# 2003 Chartbook on Disability in Arkansas 

2003 Arkansas BRFSS<br>"Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System"

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## Summary of Findings:

## Demographics:

Overall, 15\% of people in Arkansas have a moderate disability and 9\% have a severe disability. Persons with disabilities are more likely to be female, older, have less education, lower income, less likely to be married or living with a partner, and less likely to be working.

## Health Status:

Persons with disabilities are more likely to rate their general, physical, and mental health as poor and more likely to say that poor health impacts their daily activities.

## Health Care Coverage and Access:

More persons with moderate disability have no health care coverage. Persons with disabilities are more likely to have a personal doctor but are also more likely not to see that doctor due to cost.

## Preventive Health Activities:

Persons with disabilities are less likely to exercise, but are more likely to eat 5 fruits and vegetables a day, more are told to lose weight, but more have been given vaccinations, they have less sunburn, smoke more, and drink less. However, persons with moderate disabilities do more binge drinking. Persons with disabilities are slightly more likely to have been tested for HIV, however fewer are being told about sexually transmitted disease prevention through condom use.

## Chronic Health Conditions:

Persons with disabilities are more likely to have diabetes, high blood pressure, high cholesterol, asthma, and arthritis, but more have had their blood cholesterol checked.

## Cardiovascular Health:

Persons with disabilities are more likely to have had a heart attack, angina, and/or a stroke.

## Veterans:

More persons with moderate disabilities are veterans. More persons with disabilities get some or all of their health care from VA facilities.

## Women's Health:

More women with disabilities have had a mammogram and fewer pay for all of the cost of that mammogram. Slightly more have had breast cancer, slightly more have ever had a pap smear. Of those women who have had a pap smear, women with disabilities are much less likely to have had a pap smear in the last 3 years. Women with disabilities are more likely to have had a hysterectomy.

## An Introduction: Arkansas 2003 BRFSS What is the BRFSS? ${ }^{1}$

In the early 1980s, the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention worked with states to develop the Behavioral Risk Factor Surveillance System (BRFSS). The CDC developed standard core questionnaire for states to use to provide data that could be compared across states. This state-based survey, the first of its kind, collected, a nalyzed, and published information on the prevalence of risk behaviors among Americans on a variety of health issues. The primary focus of these surveys has been on behaviors that are linked with the leading causes of death-heart disease, cancer, stroke, dia betes, and injury-a nd other important health issues. These behaviors include:

- Not getting enough physical activity.
- Being overweight.
- Not using seatbelts.
- Using tobacco and alcohol.
- Not getting preventive medicalcare-mammograms, Pap smears, colorectal cancerscreening tests, and flu shots

This information is essential for pla nning, conducting, and evaluating public health programs at the national, state, and local levels. State and local health departments rely hea vily on BRFSS data to:

- Detemine prionty health issues a nd identify populations at highest risk.
- Develop strategic plans and target prevention programs.
- Monitor the effectiveness of intervention strategies a nd progress toward prevention goals.
- Educate the public, the health community, and policymakers about disease prevention.
- Support community policies that promote health and prevent disease.


## The 2003 BRFSS in Arkansas

During the 2003 year, 4207 randomly selected adults ( 1585 men and 2622 women) participated in the Arkansas BRFSS telephone survey. Interviews were conducted and supervised by trained telephone research interviewers at Clearwater Research, Inc. The data were then weighted to be representative of the sex and age distribution of Arkansas. Unless othenwise noted, percentages and numbers presented in this report use weighted data.

[^0]
## Defining Disability Status:

In the 2003 BRFSS, the core disability questions consisted of-1. Are you limited in any way in any activities because of physical, mental, or emotional problems?, 2. Do you now have any health problem that requires you to use special equipment, such as a cane, a wheelchair, a special bed, or a special telephone?

A disability module was added to the Arkansas state questionnaire. This module consisted of 4 questions asked only of those people who answered yes to either of the above initial disability questions (see Table 2). The additional 4 questions included-1. What is the farthest distance that you can walk by yourself, without any special equipment or help from others?, 2. Because of any impairment or health problem, do you need the help of other people with your personal care needs, such as eating, bathing, dressing, or getting around the house?, 3. Because of any impairment or health problem, do you need the help of other persons in handling your routine needs, such as everyday household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting around for other purposes?, 4. In general, how satisfied are you with your life?

Table 1 below shows the percentage of respondents who were defined as having:

- No disabilities (answering no to both core questions),
- Moderate disabilities (answering yes to either core question but not needing any additional help and able to walk greater than the length of a house), or
- Severe disabilities (answering yes to either core question and needing any additional help or unable to walk more than the length of a house).

| Table 1. Disability Status | Yes <br> Number (\%) |
| :--- | :---: |
| No Disa bility | $3124(74.3)$ |
| Moderate Disa bility | $621(14.8)$ |
| Severe Disa bility | $363(8.6)$ |

As can be seen from Table 1, 23.4\% of adult Arkansans are living with either a moderate or severe disability. This is $4 \%$ higher than the $19 \%$ rate of disability for the U.S. population reported by the 2000 U.S. Census at www.census.gov/press-release/www/2002/cb02ff11.html .

Table 2. Disability Questions 2003 Arkansas BRFSS*unweighted data
Yes
Number (\%)
The following two disability screening questions were asked of all respondents (denominator $=4207$ ).

1015 (24.1)

1. Are you limited in any way in any a ctivities bec a use of physical, mental, oremotional problems?
2. Do you now have any health problem that requires you

325 (7.7) to use special equipment, such as a cane, a wheelchair, a special bed, or a special telephone?

The following four questions were asked only of those respondents who answered yes to either of the above screening questions (denominator = 1093).

1. What is the farthest distance that you can walk by yourself, without a ny special equipment or help from others?
$\square$ Notany distance

- Across a small room
$\square$ About the length of a typical house
$\square$ About one or two city blocks
$\square$ About one mile
172 (15.7)
$\square$ More than one mile

2. Because of any impaiment or health problem, do you need the help of others with your personal care needs, such as eating, bathing, dressing, orgetting a round the house?
3. Because of any impaiment or health problem, do you need the help of others in handling your routine needs, such as everyday household chores, doing necessary business, shopping, or getting a round for other purposes?
4. In general, how satisfied are you with your life?
$\square$ Very satisfied

- Satisfied

615 (56.3)

- Dissa tisfied 114 (10.4)
$\square$ Very dissatisfied
54 (4.9)


## Demographics

Table 3. Distribution of Demographic Characteristics

| Percent of | Demographics | Number | Percent of Those <br> with any Disability |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

Gender

| 47.9\% | Male | 459 | 23.3\% |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 52.1\% | Female | 524 | 24.5\% |
| Age |  |  |  |
| 50.0\% | 18-44 | 324 | 15.9\% |
| 31.7\% | 45-64 | 393 | 30.3\% |
| 18.3\% | $65+$ | 263 | 35.1\% |
| Race |  |  |  |
| 84.5\% | White | 838 | 24.3\% |
| 10.5\% | Black | 87 | 20.4\% |
| 2.3\% | Hispanic | 14 | 14.9\% |
| 2.8\% | Other | 39 | 34.5\% |
| Marital Status |  |  |  |
| 79.0\% | Maried or Have Partner | 644 | 23.0\% |
| 21.0\% | Not Mamied | 251 | 33.6\% |

Education

| $12.5 \%$ | Less than High School | 190 | $37.2 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $63.4 \%$ | High School Graduate | 631 | $24.3 \%$ |
| $24.2 \%$ | College Graduate | 159 | $16.0 \%$ |

Income

| $23.1 \%$ | $<\$ 20,000$ | 319 | $37.8 \%$ |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $45.4 \%$ | $\$ 20,000-\$ 50,000$ | 381 | $23.0 \%$ |
| $31.5 \%$ | $>\$ 50,000$ | 172 | $14.9 \%$ |

Employment

| $59.7 \%$ | Employed | 354 | $14.5 \%$ |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $5.2 \%$ | Out of Work | 86 | $40.8 \%$ |
| $8.6 \%$ | Homemaker | 72 | $20.4 \%$ |
| $4.0 \%$ | Student | 15 | $9.1 \%$ |
| $15.8 \%$ | Retired | 216 | $33.3 \%$ |
| $6.7 \%$ | Unable to Work | 239 | $87.2 \%$ |

## Disability Rates in Arkansas

## Overa ll Distribution of Disa bility

In Arkansas, $74 \%$ of a dults have no disability, $15 \%$ have a moderate disability (endorse having some limitation but do not need outside additional help), and 9\% have a severe disability (endorse some limitation and either need outside additional help orcannot walk the length of a house).

## Overall Disability Rates in Arkansas



## Who Participated in the Survey?

## Demographics

Although the gender distribution of those with no disability is comparable, more men have a moderate disability but more women have a severe disability.

Disability by Gender


## Who Participated in the Survey?

Demographics
Although the majority of all participants have no disability-as age increases rates of disability a lso increase.

## Disability by Age



## Who Participated in the Survey?

## Demographics

Disa bility sta tus varies by race. Blacks have higher rates of severe disability and whites have higher rates of moderate disability. Hispanics have low rates of severe disability and high rates of moderate disability. Although persons in the "other" race category have the highest rates of disability, both these data and the "Hispanic" data should be viewed carefully due to the small number of people in these categories (see percent of total sample on Table 3).

Disability by Race



## Who Participated in the Survey?

Demographics
For those participants who were not marmied orliving with a partner the rate of severe disability (12\%) is higher than for those who have partners (8\%).

## Disability by Marital Status

| $\square$ No Disability $\quad$ 日 Moderate Disability $\quad$ ■ Severe Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



## Who Participated in the Survey?

Demographics
Disa bility rates vary by educ ation level. Rates of disability are signific antly higher for those respondents who have less than a high school degree, than for those respondents who have more education.

## Disability by Education



## Who Participated in the Survey?

Demographics
Disability is related to income. Those respondents who report highest rates of disability also report lowest household income.

Disability by Household Income


## Who Participated in the Survey?

Demographics
Persons with disabilities are more likely to be unable to work, be out of work, or be retired than persons without disa bilities.

Disability by Employment


## Health Status

## Health Status

## General Health

Question: Would you say that your general health is "excellent," "very good," "good," "fair," or "poor"?

As sevenity of disa bility inc reases, the perception of fair or poor health also dramatic ally increases. Of those who say their health is fair or poor, only $10 \%$ are those with no disability, $38 \%$ are those with a moderate disability, and $73 \%$ are those with a severe disability.

## Perception of General Health



## Health Status

## Physical Health

Question: Now thinking about your physic al health, which includes physical illness and injury, for how many days during the past 30 days was your physical health not good?

As severity of disa bility inc reases, the rating of poor physic al health also dramatic ally increases. Of those who rate their physic al health as not good more than one week in the past month, only 7\% are those with no disability, the rate quadruples to $30 \%$ for those with a moderate disability, and more than doubles a gain to $70 \%$ for those with a severe disability.

Physical Health in Last 30 Days


## Health Status

## Mental Health

Question: Now thinking about your mental health, which inc ludes stress, depression, and problems with emotions, for how many days during the past 30 days was your mental health not good?

As severity of disability increases, the rating of poor mental health a lso dramatic ally increases. For those who rate their mental health not good for more than one week in the past 30 days, $10 \%$ were those with no disability, the rate more than doublesto $23 \%$ for those with a moderate disability, a nd almost doubles aga in to $42 \%$ for those with a severe disability.

## Mental Health in Last 30 Days



## Health Status

## Poor Health

Question: During the past 30 days, for about how many days did poor physic al or mental health keep you from doing your usual activities, such as selfcare, work or recreation?

As severity of disa bility inc reases, the more poor hea lth affects da ily a ctivities. For those who said that poor health kept them from their regular activities for more than one week in the past 30 days, only $3 \%$ are those with no disability, the rate increases to $17 \%$ for those with a moderate disability, and increases to $55 \%$ for those with a severe disability.

Poor Health in Last 30 Days


## Health Status

## Life Satisfaction (Only Asked of Those with Disabilities)

Question: *In general, how satisfied are you with your life?
*Asked only of persons with disa bilities.
Although most persons with a disa bility report to be either satisfied or very satisfied with their lives, those with a severe disability say they are "Very Satisfied" with their life at nearly half the rate ( $18 \%$ ) of those with a moderate disability ( $32 \%$ ).

Life Satisfaction


## Health Care Coverage and Access

## Health Care Coverage and Access

## Health Care Coverage

Question: Do you have any kind of health care coverage, including health insurance, prepaid planssuch as HMOs, or govemment planssuch as Medicare?

Regardless of disability status, about one out of five persons do not ha ve health care coverage. Those with a moderate disability have the highest rates of no coverage at one out of four.

## Have Health Care Coverage



## Health Care Coverage and Access

## Health Care Access

Question: Do you have one person you think of as your personal doctor or health care provider?

Regardless of disability status, most respondents report having a personal doctor or health care provider. However, more respondents with a disability report having one person as their personal health care provider.

One Person as Your Personal Health Care Provider


## Health Care Coverage and Access

## Health Care Access

Question: Wasthere a time in the past 12 months when you needed to see a doctor but could not because of the cost?

Although most people do not experience a banier to seeing a doctordue to the cost, as severity of disability increases, the more likely a bamier exists due to cost. When compared to rates for persons with no disability (12\%), the rate of not seeing a doctordue to cost is more than double forpersons with a moderate disability (26\%), and more than triple for persons with a severe disa bility (37\%).

Could Not See Doctor Because of Cost


## Preventive Health Activities

## Preventive Health Activities

## Exercise

Question: During the past month, other than your regular job, did you partic ipate in any physic al activities or exerc ise such as running, calisthenics, golf, gardening, or walking for exercise?

The percentage of respondents participating in physic al activity or exercise decreases as severity of disability inc reases. In fact, the majority of those with a severe disability report no activity or exerc ise in the past months other than their regularjob.

## Exercise

## - No Disability 日Moderate Disability $\quad$ ISevere Disability



## Preventive Health Activities

## Nutrition

Question: Are you eating or drinking five fruits or vegetablesevery day?
Although a majority of respondents, regardless of disability status, do not eat or drink five fruits or vegetables perday, more of those with a severe disa bility report eating five fruits orvegetables every day than those with a moderate orno disability.

Five-A-Day


## Preventive Health Activities

## Weight

Question: In the past 12 months, hasa doctor, nurse, or other health professional given you advice about your weight?

The majonity of respondents have not received advice from their doctor about their weight; however, higher percentages of those with a disability were told to lose weight orgain weight when compared to those with no disability.

Advice about Weight


## Preventive Health Activities

## Immunizations

Question: During the past 12 months, have you had a flu shot?
The majority of those with a severe disability report having had a flu shot in the past twelve months (54\%). Percentages were slightly lower for those with a moderate disability (45\%), and even lower for those with no disability (34\%).

Flu Shot
$\square$ No Disability $\quad$ 日 Moderate Disability $\quad$ D Severe Disability


## Preventive Health Activities

## Immunizations

Question: Have you ever had a pneumonia shot? This shot is usually given only once ortwice in a person's lifetime and is different from the flu shot. It is also called the pneumococcal vaccine.

As sevenity of disa bility increases, so does the percentage of those saying they have had a pneumococcalvaccine. Around two out five of those partic ipants with a severe disability have had a pneumococcal vaccine compared to fewerthan one in five of those without a disa bility.

## Pneumonia Shot



## Preventive Health Activities

## Sunbum

Question: Have you had sunbum within the past 12 months (this includes any time that even a small part of your skin was red for more than 12 hours)?

The majority of all respondents do not report having had a sunbum in the last 12 months, and as severity of disability inc reases, the percentages of those having had a sunbum decreases.

Sunburn


## Preventive Health Activities

## Tobacco and Alcohol Use

Question: Have you ever smoked at least 100 cigarettes and do you now smoke?
Over a third of those with a severe disability (36\%) are current smokers, $29 \%$ of those with a moderate disability are current smokers, and $23 \%$ of those with no disability are current smokers. The majority of those with no disability (54\%) have never smoked.

## Smoking

| $\square$ No Disability $\quad$ 日 Moderate Disability | ■ Severe Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



## Preventive Health Activities

## Tobacco and Alcohol Use

Question: A drink of alc ohol is 1 can or bottle of beer, 1 glass of wine, 1 can or bottle of wine cooler, 1 cocktail or 1 shot of liquor. During the past 30 days, how often have you had at least one drink of a ny alc oholic beverage?

While the majority of all respondents report not drinking any alcohol in the last 30 days, those with a severe disability had the lowest rate of drinking alcohol (30\%).

## Any Alcohol in Last 30 Days



## Preventive Health Activities

## Tobacco and Alcohol Use

Question: In the last 30 days, did you ever have more than 5 drinks on one occasion?

The vast majority of all respondents do not report having more than 5 drinks on one occasion in the last 30 days, although those with a moderate disability report the highest rate of binge drinking (16\%) and those with severe disability report the lowest rate (6\%) when compared to those with no disability (13\%).

## Binge Drinking

| $\square$ No Disability $\quad$ 日 Moderate Disability | ITSevere Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



## Preventive Health Activities

## HIV and AIDS Prevention

Question: Have you ever been tested for HIV? Do not count tests you may have had aspart of a blood donation.

Nearly half of all respondents report having had an HIV test, with slightly fewer of those with no disability saying they have had a test for HIV compared to those with disabilities.

HIV test


## Preventive Health Activities

## HIV and AIDS Prevention

Question: In the past 12 months has a doctor, nurse, or other health professional talked to you about preventing sexually transmitted disea ses through condom use?

An overwhelming majority of respondents have not had a doctor or health care professional disc uss preventing sexually transmitted disease through condom use. As sevenity of disability inc reasesfewer respondents report that a professional had discussed the prevention of sexually transmitted diseases with them.

STD Prevention Through Condom Use


## Chronic Health Conditions

## Chronic Health Conditions

## Physical Risk Factors

Question: Have you ever been told by a doctor that you have diabetes?
As the severity of disa bility inc reases the rate of diabetesalso inc reases, with almost one in five of those with a severe disability reporting diabetescompared to one in twenty of those with no disability.

## Diabetes



## Chronic Health Conditions

## Physical Risk Factors

Question: Have you ever been told by a doctorthat you have high blood pressure?

As severity of disa bility inc reases, the rate of having high blood pressure also increases, with more than half of those with a severe disability reporting high blood pressure, and more than two fifths of those with a moderate disability compared to one fourth of those with no disability reporting high blood pressure.

High Blood Pressure


## Chronic Health Conditions

## Physical Risk Factors

Question: Blood cholesterol is a fatty substance found in the blood. Have you ever had your blood cholesterol checked?

The majority of respondents have had their blood cholesterol checked, and as severity of disability increases, the percentage of those having had their cholesterol checked increases as well.

Blood Cholesterol Checked

| ロNo Disability | 日Moderate Disability | USevere Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



## Chronic Health Conditions

## Physical Risk Factors

Question: Have you ever been told by a doctor, nurse, or other health professional that your blood cholesterol is high?

Higher percentages of those with a disability have been told they have high cholesterol compared to those without a disability.

## Blood Cholesterol High



## Chronic Health Conditions

## Physical Risk Factors

Question: Have you ever been told by a doctor, nurse, or other health professional that you had asthma and do you still have it?

The vast majority of respondents have never been told they have asthma. However, higher percentages of those with a disability report being told they have asthma, those with a severe disability being five times more likely to have been told they have asthma than those with no disability.

## Asthma



## Chronic Health Conditions

## Physical Risk Factors

Question: Have you ever been told by a doctor orother health professional that you have some form of arthnitis, meumatoid arthnitis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia?

Those with a severe disability were more than three times more likely to have been told by a doctor or health professional that they have some form of arthritis, meumatoid arthnitis, gout, lupus, or fibromyalgia compared to those without a disability.

## Arthritis

| $\square$ No Disability | 目 Moderate Disability | U Severe Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



## Cardiovascular Health

## Cardiovascular Health

## Heart Attack

Question: Have you ever been told by a doctororother health professional that you have had a heart attack?

As severity of disa bility inc reases, rate of heart attack also inc reases. Those with a severe disability were more than six times more likely to have been told by a doctor or health professional that they have had a heart attack compared to those with no disability.

Heart Attack


## Cardiovascular Health

## Angina

Question: Have you ever been told by a doctor orother health professional that you have angina?

As severity of disability inc reases, rate of angina also inc reases. Those with a severe disability were more than six times more likely to have been told by a doctoror health professional that they have angina compared to those with no disability.


## Cardiovascular Health

## Stroke

Question: Have you ever been told by a doctor orother health professional that you have had a stroke?

As seventy of disa bility inc reases the rate of strokes dramatic ally inc reases. Those with a severe disability were more than thirteen times more likely to have been told by a doctoror health professional that they have had a stroke compared to those without a disability.

## Stroke



## Veterans

## Veterans

## Veteran

Question: Have you ever served on active duty in the United StatesAmed Forces, either in the regular military or in a National Guard or military reserve unit?

An overwhelming majority of respondents have not served on active duty in the United States Armed Forces, howeverthe highest percentage of veterans are those with a moderate disability.

## Veteran



## Veterans

## Veteran Health Care

Question: In the last 12 months have you received some or all of your health care from VA facilities?

Although the majority of all respondents have not received health care from VA facilities, higher percentages of those with a disability are more likely than those without a disability to have received such services.


## Women's Health

## Women's Health

## Mammography

Question: A mammogram is an x-ray of each breast to look for breast cancer. Have you everhad a mammogram?

Although the majority of all women say they have had a mammogram, the percentages of those saying they've had a mammogram increases as seventy of disability inc reases.

Had Mammogram

| $\square$ No Disability $\quad$ 日 Moderate Disability | $\boldsymbol{\\|}$ Severe Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



## Women's Health

## Mammography

Question: Forwomen over 39 years old, have you had a mammogram within the past 2 years?

The majority of women over the age of 39 have had a mammogram within the past 2 years regardless of disability status, with slightly more women with no disability reporting having a mammogram in the past 2 years..

Mammogram within past 2 years

| $\square$ No Disability | 目 Moderate Disability | US Severe Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



## Women's Health

## Mammography

Question: If you wanted to have a mammogram, would you have to pay for all, part, or none of the cost?

As seventy of disability increased the percentage of those who do not pay forany of the cost of a mammogram increased, although almost one in five women who have a severe disability still paid all of the cost of a mammogram.

Pay for Mammogram

| ロNo Disability $\quad$ 日 Moderate Disability | ■ Severe Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



## Women's Health

## Breast Cancer

Question: Have you ever had breast cancer?
Although the majority of women have not had breast cancer, as the severity of disability increased the percentage of those who have had breast cancermore than doubled.

## Ever Had Breast Cancer



## Women's Health

## Pap Smear

Question: A pap smear is a test forcancer of the cervix. Have you ever had a pap smear?

An overwhelming majority of respondents, regardless of ability, say they have had a pap smear with slightly more for those with a severe disability.

Pap Smear


## Women's Health

## Pap Smear

Question: Of those who have had a pap smear, have you had a pap smear within the last 3 years?

Although the majority of women have had a pap smear in the last three years, the percentage of those who reported not having a pap smear in the last three years increased as severity of disability inc reased, nearly double for those with a severe disability (37\%) when compared to those with no disability (19\%).

Pap Smear in last 3 years

| $\square$ No Disability | 目 Moderate Disability | ■ Severe Disability |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |



## Women's Health

## Hysterectomy

Question: Have you had a hysterectomy?
Overhalf of women with a severe disability have had a hysterectomy, over a third of those with a moderate disability have had a hysterectomy, while just a quarter of those without a disability have had this procedure.

## Hysterectomy




[^0]:    1http://www.cdc.gov/nccdphp/aag/aag_brfss.htm

