

Internal modes and Radiation damping for quadratic KG in 3d

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(joint with Fabio Pusateri)

SITE talk series

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Introduction



Main result and set-up



Ingredients



Radiation



Motivation



General problem



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Dispersive equation with potential:

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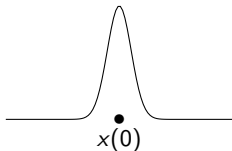
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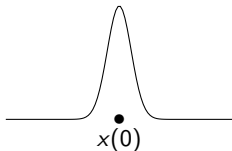
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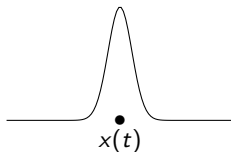
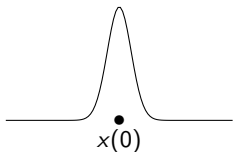
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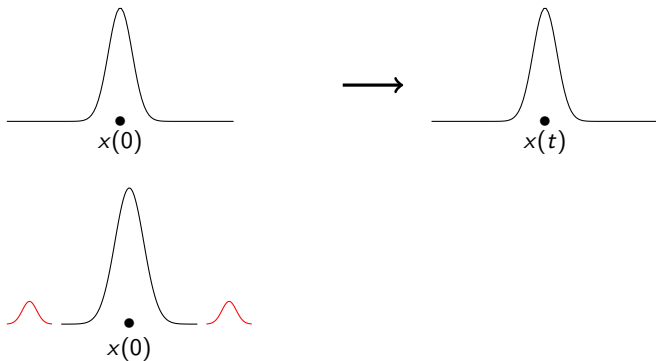
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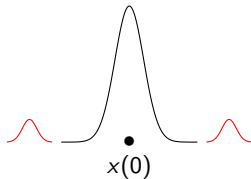
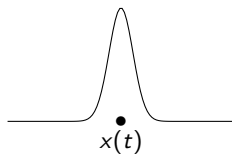
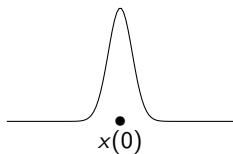
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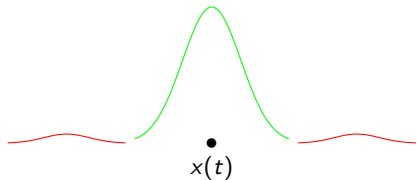
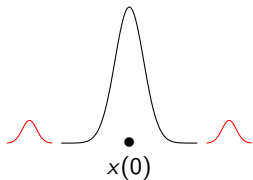
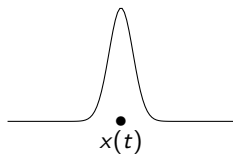
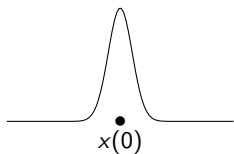
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 - ▶ Perturbative approach (L.)

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- ▶ We assume $2\lambda > m$ and a 'Fermi Golden rule'

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- ▶ More references: Sigal ('90s); Soffer-Weinstein (< '99) on quantum resonance; Tsai-Yau ('01) on NLS; Bambusi-Cuccagna ('11) for multiple i.m.; Komech-Kopylova ('12) in 1d for large powers ...

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- ▶ And how does the full nonlinear solution behave?

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$$|a(t)| \approx \varepsilon(1 + \varepsilon^2 t)^{-1/2}, \quad \|v(t)\|_{L^\infty} \approx \langle t \rangle^{-1},$$

$$\|v(t)\|_{H^N} \lesssim \varepsilon$$

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- The i.m. forces at leading order the radiation equation

- Pass to first order variables

$$A(t) := \frac{1}{2i\lambda} e^{-i\lambda t} (\dot{a} + i\lambda a), \quad w := (\partial_t + iL)v, \quad L := \sqrt{H+1},$$

$$\begin{cases} \dot{A} & = -2ie^{-it2\lambda} \overline{A(t)} \int \phi^2 \operatorname{Im} w(t) dx + O(A^2)(t) \int \phi^3 + \dots \\ \partial_t w - iLw & = e^{it2\lambda} A(t)^2 P_c(\phi^2) + \dots \end{cases}$$

- Solve for w

$$\begin{aligned} w(t) - e^{itL} w_0 &= \int_0^t e^{i(t-s)L} e^{is2\lambda} A^2(s) ds P_c(\phi^2) + \dots \\ &= ie^{it2\lambda} A^2(t) \lim_{\epsilon \rightarrow 0^+} \frac{1}{L - 2\lambda - \epsilon} P_c(\phi^2) + \dots \\ &= e^{it2\lambda} A^2(t) \delta(L - 2\lambda) P_c(\phi^2) + \dots \end{aligned}$$

- Plug-in the first equation ...

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- ▶ To separate these dynamics from remainders need non-trivial bounds, e.g.

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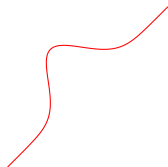
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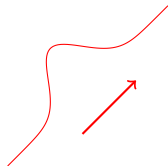
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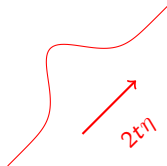
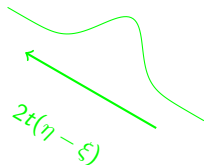
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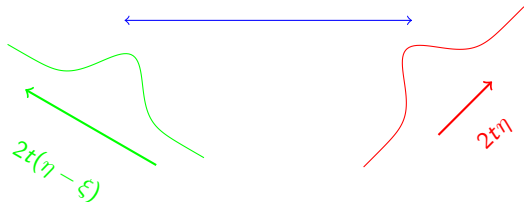
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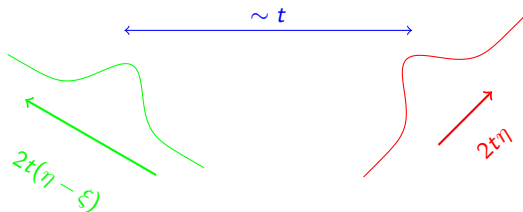
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(Weyl-Kodaira-Titchmarsh, Ikebe, Alsholm-Schmidt, Agmon ...)

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$d = 1$: Deift-Trubowitz ('80s), Weder (\sim '00) ...

$d \geq 2$: Agmon, Kato, Kuroda (- '80s), Yajima ('90s), Weder ('03), Beceanu-Schlag ('10s) ...

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For $V \neq 0$ do not have frequencies can interact more freely.

Nonlinear Spectral Distribution (NSD) and oscillations

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- ▶ Results of this type in Germain-Hani-Walsh '15 for $i\partial_t u + \Delta u + Vu = \bar{u}^2$.

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- ▶ Idea: Introduce a decomposition of the spectral measure μ depending on whether we are close or not to the singularity of the kernel, then prove multilinear lemmas for each piece.

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$$(\partial_t - iL)w \approx a^2(t)P_c(\phi^2) + w^2, \quad L = \sqrt{H+1}$$

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- Key new difficulty: Dealing with discrete-continuous interactions.

Final comments

- ▶ We are able to deal with an internal mode for quadratic KG in 3d and show that radiation damping still occurs by:
 - ▶ Separating damping dynamics from the rest in the ODE for i.m.
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- ▶ More general take away:
Can do robust nonlinear Fourier analysis in the presence of a potential.
- ▶ In $d = 1$ there has been a lot of recent activity on related problems of PDEs with potentials and low powers, and the stability of solitons / kinks
 - ▶ NLS: Germain-P.-Rousset, Naumkin, Delort, Chen-P., Chen ...
 - ▶ ϕ^4 and 1d field theories: Kowalczyk-Martel-Munoz, KMM-Van de Bosch, Delort-Masmoudi (i.m. control up to ε^{-4}) ...
 - ▶ KG / Sine-G: Lindblad-Luhrmann-Soffer, Germain-P., L-L-S-Schalg, Luhrmann-Schlag ...

Thank You for your attention!