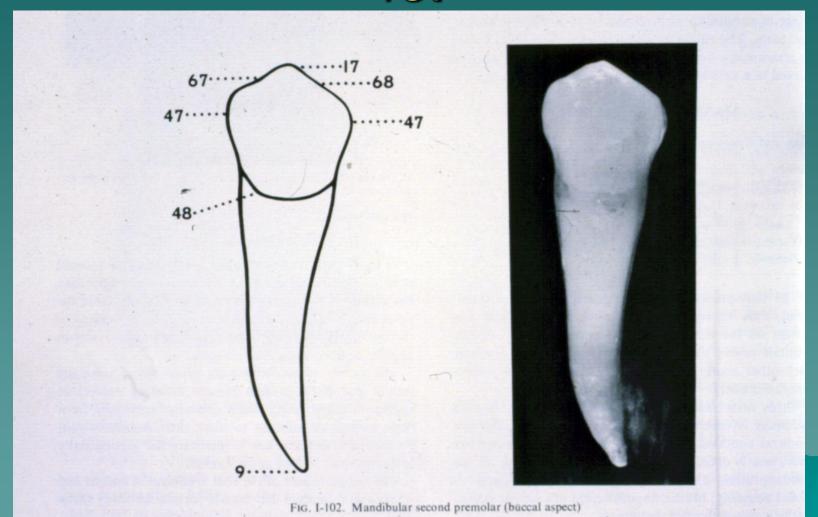
#### First Man Premolar Cusp Number



# 2<sup>nd</sup> Mandibular Premolar

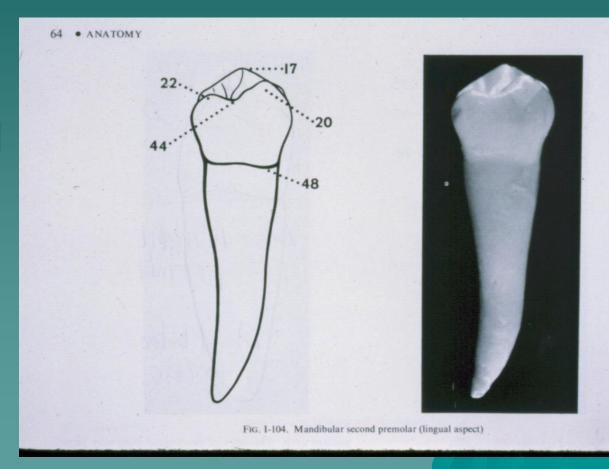


# 2<sup>nd</sup> Mn PM Buccal View Same as 1st



# 2<sup>nd</sup> Mn PM Lingual View

- B & L diameters almost equal
- Main L cusp20 as highand large asB 17
- DL cusp 22 smaller



# 2<sup>nd</sup> Mn PM Distal View

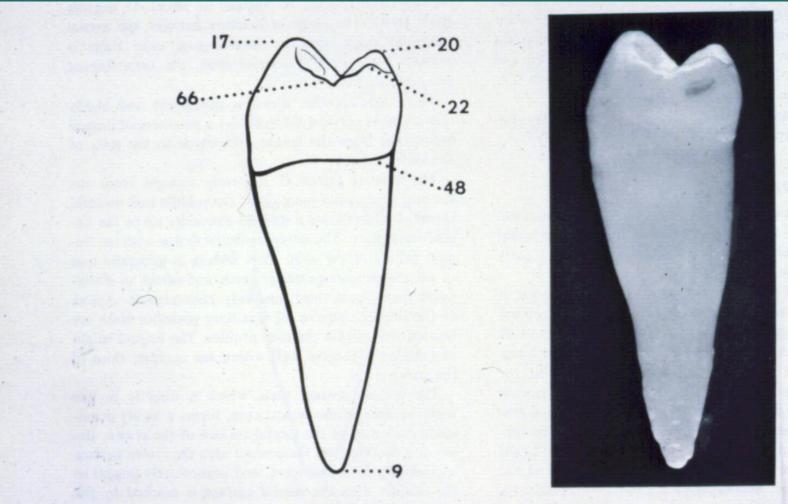
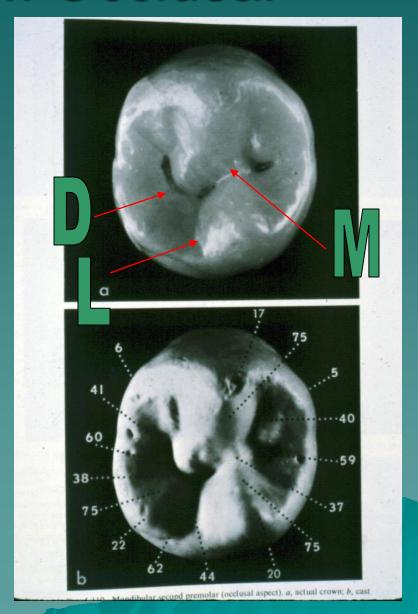


Fig. I-108. Mandibular second premolar (distal aspect)

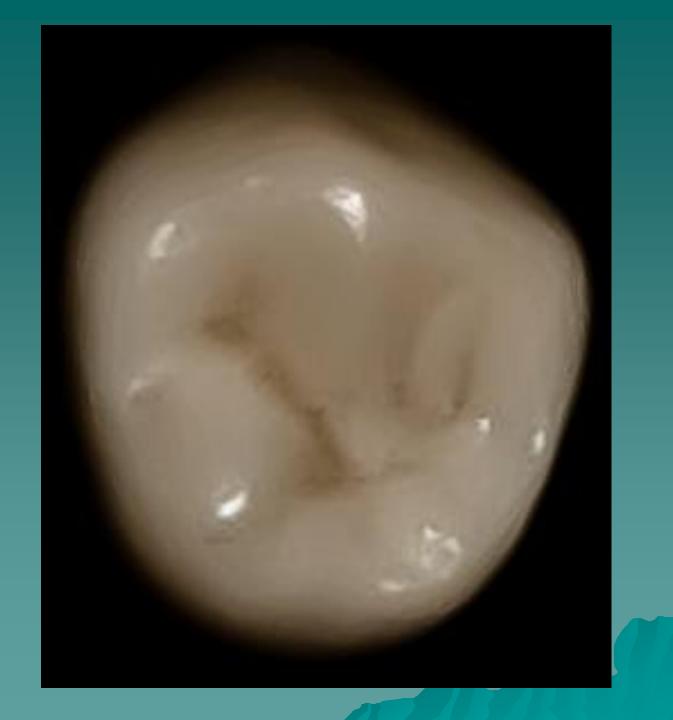
#### 2<sup>nd</sup> Mn PM Occlusal

- Outline nearly square
- BL and MD nearly=
- ◆ 3 cusps: B 7, ML 20, DL 22
- M 37, L 44, D 38 grooves form a Y
- M 59, D 60 fossae have pit and groove



# Mn Pm 2 Cusp Number Variation: 2 Rather Than 3 Cusps









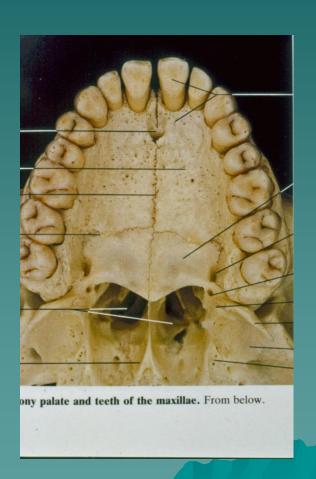




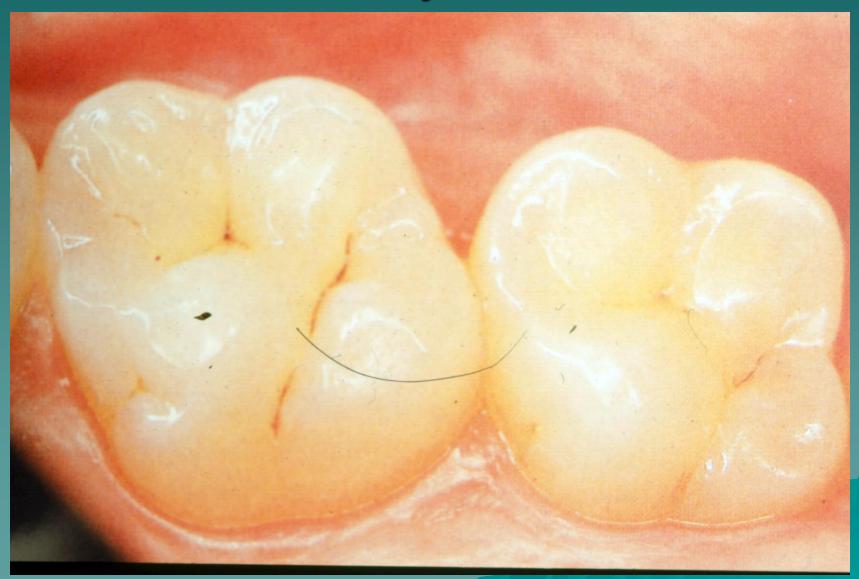
#### Molars – Class Traits

 Largest occlusal surfaces

- All 3 to 5 major cusps
- Only teeth with 2 Buccal cusps
- Have 2 or 3 large roots

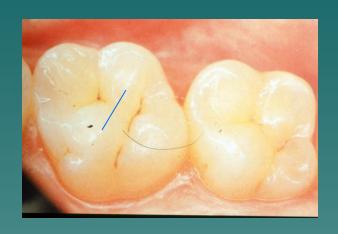


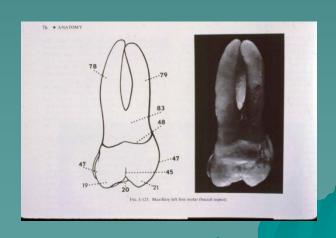
# Maxillary Molars

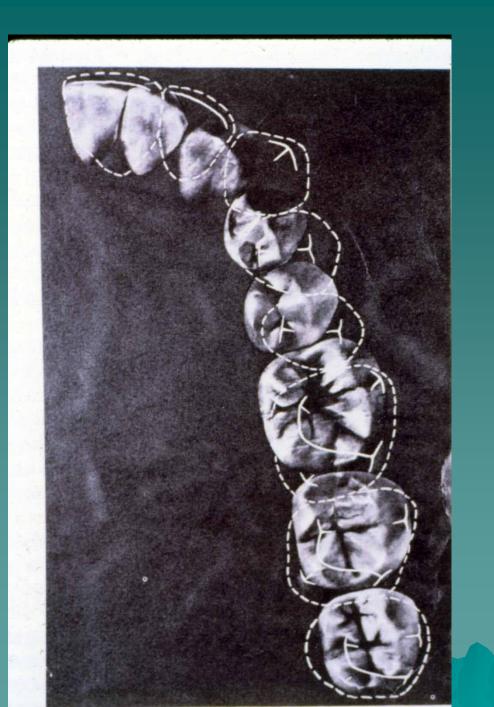


#### Max. Molars – Arch Traits

- ◆ 3 roots 2B and 1L
- 3 major cusps and one minor (DL minor cusp or absent)
- Crowns wider BL than MD
- MB, DB, ML cusps in triangular pattern
- DB & ML connected by Oblique Ridge (blue line)







#### 1<sup>st</sup> Max Molar

- → MB cusp 19
- ML cusp 20
- ◆ DB cusp 21
- ◆ DL cusp 22
- Triangular ridges
- Cusp ridges
- M marginal ridge
- D marginal ridge
- Oblique ridge 73



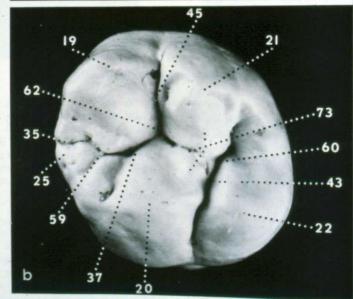
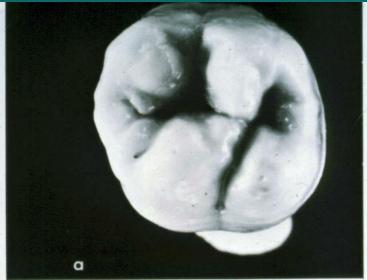


Fig. 1-135. Maxillary left first molar (occlusal aspect). a, actual crown; b, cast

#### MX M1

- Central pit 62
- M marginal groove35
- Mesial groove 37
- Buccal groove 45
- Distal groove (red)
- DL groove 43
- M triangular fossa
- D triangular fossa



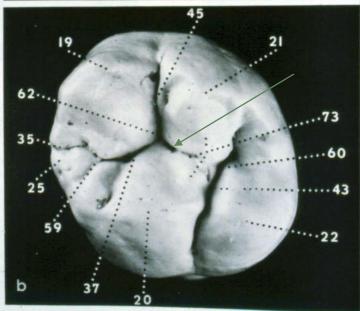


Fig. 1-135. Maxillary left first molar (occlusal aspect). a, actual crown; b, cast

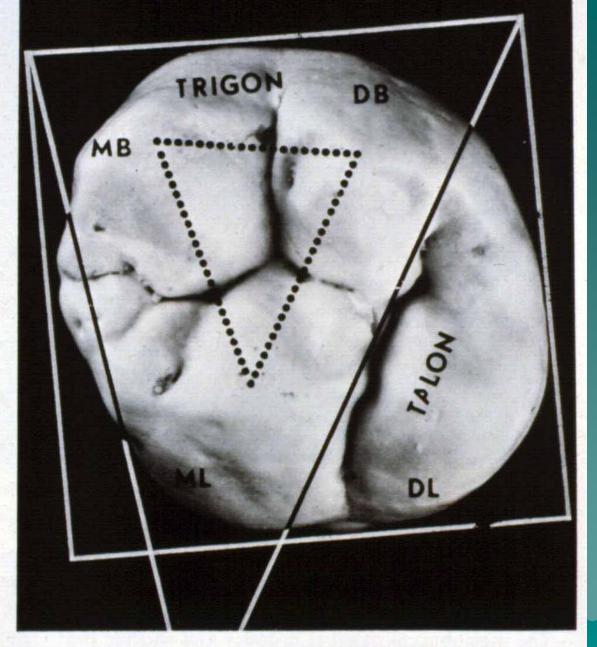
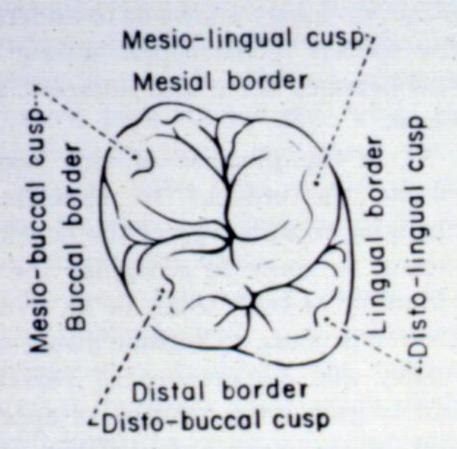


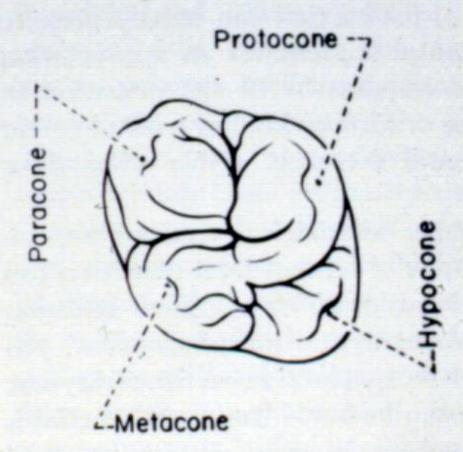
FIG. I-137. Triangular form of trigon and talon, maxillary left first molar (occlusal aspect). MB, mesiobuccal; DB, distobuccal; ML, mesiolingual; DL, distolingual.

Upper Right Permanent Molar

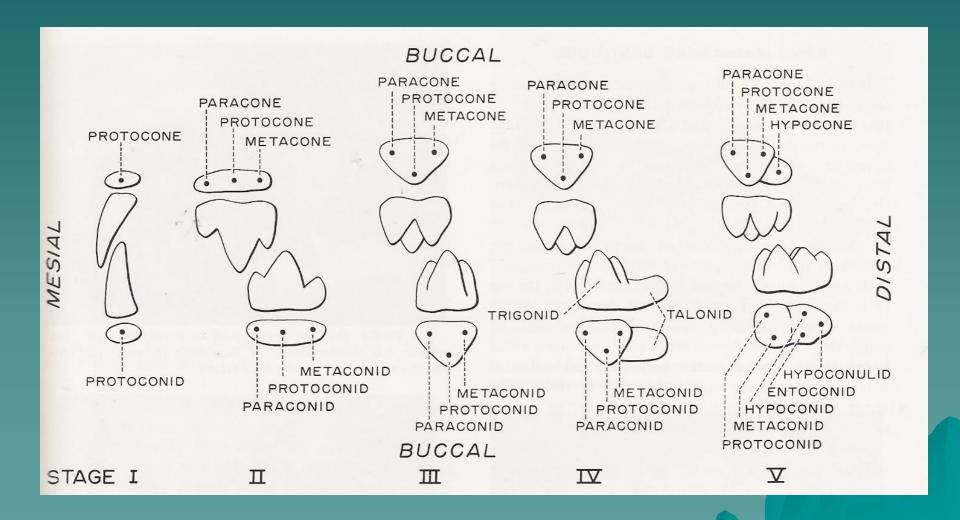
Dental terminology

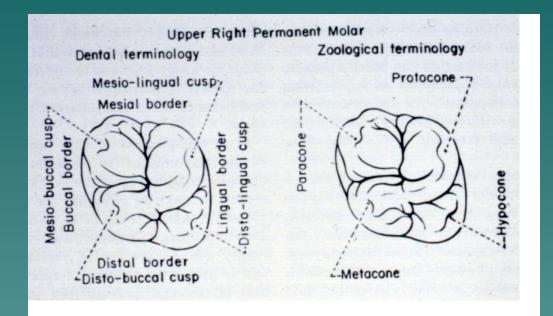
Zoological terminology

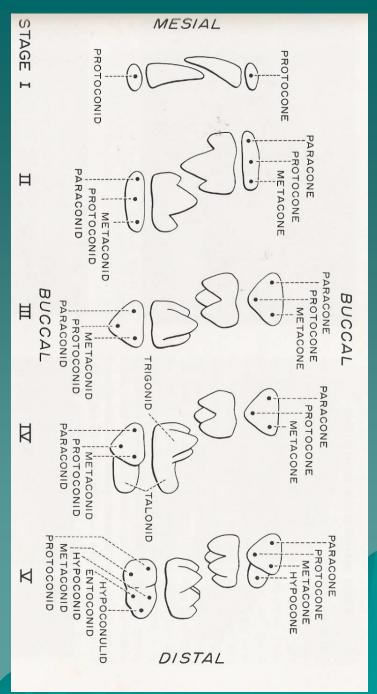




## Osborn Theory of Trituberculy



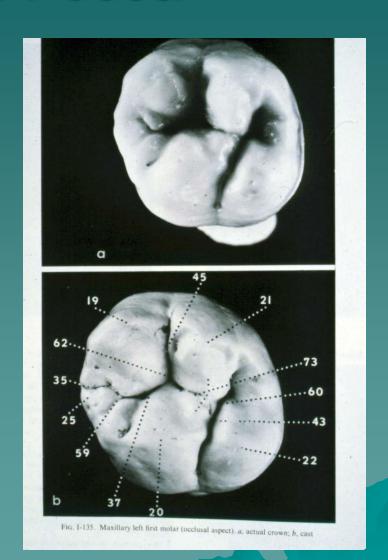




#### Central Fossa

- Central pit 62
- Buccal groove 45
- Dist Ling groove -43

Mesial groove - 37



#### Buccal View MX M1

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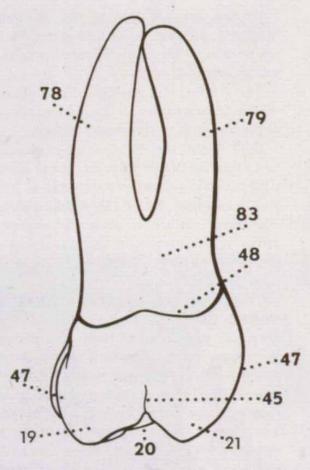
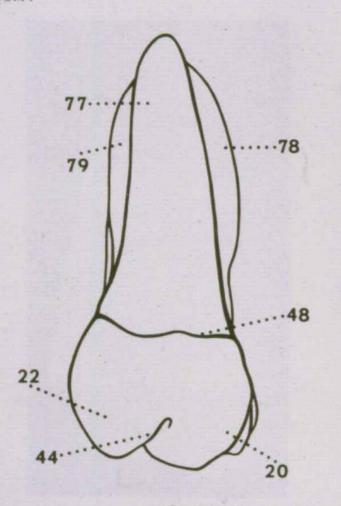




Fig. I-123. Maxillary left first molar (buccal aspect)

# Lingual View

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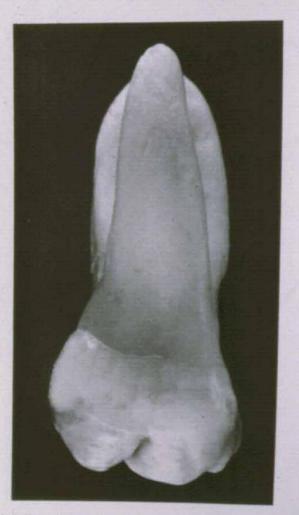


Fig. I-126. Maxillary left first molar (lingual aspect)

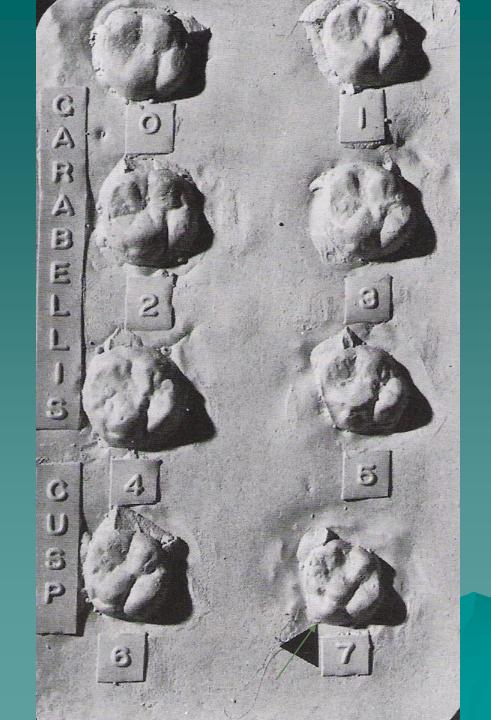
## Cusp 3 – Metacone DB cusp Absent to Very Large



## Cusp 4/ Hypocone & Cusp 5

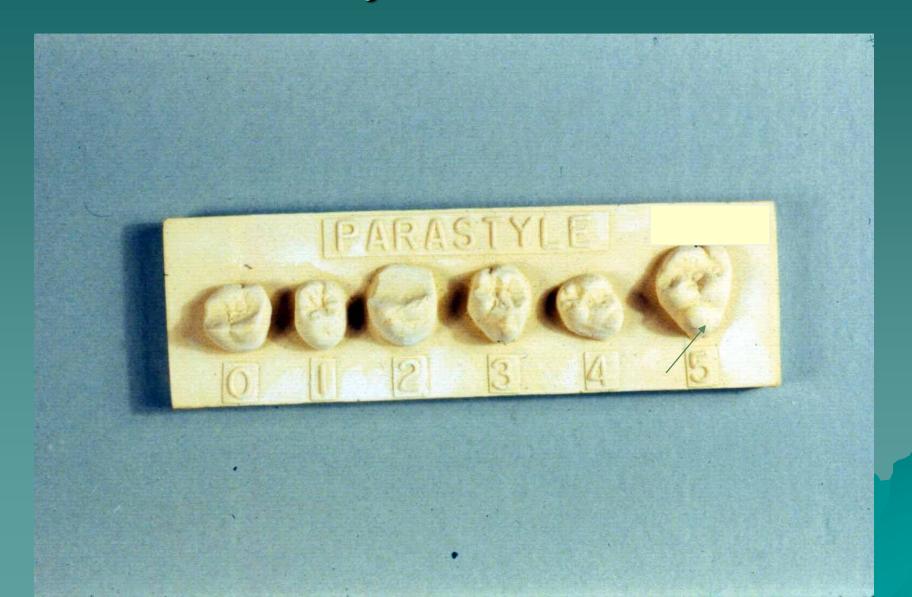


# Carabelli Cusp – ML Side



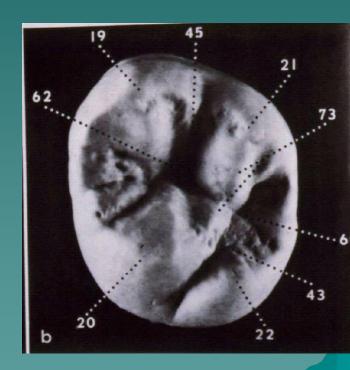


# Parastyle – MB Side



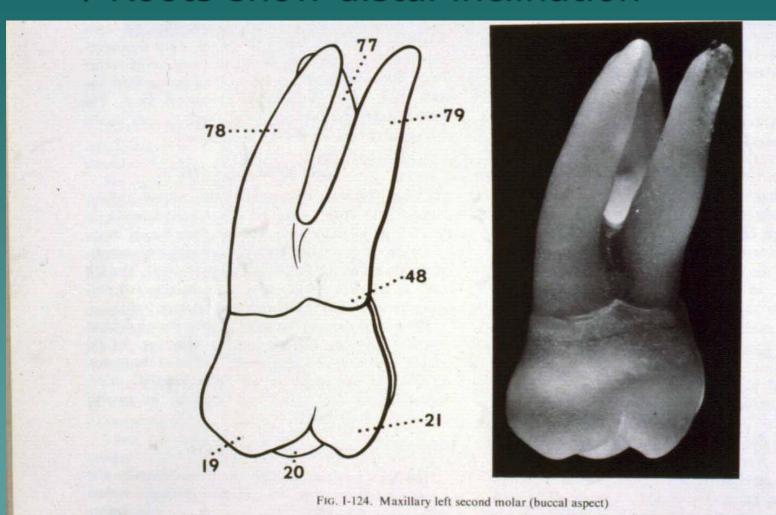
#### MX M2

- ◆ DB (21) smaller than 1<sup>st</sup>
- ◆ Talon (22) reduced in size
- Variable groove pattern
- Numerous supplementary grooves



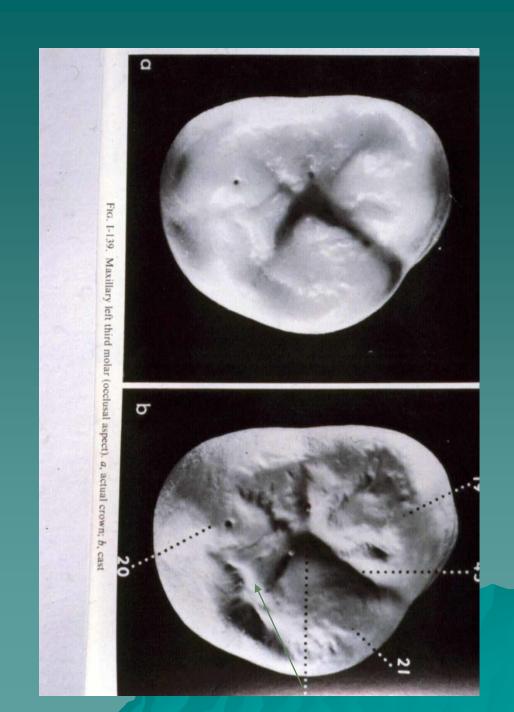
#### B View MX M2

Roots show distal inclination



#### MX M3

- DL generally absent
- DB minimal size - 21
- Groove pattern variable
- Oblique ridge small or absent (red)

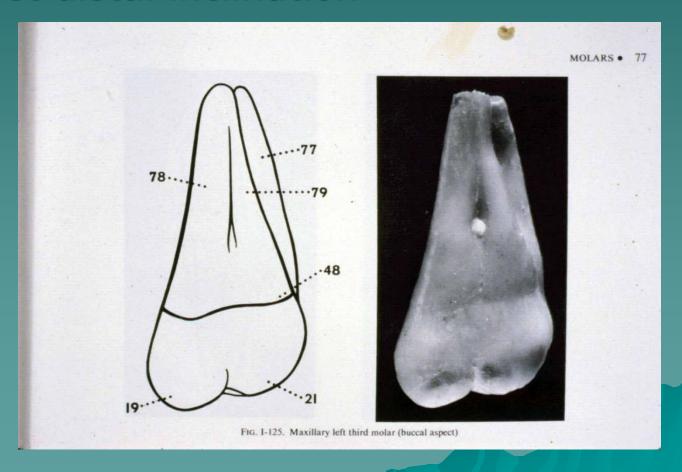


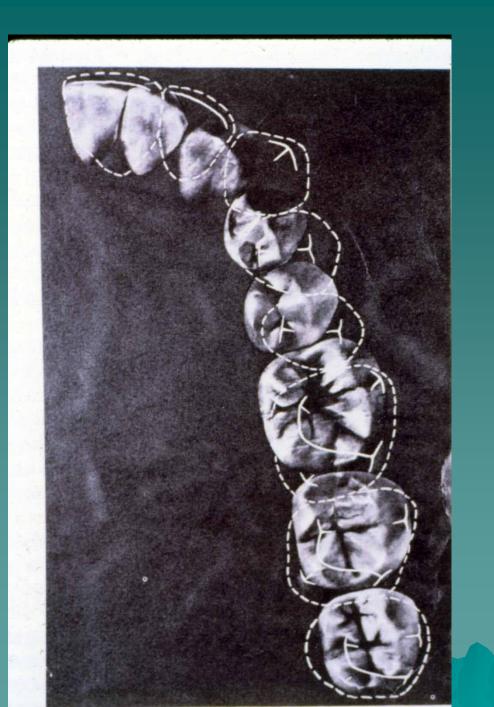
#### MX M3 B View

- Roots smallest
- Generally fused
- Most distal inclination

19=MB

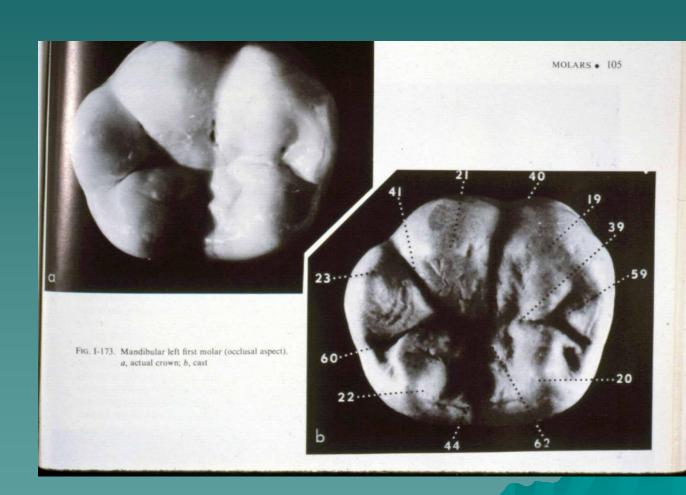
21=DB





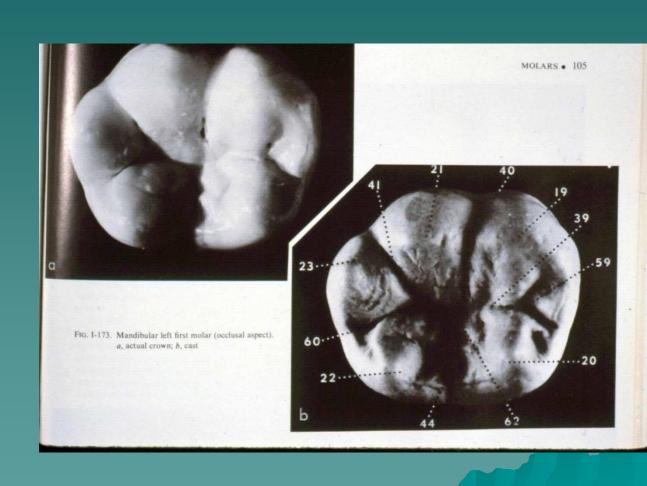
## Mn M1 Occlusal Cusps

- ◆ MB 19
- ◆ ML 20
- ◆ DB 21
- ◆ DL 22
- ◆ D 23

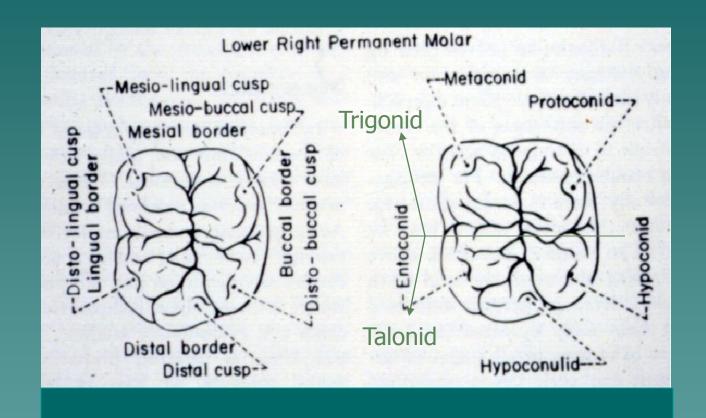


#### Mn M1 Occlusal Grooves

- ◆ Central 39
- Central pit –62
- Mesial pit –59
- MB groove40
- ◆ L groove 44
- ◆ D pit 60
- DB groove

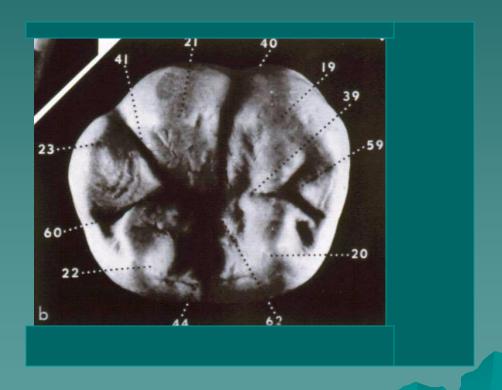


## Paleontological Terminology



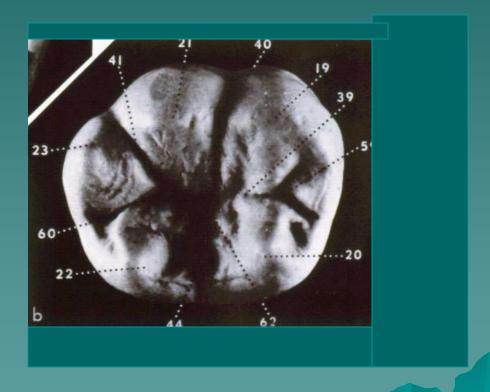
#### Mn M1 Occlusal View

- Hexagonal
- 5 cusps
- 2 L cusps biggest
- 3 fossae central, mesial, distal

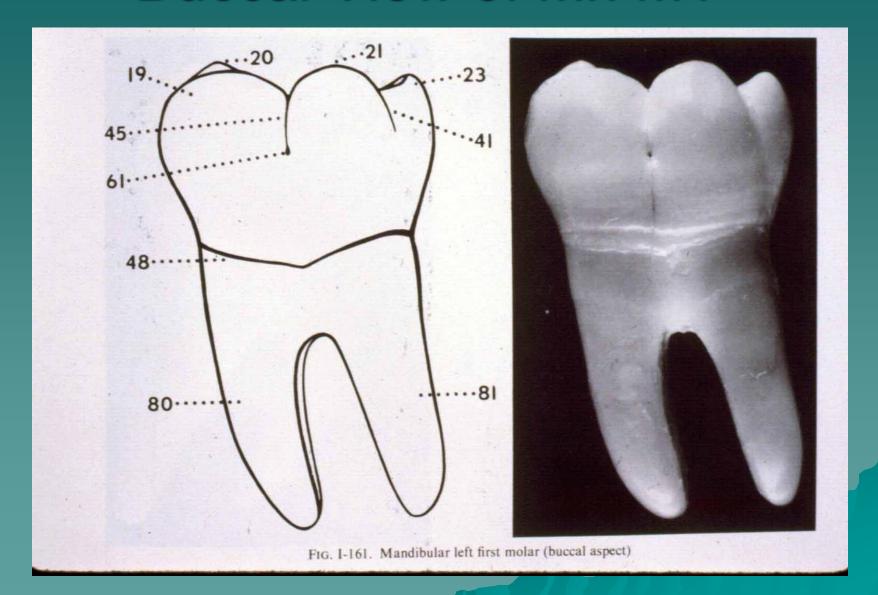


#### Man Molars – Groove Pattern

- Central groove M-D
- Intersected by L, MB and DB grooves
- DB and MB form a



#### Buccal View of Mn M1



### Lingual View MN M1

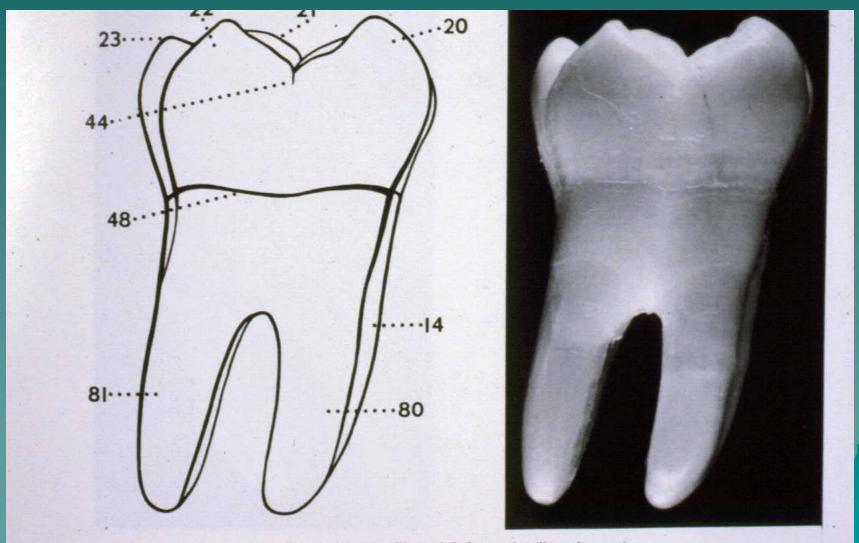
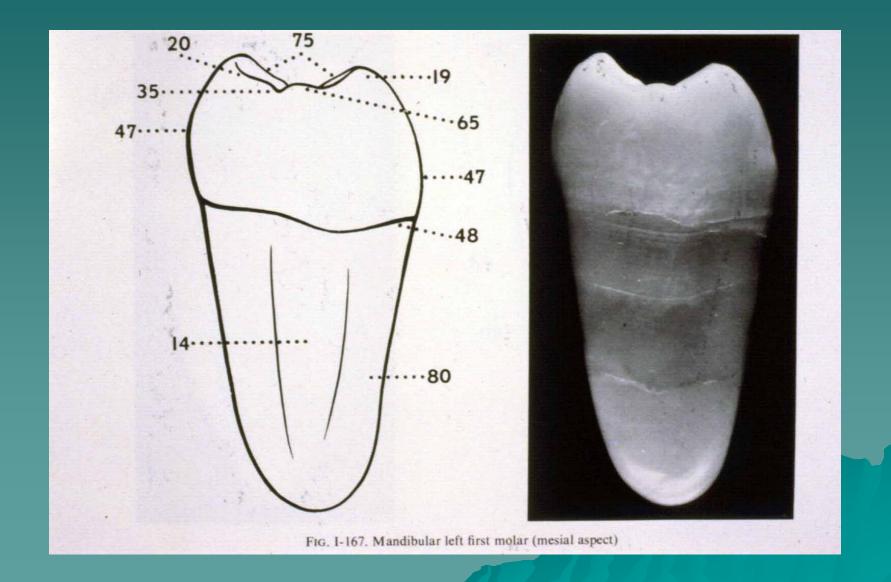
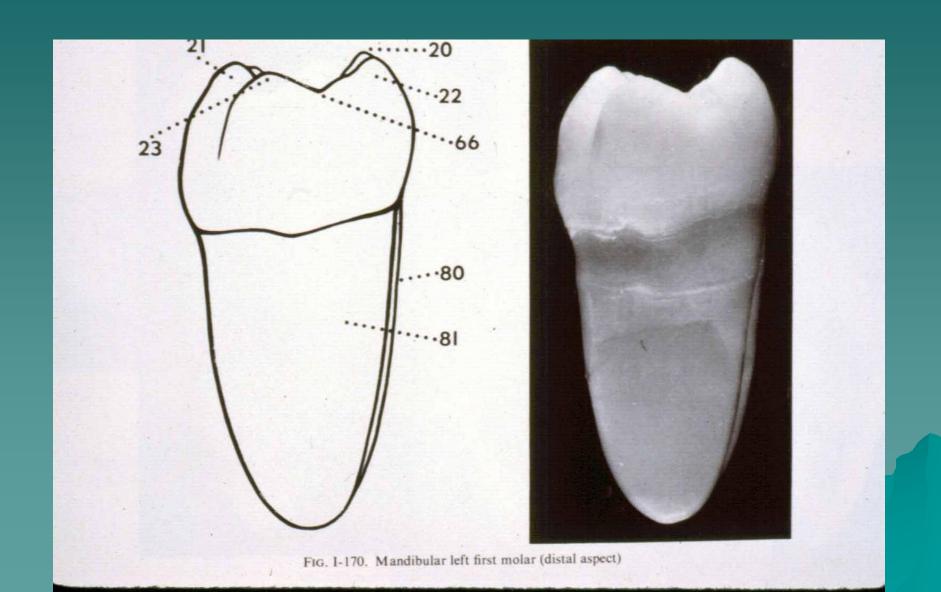


Fig. I-164. Mandibular left first molar (lingual aspect)

#### Mesial View Mn M1



#### Distal View Mn M1



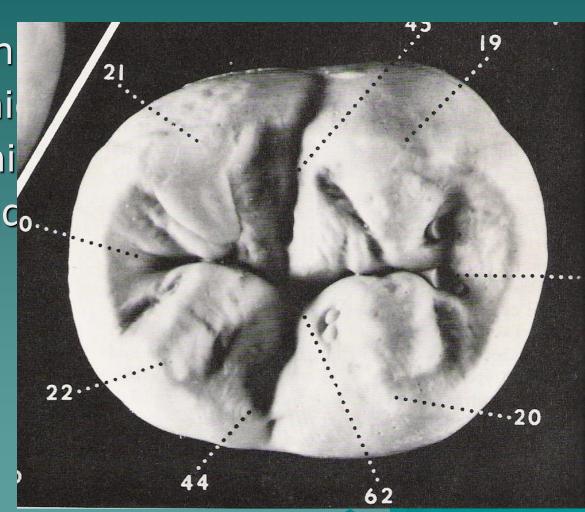
#### Man Left M2

MB 19 protocon

DB 21 hypoconi

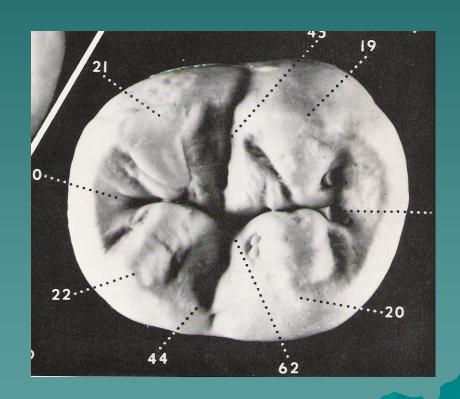
ML 20 metaconi

◆ DL 22 entoconic₀..



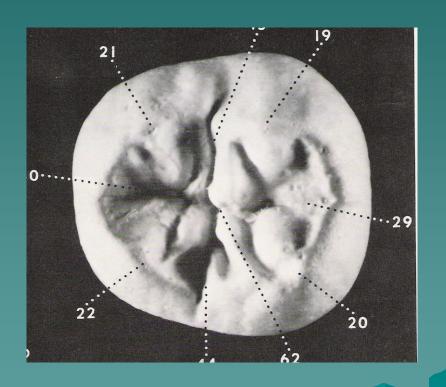
#### Mn 2<sup>nd</sup> Molar

- Rectangular
- Widest BL diameter
- Single BuccalGroove
- 4 cusps
- Grooves typical 4+ pattern
- Numerous supplemental grooves

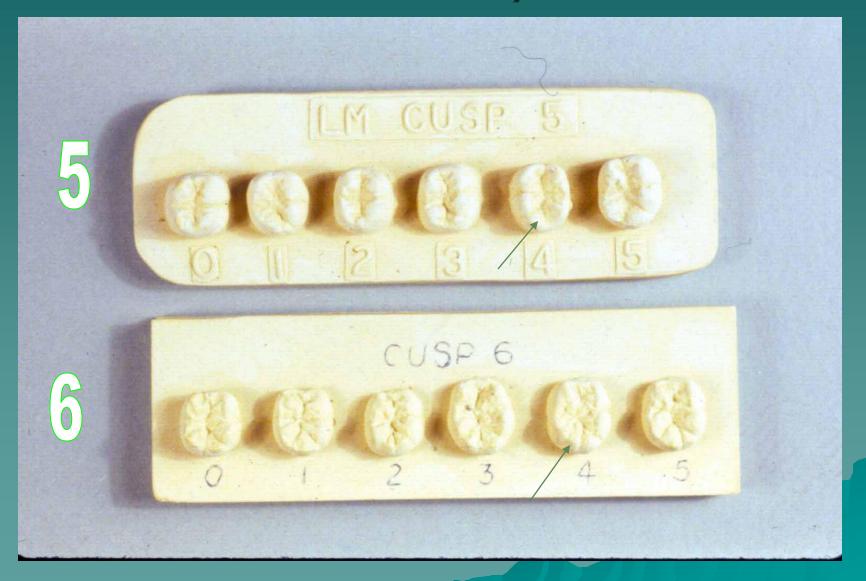


#### Mn Left 3<sup>rd</sup> Molar

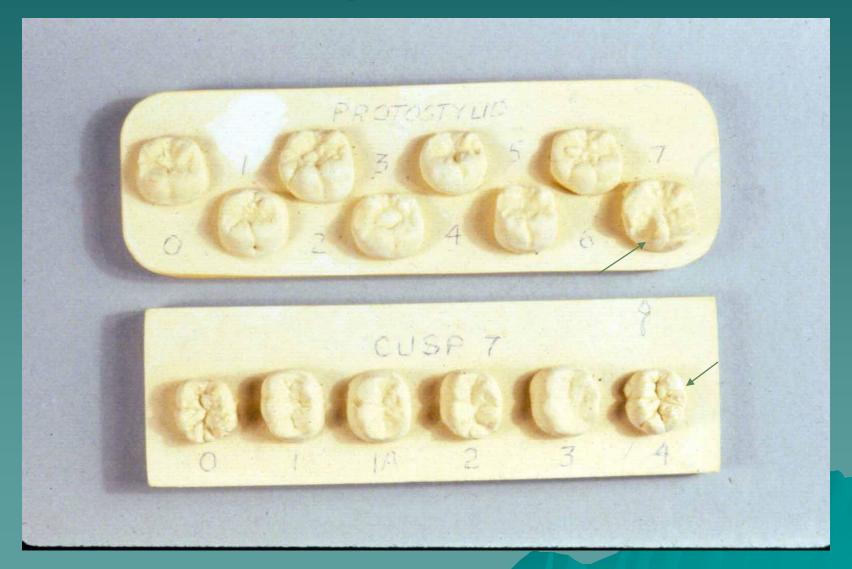
- Ovoid
- M side/Trigonid wider BL than Talonid
- 4 cusps
- Irregular groove pattern

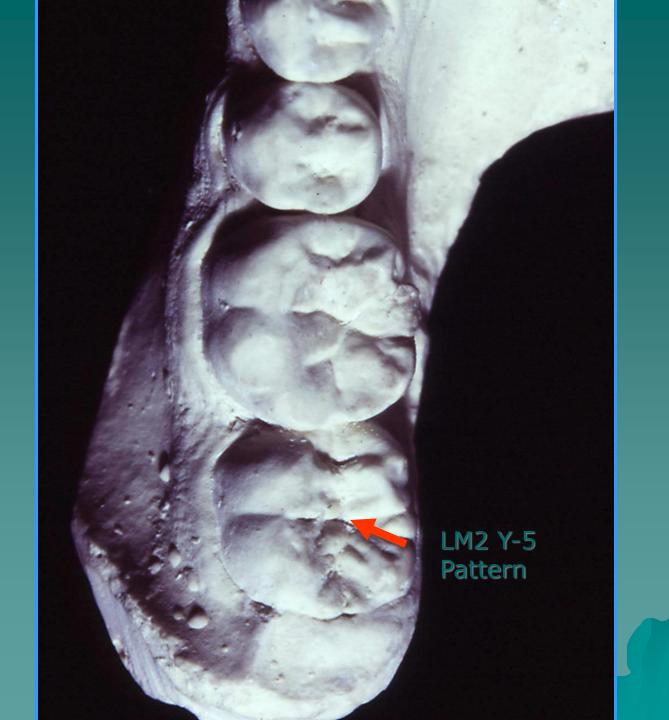


#### Mn Molars Cusps 5 & 6

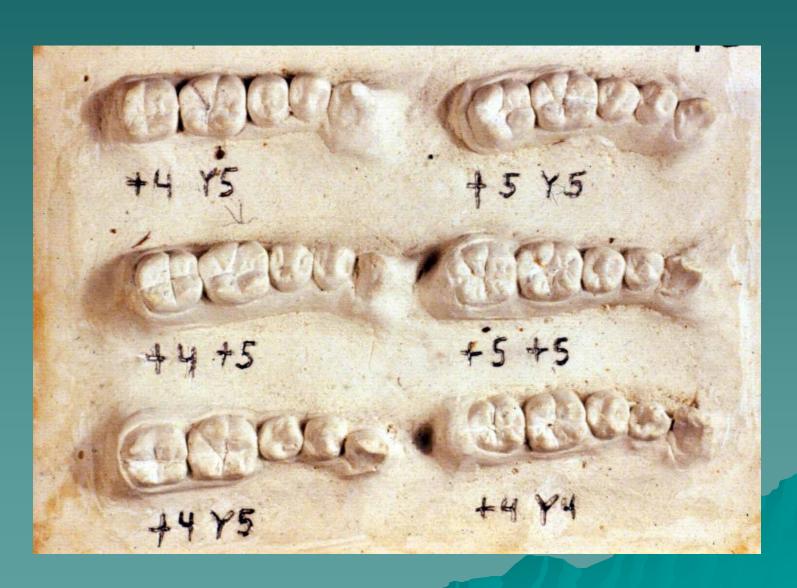


## Protostylid & Cusp 7



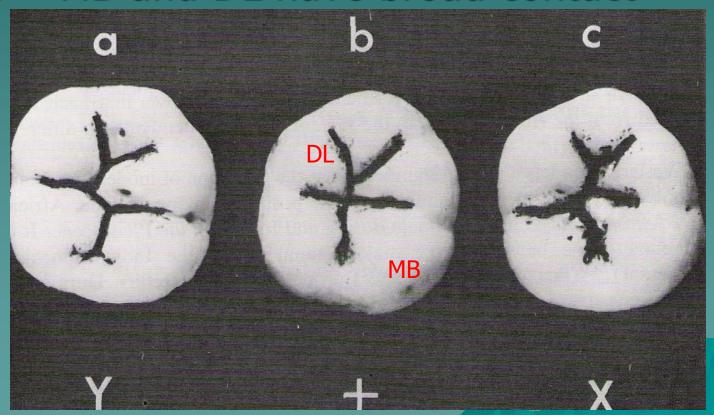


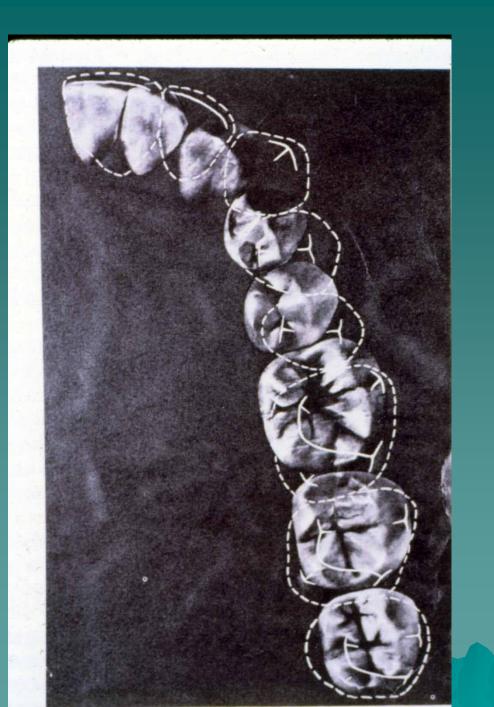
#### Grove Pattern Y, +, X



#### **Groove Pattern**

- ♦ Y = DB cusp in contact with ML cusp
- → + = MB cusp in contact with DL cusp
- → X = MB and DL have broad contact







# Primary Dentition

- 8 incisors
- 4 canines
- ♦ 8 molars





# Deciduous Maxillary Left Central Incisor

- 65 Mmarginalridge
- 66 Dmarginalridge
- 26 Lingual fossa

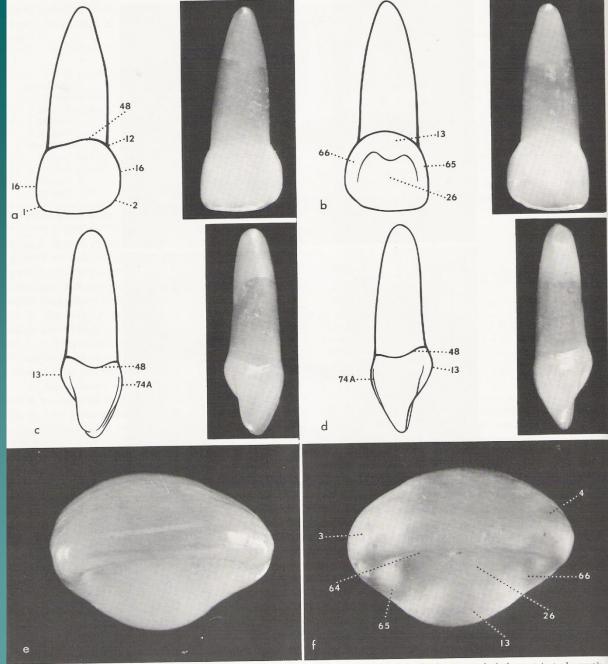


FIG. I-196. Maxillary left central incisor. a, labial aspect; b, lingual aspect, c, mesial aspect; d, distal aspect; e, incisal aspect (actual crown); f, incisal aspect (cast).

# Deciduou Maxillary Left Lateral Incisor

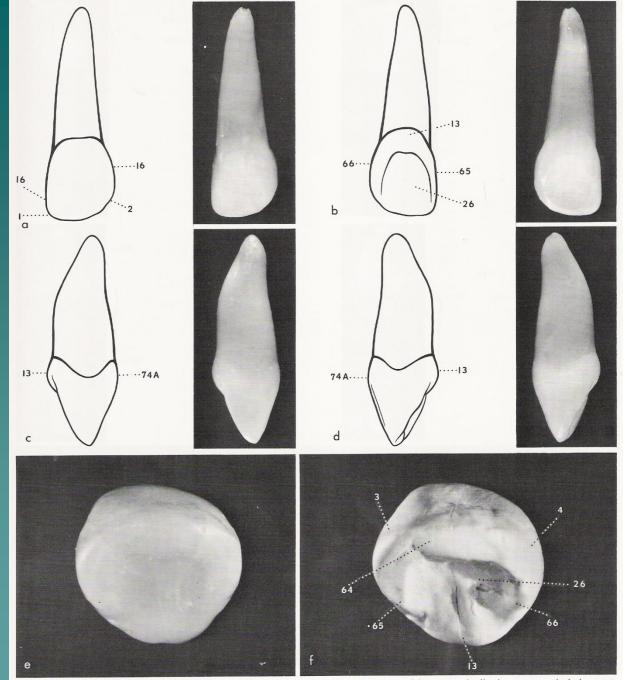


Fig. I-197. Maxillary left lateral incisor. a, labial aspect; b, lingual aspect; c, mesial aspect; d, distal aspect; e, incisal aspect (actual crown); f, incisal aspect (cast).

Deciduou Mandibula r Left Central Incisor

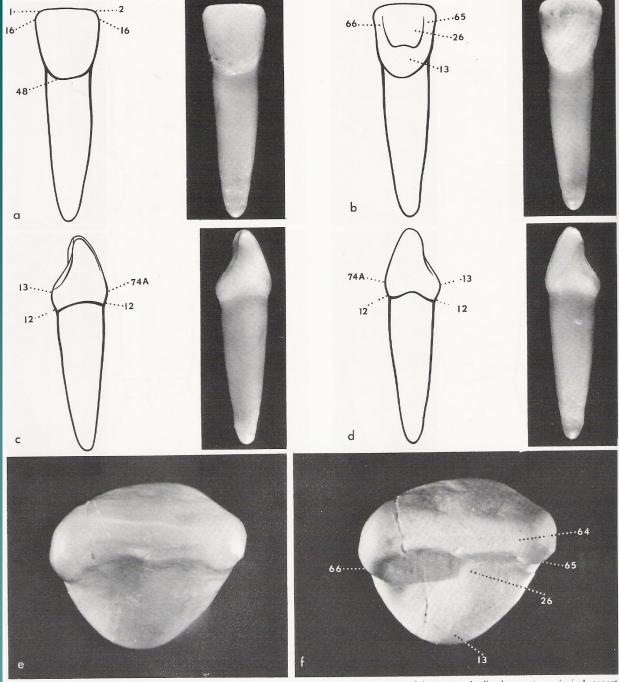


FIG. I-198. Mandibular left central incisor. a, labial aspect; b, lingual aspect; c, mesial aspect; d, distal aspect; e, incisal aspect (actual crown); f, incisal aspect (cast).

# Deciduous Mandibular Left Lateral Incisor

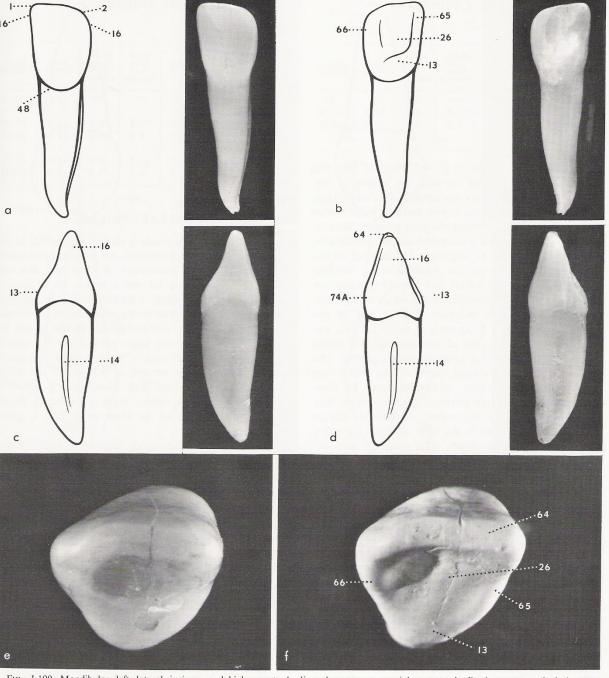
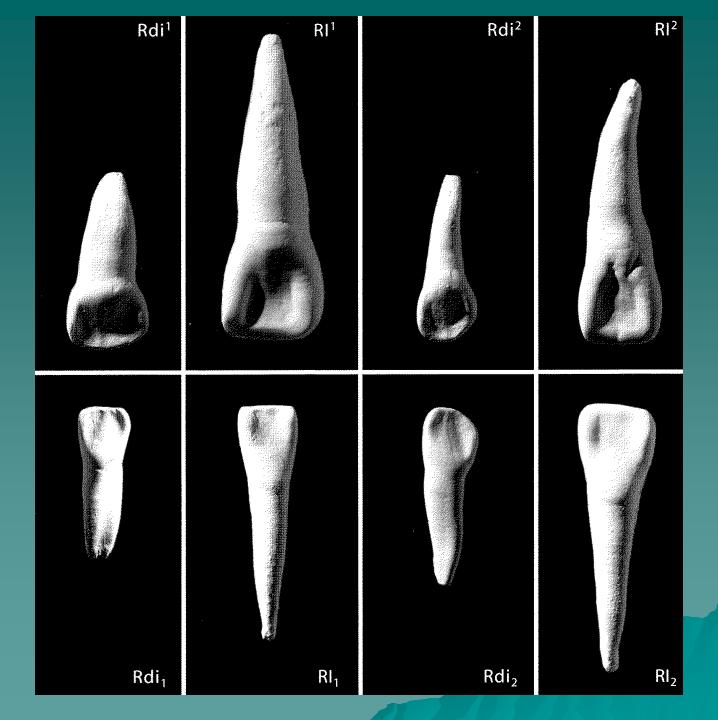


Fig. 1-199. Mandibular left lateral incisor. a, labial aspect; b, lingual aspect; c, mesial aspect; d, distal aspect; e, incisal aspect actual crown); f, incisal aspect (cast).



# Deciduous Maxillary Left Canine

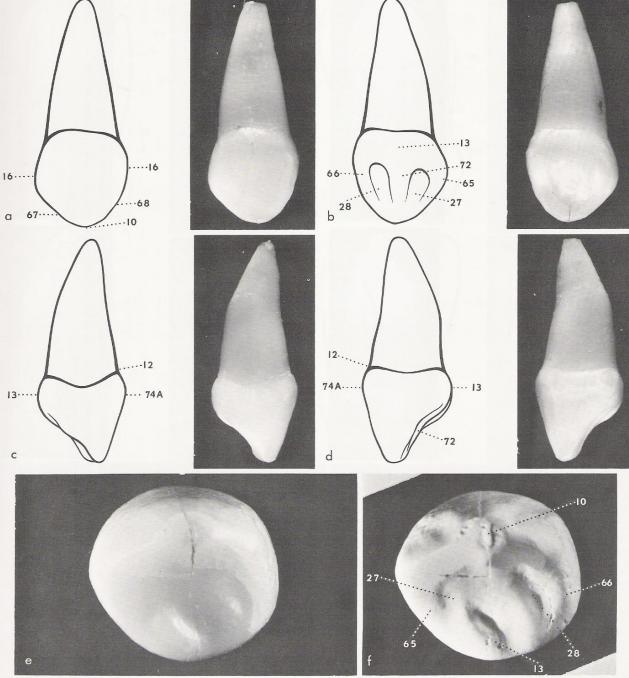


Fig. I-200. Maxillary left canine. a, labial aspect; b, lingual aspect; c, mesial aspect; d, distal aspect; e, incisal aspect (actual rown); f, incisal aspect (cast).

# Deciduous Mandibular Right Canine

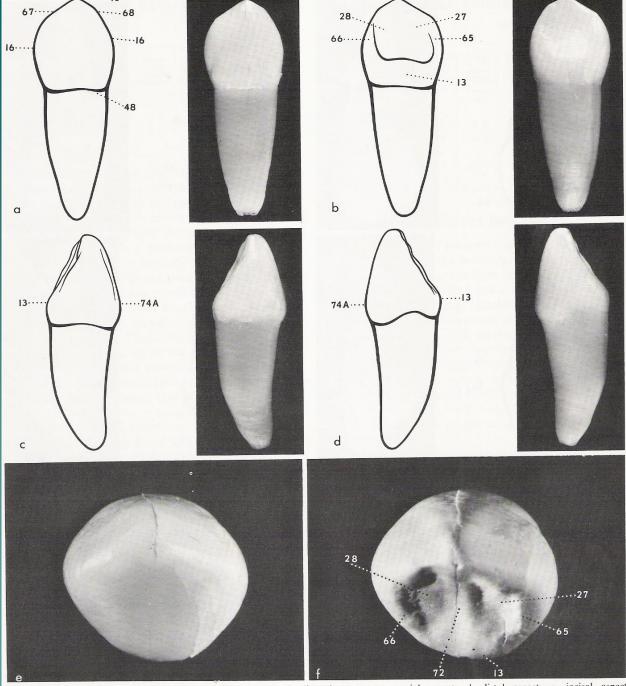
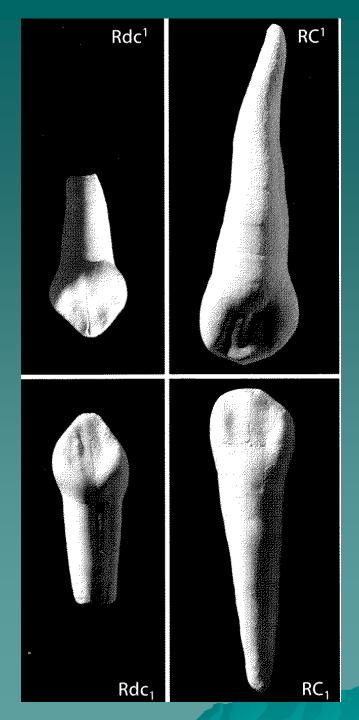
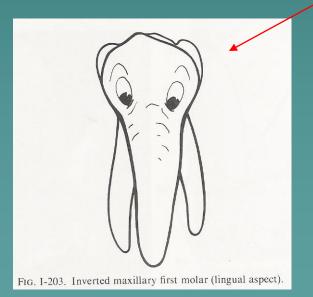


FIG. 1-201. Mandibular right canine. a, labial aspect; b, lingual aspect; c, mesial aspect; d, distal aspect; e, incisal aspect (actual crown); f, incisal aspect (cast).



# Deciduou s Maxillary Left First Molar



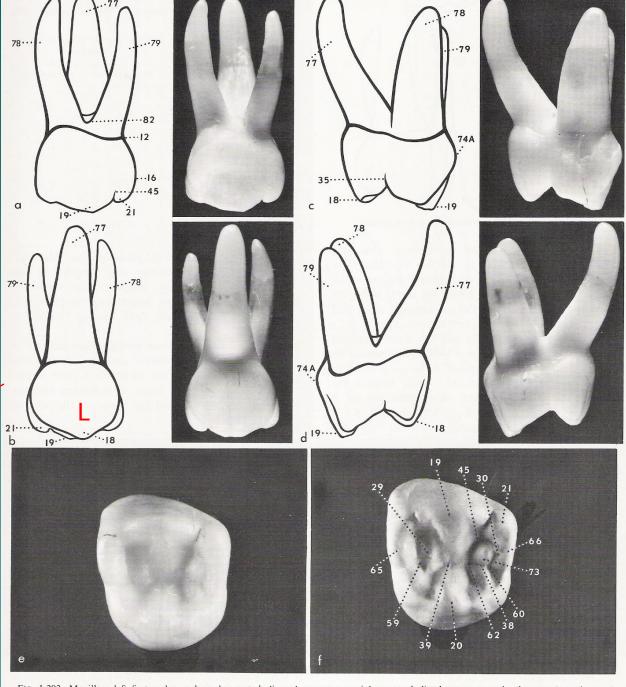


FIG. I-202. Maxillary left first molar. a, buccal aspect; b, lingual aspect; c, mesial aspect; d, distal aspect; e, occlusal aspect (actual crown); f, occlusal aspect (cast).

# Deciduou Maxillary Left Second Molar

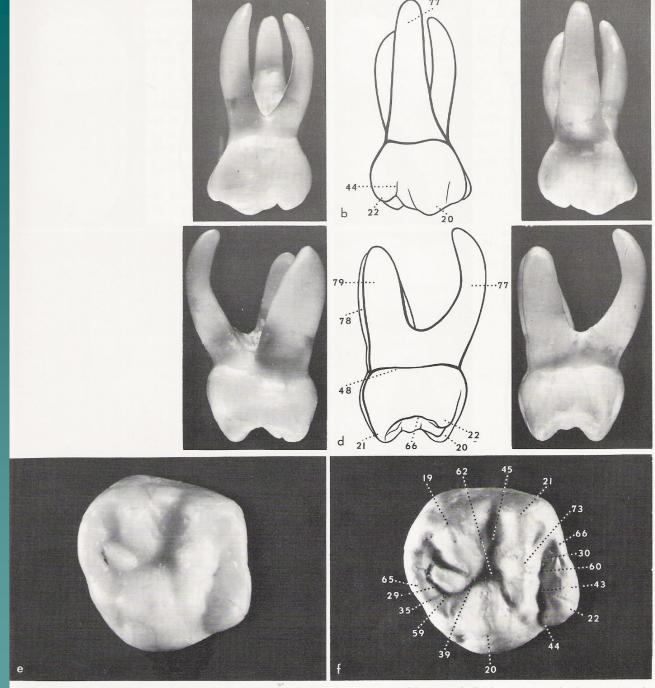


FIG. I-204. Maxillary left second molar. a, buccal aspect; b, lingual aspect; c, mesial aspect; d, distal aspect; e, occlusal aspect (actual crown); f, occlusal aspect (cast).

# Deciduous Mandibular Left First Molar

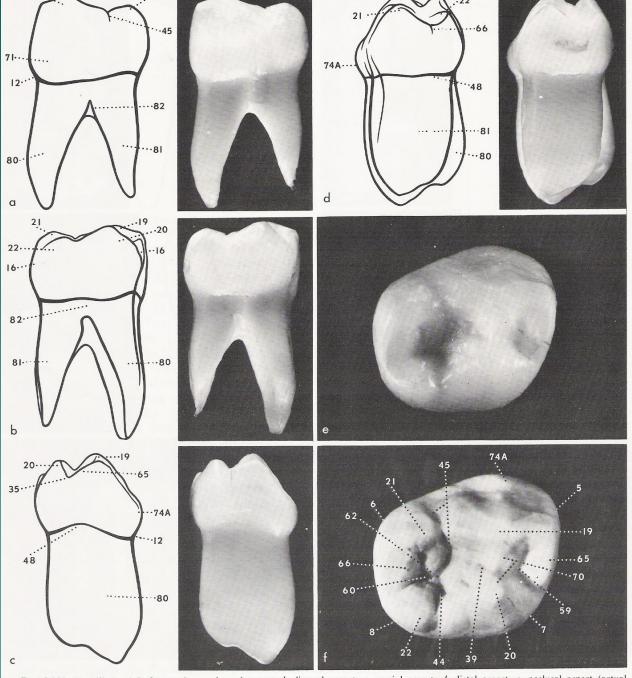


FIG. I-205. Mandibular left first molar. a, buccal aspect; b, lingual aspect; c, mesial aspect; d, distal aspect; e, occlusal aspect (actual crown); f, occlusal aspect (cast).

# Deciduous Mandibular Left Second Molar

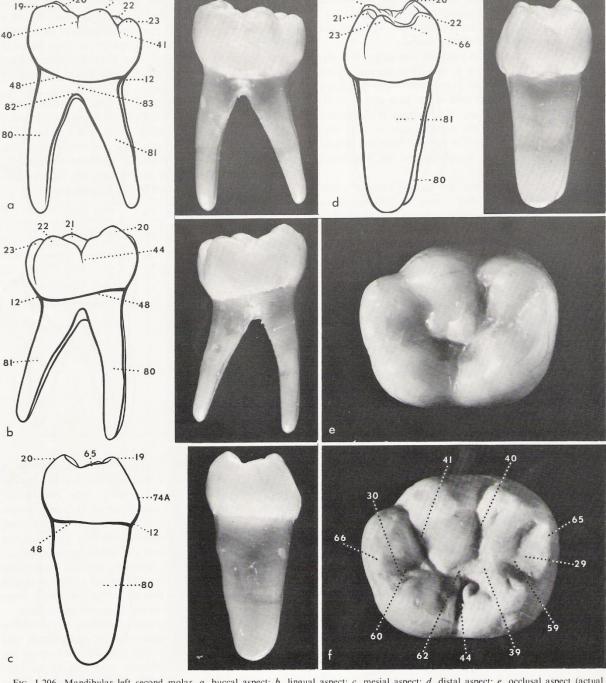


FIG. I-206. Mandibular left second molar. a, buccal aspect; b, lingual aspect; c, mesial aspect; d, distal aspect; e, occlusal aspect (actual crown); f, occlusal aspect (cast).

