FFA Poultry Career Development Event 2000 Poultry Judging Contest Arkansas State FFA Judging Contest

Contestant Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Contestant ID: \_\_\_\_\_

- 1. The per capita egg consumption is:
  - A. 100 eggs per year
  - B. 234 eggs per year
  - C. 315 eggs per year
  - D. 427 eggs per year
  - E. 519 eggs per year

2. In 1995, per capita consumption of poultry meat was:

- A. 5 lbs
- B. 25 lbs
- C. 100 lbs
- D. 200 lbs
- E. Less than in 1970
- 3. On a breeder farm, which of the following factors influence hatchability?
  - A. Shell pigment
  - B. Chick processing
  - C. Bird/ Egg fertility
  - D. Bird Management
  - E. Both C & D
- 4. Which of the following is NOT an effect of extended egg storage?
  - A. Extended incubation time
  - B. Depressed Hatchability
  - C. Depressed broiler weights
  - D. Egg shell pigment fades
  - E. None of the above
- 5. The purpose of "buggy bags" in a hatchery are to:
  - A. Maintain a local environment of higher humidity around the egg
  - B. Prevent the escape of Carbon Dioxide
  - C. Collect egg waste and or broken eggs
  - D. Transport live birds
  - E. Protect eggs from mold growth

- 6. Incubator ventilation serves which purposes?
  - A. Supply oxygen and moisture required by eggs
  - B. Remove carbon dioxide and excess heat
  - C. Prevent embryo from sticking to shell membrane
  - D. Increase K & Increase the presence of C6 H12 O6 in yolk.
  - E. A and B
- 7. Which practices are used when administrating water to baby chicks?
  - A. Provide water at room temperature immediately before chick arrival
  - B. Ensure all drinkers work properly
  - C. Distribute drinkers evenly throughout the brooding area
  - D. Maintain correct water levels
  - E. All of the above
- 8. At an average of 85% hatchability, what percentage of eggs will be infertile or contain dead chicks?
  - A. 0.15%
  - B. 15%
  - C. 25%
  - D. 30%
  - E. 100%
- 9. How much extra time would be required to incubate 8-day-old eggs with an average size of 2.4 ounces? Assume that each day's storage beyond 5 days increases incubation time by 1 hour, and each 0.1 ounce beyond 2.1 ounces increases incubation time by 30 minutes.
  - A. 9 hours, 12 minutes
  - B. 8 hours, 15 minutes
  - C. 8 hours, 9 minutes
  - D. 3 hours, 9 minutes
  - E. 4 hours, 12 minutes
- 10. A temperature of 85-90°F should be maintained during brooding, and the temperature should be reduced each week until attaining a temperature of \_\_\_\_ to \_\_\_\_°F.
  - A. 20-25°F
  - B. 90-95°F
  - C. 65-70°F
  - D. 80-85°F
  - E. 35-40°F

- 11. To minimize dehydration after transporting chicks long distances a \_\_\_\_\_\_ solution should be added to water for the first 2-3 days.
  - A. Sugar
  - B. Salt
  - C. Potassium
  - D. Highly chlorinated
  - E. Calcium

12. Prior to water vaccination dry \_\_\_\_\_\_ should be used in water lines to neutralize chlorine residue.

- A. Oyster shell
- B. Skim Milk
- C. Sodium Chloride
- D. Powered sugar
- F. Potassium chromate
- 13. Water restriction to stressed birds should not occur if the house temperature exceeds \_\_\_\_\_°F.
  - A. 25
  - B. 55
  - C. 70
  - D. 85
  - E. 105

14. Coccidiosis may be controlled in a broiler breeder house by administering:

- A. Coccidiosis eye drops
- B. Coccidiosis vaccine
- C. Potassium in the water
- D. A coccidiostat in the feed
- E. B & D
- 15. If daily average in-house temperatures are below 68°F the flock should receive an additional 2.5 kilocalories of energy per bird daily for each degree below 68°F. If the average in house temperature is 65°F how many additional kilocalories should be supplied?
  - A. 7.5
  - B. 9.5
  - C. 15
  - D. 3.75
  - E. 2.5

- 16. When collecting hatching eggs:
  - A. Belts should be run in the morning to clear any debris
  - B. Belts should be run frequently to minimize the accumulation of eggs on the belt
  - C. Belts should be run frequently to eliminate adverse egg temperatures
  - D. All of the above
  - E. None of the above
- 17. Which animals should be considered when developing a pest control program in a broiler house?
  - A. Rats
  - B. Mice
  - C. Wild Birds
  - D. Flies
  - E. All of the Above
- 18. When selecting a type of litter which characteristic does NOT need to be considered?
  - A. Availability
  - B. Scent
  - C. Economics
  - D. Freshness
  - E. Suitability
- 19. Which of the following brooding types would provide birds a central heat source and access to cooler unheated areas?
  - A. Localized
  - B. Whole house
  - C. Partial House
  - D. None of the above
  - E. All of the Above
- 20. The two most popular feeding programs used most widely today include:
  - A. A starter ration and a withdrawal ration.
  - B. A pre-starter and a grower ration.
  - C. A starter ration, a grower ration and a withdrawal ration.
  - D. A & B
  - E. A & C
- 21. To reduce downgrades at the processing plant when catching and loading broilers catch crew should:
  - A. Carry 15-20 birds per hand
  - B. Carry birds by the wings
  - C. Use red lights in the house
  - D. Catch birds in large groups to reduce bird confusion
  - E. C & D

- 22. When cleaning up a broiler house after flock removal which procedures should be followed?
  - A. Spray an insecticide immediately after birds are removed and then spray a disinfectant while the house is still wet
  - B. Bring in cats to kill any remaining mice or rats
  - C. Fumigate while building is still wet from cleaning the house
  - D. Completely bury dead from previous flock in the litter prior to new flock arrival
  - E. None of the Above
- 23. When comparing the different rations for turkey breeders differences can be seen in:
  - A. Protein requirements as the poults increase in age/size
  - B. Energy level requirements as the poults increase in age/size
  - C. Other nutrient levels as the poults increase in age/size
  - D. Nutrient and energy levels of rations for hen and toms at increasing ages and sizes
  - E. All of the above
- 24. The percentage of Grade A Large and better eggs produced by commercial egg-strain pullets should be:
  - A. 25%
  - B. 30%
  - C. 75%
  - D. 95%
  - E. 100%
- 25. Cage egg-strain pullets require 40 square inches of floor space per bird from 5 to 20 weeks of age. To house 20 pullets, which of the following cage dimensions would be appropriate?
  - A. 20 x 20 inches
  - B. 20 x 40 inches
  - C. 20 x 100 inches
  - D. 25 x 40 inches
  - E. None of the above
- 26. If egg-strain pullets are not at or near their target body weight:
  - A. They should be sold and a new flock should be started
  - B. They should be switched to a broiler diet to promote more rapid weight gain
  - C. They should remain on the same diet until reaching the prescribed age/weight range
  - D. They should not be allowed to produce eggs
  - E. None of the above

- 27. If hatchability of eggs at an altitude of 3,250 feet is 80%, and hatchability of eggs at an altitude of 8,200 feet is 60%, how many more eggs are needed at the higher altitude to produce a total of 100 chicks?
  - A. 42
  - B. 20
  - C. 125
  - D. 167
  - E. The number of eggs needed is the same
- 28. Broilers are being provided 0.35 lbs of feed per bird on feed days of a 5-2 feeding program. How many pounds of feed will each bird consume in a week?
  - A. 0.35 lbs
  - B. 1.00 lbs
  - C. 1.75 lbs
  - D. 2.00 lbs
  - E. 2.45 lbs
- 29. To prevent growth and bacteria in incubators:
  - A. Outer egg surfaces must be free from contamination
  - B. Hatch reports should be kept
  - C. Room surfaces, equipment, incubators should be clean and sterile
  - D. Hatchery supervisors should supervise all workers
  - E. A & C
- 30. Ventilation systems should ensure that air moves in the \_\_\_\_\_ direction as the eggs (that is, from setters to hatchers) to prevent cross contamination by fluff.
  - A. Constant
  - B. Same
  - C. Opposite
  - D. Airflow patterns are insignificant.
  - E. B & C

## KEY for state exam

1) b

- 2) c
- 3) e
- 4) d
- 5) a
- 6) e 7) e
- 8) b
- 9) d
- 10) c
- 11) a
- 12) b
- 13) d
- 14) e
- 15) a
- 16) d
- 17) e 18) b
- 19) a
- 20) d
- 21) c
- 22) c
- 23) e
- 24) c
- 25) b
- 26) c
- 27) a
- 28) c
- 29) e
- 30) b