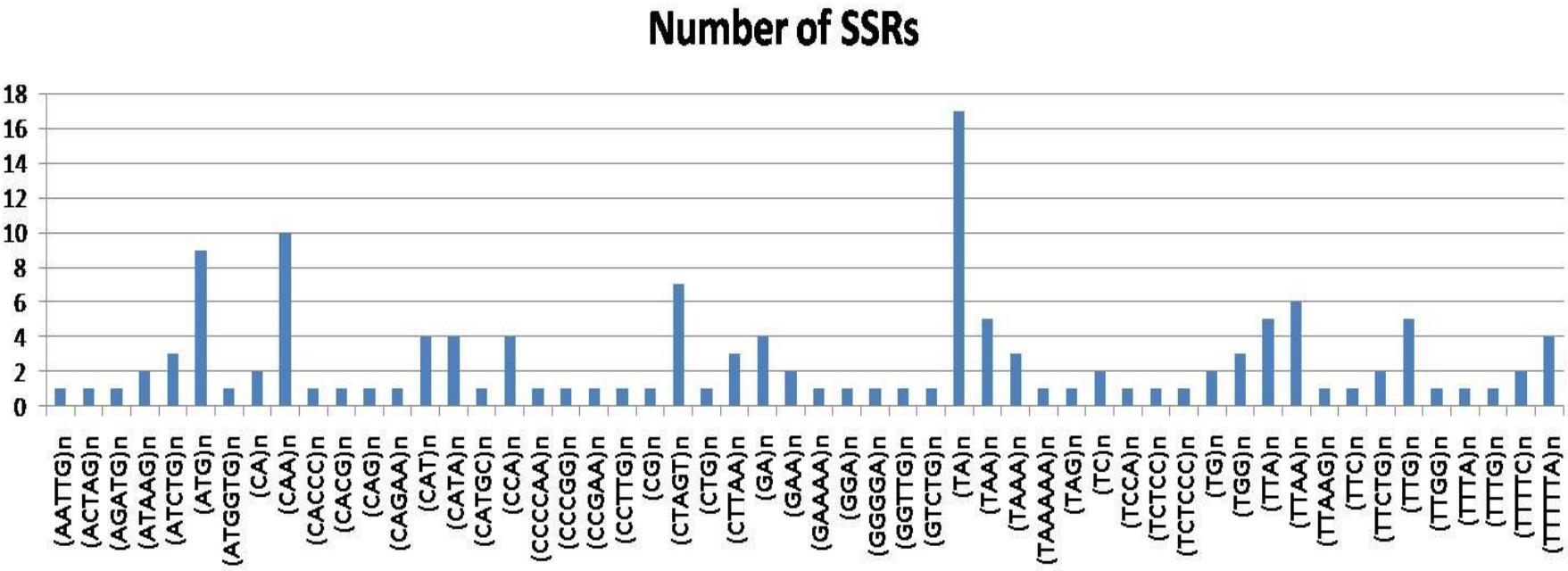
NL1
Lion

R1-R6

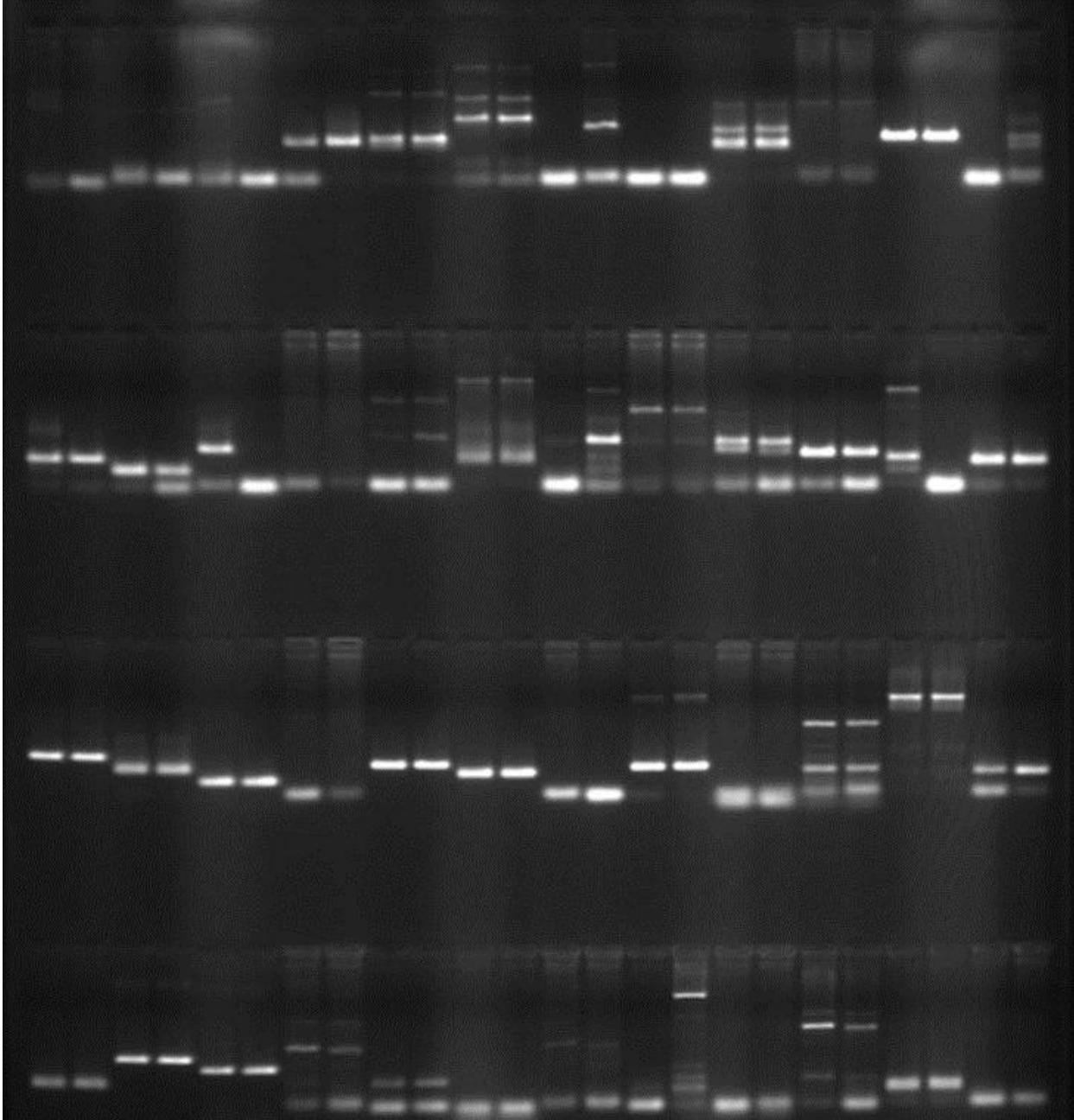
S1-S14

Line 4

SSR identification and marker development



- 154 microsatellite or simple sequence repeats (SSRs) motifs
- di-, tri-, tri-, tetra-, penta-, and hexa- nucleotide repeats
- 100 pairs of SSR primers were developed



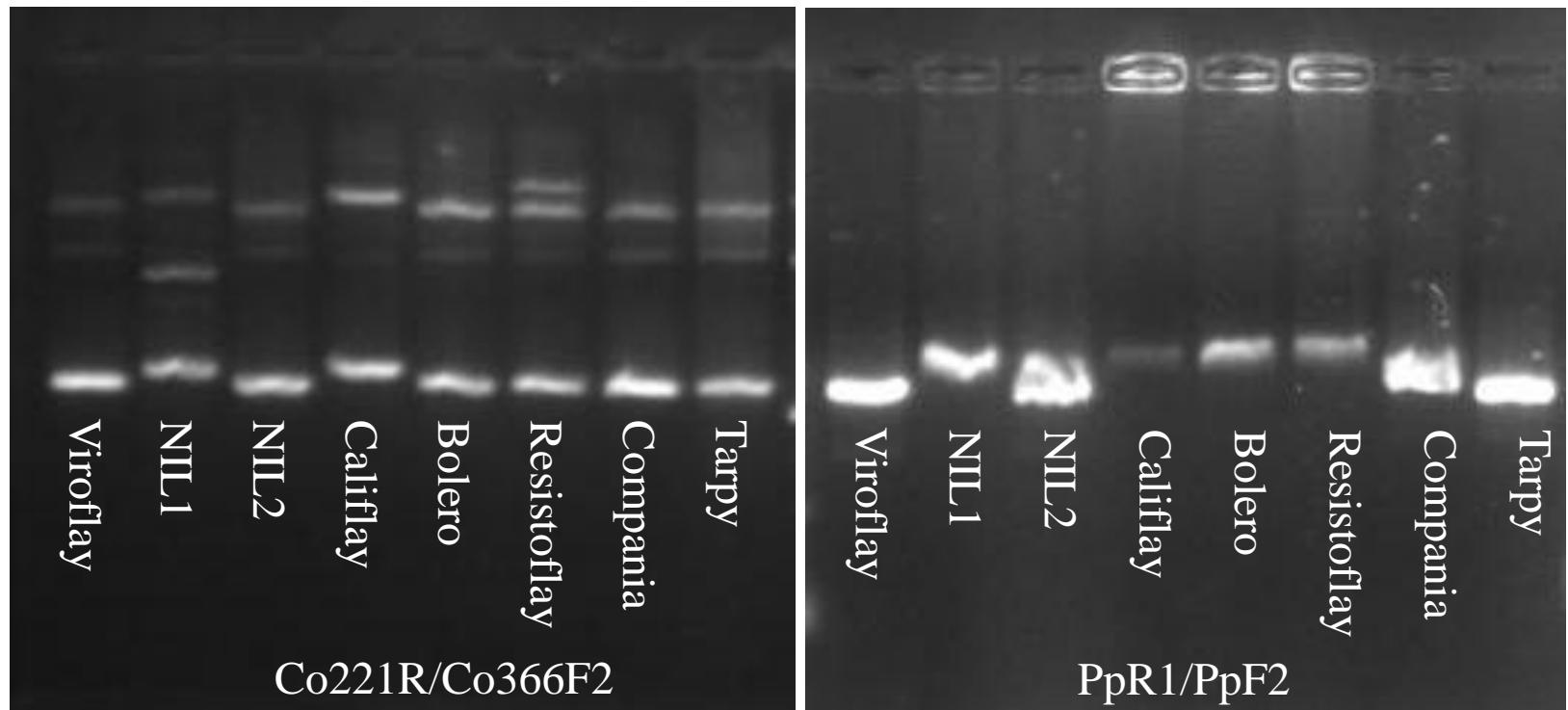
Testing 48 SSR primers on the resistant and susceptible
bulks of the (Viroflay x Lion)BC₃ population

Diversity of spinach germplasm revealed by Sp026

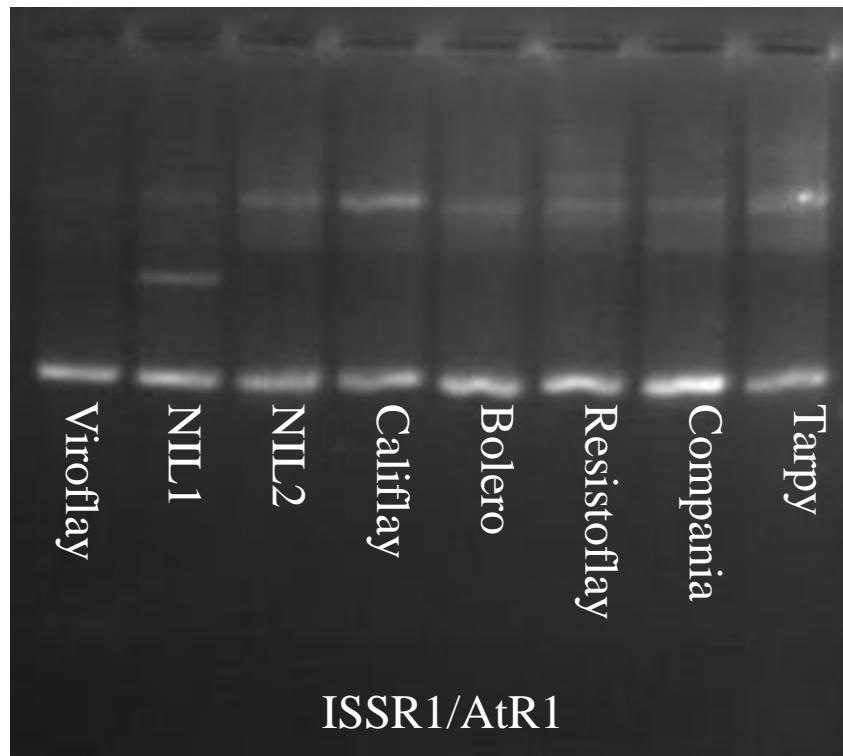
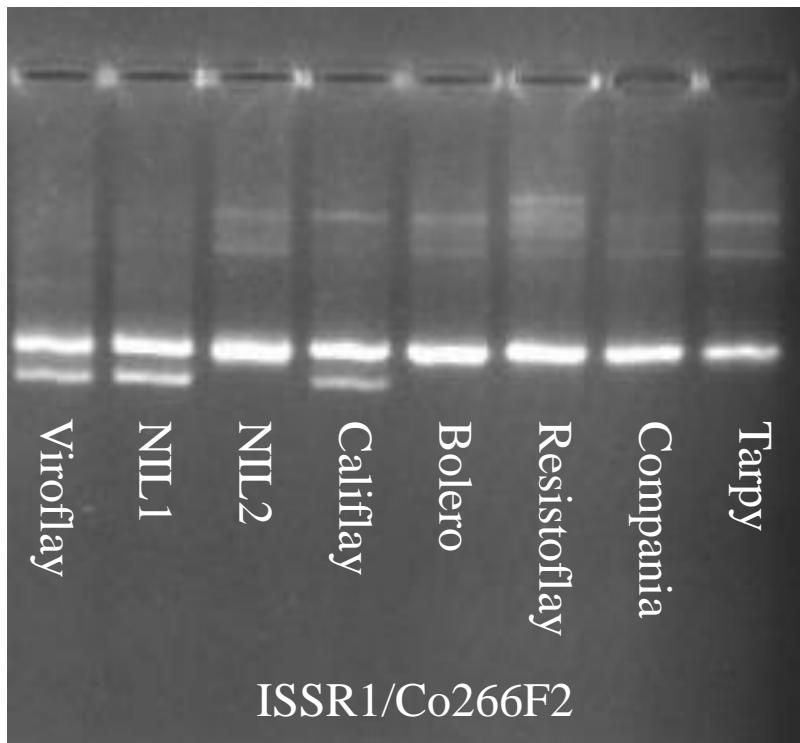
Genotype 1-24

Genotype 25-48

Inter-Retrotransposon Amplified Polymorphism (IRAP)



Retrotransposon-Microsatellite Amplified Polymorphism (REMAP)



Summary

- Constructed a high spinach BAC library
 - 73,728 clones
 - Ave. insert size 183kb
 - ~13 x coverage
- BAC end sequences
 - 20% BESSs containing repetitive sequences
 - ~6% total length are repetitive sequences
 - Gene identification and annotation
 - Marker development (SSRs, IRAP, and REMAP)